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VOL. 42.—NO. 152. ST. LOUIS, FRIDAY EVENING, MARCH 27. 1891. PRICE, FIVE CENTS. BY CARRIER, FIFTEEN CENTS A WEEK.

MOLE ST. NICHOLAS.

Admiral Gherardi's Mission to Hayti Ends in Failure.

THE BLACK REPUBLIC'S PRICE FOR THE COALING STATION.

The United States Asked to Assume a Protectorate Over the Island—Street Commissioner Murphy's Tour of Eastern Cities—Department Matters—National Capital Notes.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 27.—Private advices indicate that Admiral Gherardi has failed in his mission to secure Mole St. Nicholas, Hayti, as a naval coaling station. It is a deep disappointment to him, for he has managed his part of the negotiations admirably. Before his departure for the West Indies Admiral Gherardi received full instructions from Secretary Blaine as to the course he should pursue in the matter. He was clothed with a good deal of authority which properly belonged to our Minister to Hayti. This was due primarily to his familiarity with the subject but particularly because of a lack of confidence in the ability of Minister Douglass. It has been intimated that Admiral Gherardi was interfering with the negotiations of the Minister in this matter, but it should also be stated that he is not exceeding his instruction given him by his superior officers in Washington. The inability of Minister Douglass to speak the French language and the fact that he is largely at the mercy of his secretary (who was the Minister at the same post under a former administration and who failed in this affair before) are thought to be the principal reasons for transferring the negotiations to Rear Admiral Gherardi, But from all accounts his efforts have not yet been productive of any satisfactory results. The quid pro quo demanded by the Haytien Government for Mole St. Nicholas is greater than the instructions to Rear Admiral Gherardi will permit him to accept. Hayti, in short, wants the United States to assume a protectorate over the island. This the Admiral cannot agree to, and a further correspondence with the State Department must follow before any conclusion is reached.

The Philadelphia left Port au Prince on the 14th for Jamaica, where she will coal, and thence proceed to Port Antonio and Havana. She will return to Port au Prince early in April, when Gherardi expects further instructions from the State Department regarding the coaling station.

MURPHY'S TOUR.

THE ST. LOUIS STREET COMMISSIONER AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 27.—Street Commissioner Murphy of St. Louis, who is visiting some of the Eastern cities with the view of obtaining new facts and statistics for his forthcoming annual report, returned from Philadelphia this morning. His examination of the streets of Washington has been thorough and complete and their condition and the care bestowed on them has excited his admiration. He claims that St. Louis has more paved streets and driveways than any other city in the Union. He has seen nothing during his present official tour to convince him that any other streets anywhere are better constructed or kept cleaner than those of St. Louis. During his stay in Washington he has been congratulated on all sides by the Federal and Municipal officials upon the splendid work of his department on the occasion of Gen. Sherman's funeral. It is on record here in the office of Gen. Schofield that the route over which the funeral cortege passed was seven and one-third miles, a longer distance than was ever traversed by any military funeral in the United States. The splendid condition of the streets from the center of the city to Calvary Cemetery was a surprise to the officials who participated in the funeral obsequies. Commissioner Murphy will go to Columbus, O., to-day and will be home on Monday morning.

SUPREME COURT.

YESTERDAY'S PROCEEDINGS—LIST OF CASES PASSED UPON.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 27.—The following proceedings took place in the United States Supreme Court yesterday:

Present—The Chief Justice and all the Associate Justices.

No. 264.—The Wiggins Ferry Co., appellant, vs. the Ohio & Mississippi Railway Co. et al.; continued per stipulation of counsel.

No. 62. The Selma, Rome & Dalton Railroad Co., appellant, vs. the United States; argument continued by Mr. Assistant Attorney General Cotton for the appellee, and concluded by Mr. George A. King for the appellant, and leave granted counsel to file supplemented briefs.

No. 254. The Union Mutual Life Insurance Company, appellants, vs. P. C. Hanford et al.; argued by Mr. Walter H. Smith for appellees, and submitted by Mr. P. S. Grosscup for appellant.

No. 260. Warren Leland, Jr., plaintiff in error, vs. the Central National Bank of the City of New York.

No. 261. Warren Leland, Jr., appellant, vs. the Central National Bank of the City of New York; argued by Mr. John Linn, of counsel for the defendant in error and appellee, and judgment in No. 260 affirmed with costs and interest, and decree in No. 261 affirmed with costs.

No. 265. Thomas Dolan, appellant, vs. Abraham G. Jennings.

No. 266. Henry R. Kibbe et al., appellant, vs. Abraham G. Jennings; question of jurisdiction argued by Mr. John R. Bennett, for appellants, and Mr. A. V. Brisen, for appellees.

No. 267. Anna M. Carpenter, plaintiff in error, vs. Maria E. Strange et al., argued by Mr. Henry Wise Garnett, for the plaintiff in error, and Mr. W. Hallett Philips, for defendants in error to file additional brief, and counsel for plaintiff in error to file a brief in reply thereto.

No. 268. William J. Wilson, plaintiff in error, vs. William S. Everett; argued by Mr. R. T. McNeal for the defendant in error and submitted by Mr. T. Patterson and C. S. Thomas for plaintiff in error.

Adjourned until Monday next at 12 o'clock.

The day call for Monday, March 30, will be as follows: Nos. 269 and 270, 271 (and 272, 273 and 274), 880, 1441, 4, 275, 276, 277, 278 and 279.

DEPARTMENT MATTERS.

FOURTH-CLASS POSTMASERS APPOINTED FOR MISSOURI AND ILLINOIS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 27.—Fourth-class postmasters were yesterday appointed as follows:

ILLINOIS.

Eylar, Livingston County, O. P. Noel, vice J. W. Tanner, resigned.

Henderson, Knox County, W. A. Randall, vice F. H. Sears, resigned.

Madison, Madison County, G. E. Condy, vice W. Champion, resigned.

Tyron's Grove, McHenry County, H. Wickham, vice A. Lumley, resigned.

MISSOURI.

Eight Mile, Cass County, J. L. Byler, vice J. W. Kirk, resigned.

Flag Springs, Andrew County, J. A. Shores, vice W. S. Walker, resigned.

Lucas, Henry County, J. G. McDonald, vice C. H. McDonald, deceased.

North, Henry County, J. M. Lemon, vice M. Reems, resigned.

Oliver, Dallas County, A. Highfield, vice J. M. Wollard, resigned.

Parshley, Jasper County, E. S. Grieb, vice E. S. Parshley, name changed by marriage.

Price, St. Louis County, H. Arends, vice C. Robyn, resigned.

Waco, Jasper County, Ida Joslyn, vice, G. Haven, resigned.

SEARS' SUCCESSOR.

The President has directed the appointment of J. C. Quinn of California, as Collector of Internal Revenue for the First District of California (San Francisco) in place of W. H. Sears, deceased.

WINE SHIPMENTS.

Assistant Secretary Spalding has decided that permission cannot be accorded to parties to transport from place to place shipments of imported wines contained in the original stamped package enclosed within an outer cask upon which the stamp is not visible, as such permission is inconsistent with the obvious intent and purpose of the law requiring stamps to be affixed.

OFFERS OF SILVER.

Offerings of silver for sale to the Treasury Department to-day amounted to 339,000 ounces, of which 115,000 ounces were purchased as follows: Fifty thousand ounces at 98.1 cents; 65,000 at 98¼ cents. Purchases of silver at local mints during the current month to date amount to 319,411 ounces. The director of the mint to-day announced that the Treasury Department having purchased the full amount of silver authorized by law no further purchases will be made until Wednesday, April 1.

PENSION EXAMINER RESIGNS.

The resignation of Dr. F. B. Bradshaw, Pension Examiner at Freeport, Ill., has been received by Commissioner Raum, and Dr. J. F. Fair of the same city, has been appointed in his place.

CAPITAL NOTES.

TREATY MATTERS—A QUAY JOB—BACK TAXES—GOSSIP.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 27.—When the arbitration agreement was made between the countries represented by the Pan-American Congress in this city last winter copies of the treaty were sent to the different countries of Europe, and if any action has been taken by the Swiss Government on any treaty with this country, as reported in the press dispatches, it was probably that Pan-American treaty, and not the old arbitration treaty, which was considered by Switzerland and this country some eight years ago.

ANOTHER QUAY JOB.

The position of stenographer and type-writer created by the Indian appropriation bill was intended for a young Florida friend of Senator Quay, but as the office comes under the civil service law, a fact overlooked by the Senator, his friend will not get it after all. The salary is $1,400 a year.

MISSOURI'S BACK TAX.

Representative Heard expresses himself as well-pleased at the disposition to be made by Missouri of her portion of the back tax. Heard is a graduate of the State University at Columbia.

CASEY'S MURDERERS.

Gen. Miles has been ordered to deliver to the civil authorities of Sioux Falls, S. D., the Indian Chief Tasunkeote, who is accused of having killed Lieut. Casey at Pine Ridge Agency.

WEST POINT CADETS.

The following appointments to the Military Academy from Missouri and Illinois have been made: J. H. Lamath, Roanoke, Mo.; C. M. Chapman, Chillicothe, Mo., and G. D. Pogue, Jerseyville, Ill.

TREASURER HUSTON.

Treasurer Huston has gone home on a short visit. His resignation has not been accepted yet by the President.

THROUGH SNOW TO BLAINE.

The President walked out in the snowstorm this morning to call on Secretary Blaine. They were together nearly an hour and the President returned to the White House just in time to attend the regular Cabinet meeting.

CARRIED AWAY $2,000,000.

Outcome of the Attempt to Settle the Estate of Banker Bowen.

CHICAGO, Ill., March 27.—A special dispatch from Delphi, Ind., says: A little over one year ago Abner H. Bowen died at his home in this city leaving a fortune mostly in personal property of $5,000,000. He had scarcely been buried when the officials of this county moved on his estate to collect back taxes on property that had been hidden from the assessors, and the series of rows it raised would fill a large book. The elder Bowen, although possessed of millions, listed for taxes only a few thousands, but so great was his power that no man made a move during his life time to compel him to pay taxes on all the property he owned. The Bowen heirs failed to agree among themselves upon an administrator and the court appointed the County Treasurer under the statute to act in that capacity. The heirs fought his appointment as being inimical to the interests of the estate and took the matter to the Supreme Court, but the higher court decided against them.

The heirs kept up the fight until Wednesday when the attorneys for the county filed a statement with the auditor asking that personal property to the value of over $2,000,000 be placed upon the tax duplicate against the estate of Abner H. Bowen. This demoralized them. They secretly commenced to pack up their possessions. Trunks, valises, satchels and boxes were brought into requisition and in them were stored notes, mortgages, bonds and stocks. With these in their possession the heirs departed on the midnight train and the widow is now in Urbana, Ill. Edward Bowen is in Chicago and A. T. Bowen and Etta Bowen are on their way to Philadelphia. All have given up their residence in Indiana, except Nathaniel Bowen, who retains the estate.

It is estimated that the value of the property carried away is in the neighborhood of $2,000,000. When the announcement of the retreat of the heirs was made yesterday no one appeared more surprised than their attorneys, who declare that they are non-residents. The bank in this city, owned and operated by the family, is in the hands of an assistant cashier and is meeting all obligations, many depositors having withdrawn their money. It is anticipated that when the news is generally circulated in the country a run will be made upon the institution.

ROBERTSON'S MILLIONS.

The Scheme of a Notorious Woman to Get Control of the Estate.

NEW YORK, March 27.—The *Herald* this morning publishes in detail the story already published in brief of the attempt of a notorious woman to secure the estate of the late millionaire leather merchant, Loring A. Robertson by posing as his widow. Her plot was frustrated, the *Herald* declares, by one of its reporters, who recognized the alleged widow as a frequenter of houses of ill-fame and investigated her history. The result was that she was forced to abandon her plan of contesting Robertson's will. She called herself Helen Brewer, but her real name is Cassie Brooks, or Connors, the latter being the name of her present "protector," a variety actor. The *Herald* states, however, that there really was a Helen Brewer, who was a close friend of Robertson's. She is now living in Northern New York under an assumed name among strangers. She is broken in health and spirits and has no ambition to imitate the bogus widow. But the fact of the existence of a real Helen Brewer suggests the inquiry, "Who put Cassie Brooks up to the idea of attempting to secure Robertson's millions by posing as Helen Brewer, who possibly might claim a marriage under New York laws?" The *Herald* thinks it is on the track of this arch-conspirator, for whom Cassie was only a tool, and that it will shortly be able to expose his identity.

A Harness Thief Captured.

Some time last night a set of buggy harness was stolen from the livery stable of Furlong & Kelly, 3217 Easton avenue. This morning Officers Kavanaugh and Cabin of the Third District found a negro named John Reed endeavoring to dispose of the harness in a Franklin avenue shop. A warrant for petit larceny has been issued against the prisoner.

The Rev. Dr. Crosby.

NEW YORK, March 27.—The Rev. Dr. Crosby, according to his physicians, spent a bad night, but was a little better this morning. He is still considered to be in a critical condition.

THREE LIVES LOST

By the Burning of a Boarding-House at Austin, Pa.

THE FATAL RESULT OF TREADING ON A PARLOR MATCH.

An Officer's Story of the Loss of the Steamer Strathairly and the Attempts to Save Her Crew—Panic in a Church—A Scow Capsized—The Day's Casualty Record.

AUSTIN, Pa., March 27.—Three lives were lost at a boarding-house fire here this morning, the victims being Lizzie McGarick, a domestic; Jack McCarthy, a boarder, and a transient lodger, who was not registered and whose name is not known. The fire started some time during the night and had made big headway before it was discovered. The house is known as the Commercial Hotel and was well filled with guests and help at the time. The greatest excitement prevailed and for a time it was thought that a dozen or more people had lost their lives, but all of the missing afterwards turned up except the three mentioned above. The boarders who escaped lost their trunks and all their clothing except what they had on or could snatch up as they hurried out of their rooms. The building was almost entirely destroyed, causing a loss of $5,000. The adjoining property was also considerably damaged. The origin of the fire is a mystery.

STEPPED ON A PARLOR MATCH.

NEW YORK, March 27.—Mrs. O. Orickson, who lives in the tenement, No. 30, Fourth place, Brooklyn, stepped on a parlor match upon the floor this morning and, as a result, she is now in the Seney Hospital at the point of death. As soon as the match exploded the flame ignited her skirts and in an instant she was a mass of flames. The unfortunate woman ran screaming in the hall where a strong draught was blowing. Before assistance could reach her, her clothing was nearly burned from her body. Ambulance Surgeon DeForest came in response to a call. He found the woman was horribly burned from head to foot. The explosion of the match set fire to the furniture. The flames, however, were extinguished before much damage was done.

A DISASTROUS FIRE.

REAMSVILLE, Ontario, March 27, 1 a. m.—What promises to be a disastrous fire is raging here. The extensive saw mill, planing mill, foundry and agricultural implements works belonging to C. Russ, Son & Co., are almost completely consumed, and other surrounding buildings are threatened. Much lumber and stock go with the buildings. The loss is already in the neighborhood of $80,000, with light insurance.

LOSS OF THE STRAITHAIRLY.

THE STORY TOLD BY THE OFFICER OF THE LIFE-SAVING SERVICE.

NORFOLK, Va., March 27.—The following graphic story of the loss of the Strathairly is told by Lieut. Failing of the life-saving service who was at the scene. As soon as the Strathairly struck, the Captain, engineer and chief officer took refuge aft, but the second or third sea that rushed over the steamer carried them away. Other members of the crew took to the forward rigging. All day efforts were made to get a line to the wreck, but failed. About 5 p. m., the men realizing that their only chance for life was to jump overboard prepared for the struggle. It was a thrilling scene on that barren coast. On the sands were 100 fisher-folks and the members of two life-saving crews. Clinging to the wreck were seventeen men. Each one could be seen divesting himself of wearing apparel—they were preparing to fight with death. Soon the naked figures stood up—naked save for the life belt. They hesitated a minute, then at a signal jumped into the boiling waters. A hundred men on shore rushed into the surf as far as they dared and met the oncoming waves that were burdened with human freight. It was all over in a minute or two. Each life saver caught a hand, a leg or a tuft of hair and struggled with his freight to the beach. Seventeen bodies were laid on the sands.

The terrible under-tow had crushed the life out of eleven, but six were saved and cared for by the fisher folk. The survivors are being cared for at Elizabeth City, which place they reached yesterday afternoon, and from where, after recovery, they will be sent home.

The reason assigned by the survivors for the wreck was thick weather and inability to take observations. The men saved are thoroughly exhausted from exposure and are unable to travel and are in a bad condition. The men will arrive in Elizabeth City Saturday.

The vessel struck at 4:40 Tuesday morning, and before daylight had gone to pieces. The captain and navigator had been on the bridge for three days and nights, and being unable to get an observation recorded himself at Bodie's Island.

PANIC IN A CHURCH.

DETROIT, Mich., March 27.—Yesterday morning a large congregation, mostly women, was gathered at St. Joseph's, a large stone Catholic church at the corner of Orleans and Jay streets, when a loud explosion took place. Dust arose in clouds from the hot-air registers. The startled women ran shrieking for the doors, pulling, hauling and scratching one another in their eagerness to escape. One old lady, Mrs. Weithoff, was knocked down and her leg broken by the trampling of the excited throng. As Mrs. Weithoff is over 70 years old it is hardly probable that she will recover. It is supposed that the high wind blew out a number of gas-jets; gas accumulated and the explosion resulted. The building was not damaged.

PASSENGER TRAIN BURNED.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., March 27.—A local passenger train on the Chesapeake & Ohio Railway ran into the rear of a freight train in a tunnel seventy-five miles east of here yesterday, and both trains were wrecked. Fire started, and the entire passenger train was consumed. Several persons were slightly injured.

A SCOW CAPSIZED.

NEW YORK, March 27.—Early this morning a scow laden with sand, and lying at Pier 1, North River, capsized from some unknown cause, and her captain, Frederick Hanson, was drowned. The captain's wife made her escape by jumping on the pier.

SENT TO AN ASYLUM.

George Harris, the Faster, Declared to Be Insane.

JERSEYVILLE, Ill., March 27.—George Harris of Newbern, this county, who fasted for a period of thirty-three days last December and January, and said he wanted to die, was adjudged insane here this morning and sent to the asylum at Jacksonville. He has been an invalid for years.

A CHILD'S STRANGE STORY.

Married at the Age of 11 and Abused by Her Husband.

NEW YORK, March 27.—A pitiful case of infantile marriage came to light in a Brooklyn Police Court yesterday. An Italian girl named Francesca Carbona, 11 years old, was found wandering in the vicinity of Prospect Park by a policeman Wednesday. She was turned over to the Children's Society. In court yesterday, in broken Italian and through an interpreter, her story was heard. Her father has been in this country a year, and her mother is dead. Five months ago he sent for her and she found a stepmother to welcome her. Her father told her, she said, that he had a husband picked out for her, and if she did not like him he would shoot her through the heart. Four months ago she was married to Giovanni Largiglio by the Rev. Pietro Saponara of the Church of Our Lady of Mount Carmel, who was told that she was 20. Her husband began to abuse her, she asserts, and she threatened to run away. He kicked and clubbed her and on Tuesday he tied her to a bed-post and left her with nothing to eat from noon to midnight. On Wednesday she ran away and wandered along the Eastern park way. On her body are bruises, and she wore a wedding ring. This she pulled off in court and threw upon the floor, stamping upon it. The girl was remanded to the care of the society until the husband and father can be found.

HE WAS NOT HER IDEAL.

The Result of Matchmaking at a Long Range.

HUNTINGDON, Pa., March 27.—An advertisement inserted in a Chicago matrimonial paper by Harry G. Fleming, a wholesale baker of Spokane Falls, Wash., caught the eye of Miss Grace Glasgow of Marklesbnrg, this county. She is a petite brunette of 30 and is the eldest daughter of Prof. Samuel G. Glasgow, a leading educator and prominent figure in Huntingdon County politics. An ardent correspondence ensued, photographs were exchanged and Miss Glasgow finally accepted a proposal of marriage from her unknown Western wooer. The gallant Fleming furnished her with a through ticket and an abundance of money for traveling expenses, and Miss Glasgow left quietly for Spokane Falls. Last night she returned unexpectedly to her parents' home, still unmarried, weary and dejected over her fruitless and fatiguing journey. She had met her fiance, but his material and physical charms were not in keeping with his written and pictured representation of himself, and so the disappointed damsel nullified the engagement with a frigid farewell bow.

THE INFLUENZA.

Alarming Spread of the Grip in the City of Dubuque.

DUBUQUE, Io., March 27.—There are over a thousand grip cases in Dubuque. In many business houses half the employes are down with the disease, and almost every household has one or more victims. Physicians state that the grip this year often develops into pneumonia, although fatalities are not alarmingly frequent. The cold and disagreeable weather which is prevailing is very favorable to the spread of the epidemic. Congressman Henderson is confined to his bed with an attack and Senator Allison is also suffering from a slight touch.

TWO DEATHS IN NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, March 27.—The Health Department to-day reported two more deaths from grip symptoms. This makes eleven deaths from this cause during the present week.

ON THE EVE OF HER WEDDING.

Suicide of Miss Myrtie Coats at Lansing, Mich.

LANSING, Mich., March 27.—The marriage of Miss Myrtie Coats and Frank Conklin was fixed for next Wednesday. Last night Miss Coats, who was of unusual beauty and not quite 18 years of age, was seized with convulsions and died in than two hours. Just before her death a lengthy letter to her family was found in her clothing. This letter admitted that she had committed suicide by poisoning, and revealed the cause of self-destruction, but the parents absolutely refused to show the message to her lover or the authorities except that portion of it which detailed with minute clearness her arrangements for the suicide and her distress concerning her funeral.

THE DEADLY CIGARETTE.

NEW YORK, March 27.—John Broderick, a letter carrier, who supported his three sisters, committed suicide this morning by cutting his throat with a razor. He was obliged to lay off Saturday last on account of sickness, caused, by cigarette smoking, and it is supposed he was temporarily out of his mind when he took his life.

BANKER COOK.

The Trial of the Case Postponed Until April 9.

CHICAGO, Ill., March 27.—The petition of Banker Charles F. Cook for release on habeas corpus on the charge of illegal banking, came up for hearing before Judge Baker to-day, but by consent of both sides the hearing went over until April 9. Cook was arrested some weeks ago on an extradition warrant issued by Gov. Fifer on a requisition from the Governor of Wisconsin. The complaint was sworn to by the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Washington County, Wis., who was one of the old depositors in Cook's banks, both of which failed last summer, shortly after which, it is claimed, Cook disappeared.

The League Meeting.

CINCINNATI, O., March 27.—It looks very much as though the League magnates intended to grapple in earnest with the Cincinnati problem. A meeting was called for 12 o'clock to-day at the Grand Hotel, and at the appointed hour there were present: Frank DeHass, Robinson and David Hawley of Cleveland; C. H. Byrne and F. A. Abell, Brooklyn; J. Palmer O'Neill, Pittsburg; A. J. Reach of Philadelphia; President Nick Young of Washington; A. H. Soden, Boston, and J. J. Hart, representing Mr. Spalding of Chicago. Mr. Byrne stated just before the meeting was called to order that no conference would be held with the Association. "We will have a first-class club here," he said, "and it is our pupose to get Cincinnati capitalists to take the stock."

Destitute Kansas Farmers.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 27.—A committee has been sent in from Wallace County, Kan., asking for aid for the starving and freezing people there. There are 2,400 people in the county, and when it was decided to send a committee out to solicit help $20 was necessary to send the committee on. Out of the 200 men there, the $20 could not be raised.

A Horse With Hydrophobia.

COLUMBUS, Ind., March 27.—A horse belonging to Sam Battorfs, in Charleston, Clark county, and afterwards sold to Fred Roderer, went mad from hydrophobia yesterday. It was bitten by a rabid dog about a month ago. The horse attempted to bite every one in its path, but finally died after tearing itself almost to pieces.

TAKEN BY SURPRISE

The Defense in the Fitts Case Unnerved by Mary Becker's Story.

LAWYER M'DONALD MAKES ASSAULTS ON THE STATE'S WITNESSES.

His Cross-Examination of Dr. Brokaw Pronounced Indecent and Unprofessional by Gov. Johnson—He Accuses the Police of Coercing Mary Becker—Dr. Lutz Takes the Stand To-Day.

The preliminary hearing of George W. Dashman and Midwife Louise Hotson in the Court of Criminal Correction developed a sensation on its first day of actual progress. It now has every prospect of becoming one of the most notable criminal cases in local annals and of closing with the responsibility for the death of poor Laura Fitts thoroughly fixed upon the guilty parties.

The sensation developed at the opening of the hearing yesterday was the testimony of the witness Mary Becker. She was placed in the stand at 4 o'clock yesterday. Her startling story, supplying the one missing link in the evidence proving the guilt of Dashman and Mrs. Hotson, was published in full in yesterday's afternoon POST-DISPATCH. It is the most important development in the whole case since its beginning and effectually dispels the mystery surrounding the whereabouts of Laura Fitts on the night of Wednesday, Jan. 28, and the identity of the people responsible for and performing the criminal operation resulting in her death.

It shows that Laura Fitts spent that night at Midwife Hotson's establishment, that she had been expected there, that the operation was performed there, that George W. Dashman took her there, that Midwife Hotson went home with the poor girl on the day following, that Katie Hotson destroyed the evidence of the operation, and that the rug for which George W. Dashman paid the firm of MacDonald Bros. was given by him to Midwife Hotson in part payment for her services. As has been the case throughout the entire investigation of the black mystery surrounding Laura Fitts' death, the POST-DISPATCH was the first to make public this new and startling development.

In addition to that thrilling feature of yesterday's proceedings, the hearing was marked by another sensational occurrence. Hopeless of shielding his client from detection and punishment by ordinary methods, Lawyer Marshall McDonald, in open court, charged a reputable physician with being the cause of Laura Fitts' death. The physician in question was then on the witness stand doing all in his power to assist justice in solving the Fitts mystery. The attack was entirely unprovoked, and was in line with the tactics that McDonald has apparently adopted as a criminal lawyer, and which were an unpleasant feature of the Vail trial.

His assault on Dr. A. V. L. Brokaw yesterday was denounced in court by Gov. Johnson, the opposing counsel, as indecent and unprofessional, and Judge Claiborne cautioned Mr. McDonald against such outbreaks.

The afternoon session of the hearing began promptly at 2 o'clock. Dr. F. V. L. Brokaw, the first witness, was again placed on the stand and his cross-examination concluded. It contained no features not covered in the forenoon testimony.

DR. VON BROKAW ON THE STAND.

The second witness called was Dr. A. V. L. Brokaw, son of the foregoing, the surgeon who performed the surgical operation on Laura Fitts. The performance of that operation had resulted in the discovery that a criminal operation had been performed on the girl, and was the means of beginning the investigation of the mystery surrounding her sad death. The Hotson defense desperately endeavored to prove or intimate that the surgical, and not the criminal operation, was the cause of death.

The witness testified that he had been called in to perform the operation by his father, Dr. F. V. L. Brokaw. He had first seen Laura Fitts on Friday, Jan. 30, and found that she was suffering from peritonitis. It had not been intended to operate upon her before the following week, but on Saturday night her condition was such that his father had summoned him from a meeting of the Medical Society and he performed the operation at 11 o'clock Saturday night. He found the girl in an extremely precarious condition and the operation was imperative to save her life. Several other physicians witnessed the operation. A second operation was found necessary the next morning, and the patient died at 6 a. m. on Monday.

"An operation such as you have described," said Lawer McDonald, leaning forward in his chair, "causes a great shock to the patient, does it not, doctor?"

"Yes sir, it naturally causes a physical shock."

"And when it has to be followed by a second operation, the system is still further subjected to shock?"

"That depends on the nature of the operation."

"The patient was supposed to be in danger of death when the first operation was decided on?"

"The operation was necessary to save her life."

"Is it not customary for absolute mental and physical rest and quiet to be enforced by physicians or surgeons following such operations?"

"They are naturally desirable for the patient, as in all other cases."

"But despite that fact, after the second operation you began asking Laura Fitts if a criminal operation had not been performed on her?"

"I asked her quietly, owing to the developments of that operation, if she had not been a victim of malpractice?"

"Putting such a question to a girl when she was at the point of death, weak and emaciated and suffering agonies?"

"She was not at the point of death, nor was she emaciated, nor suffering agonies. You are theatrical now, Mr. McDonald."

"Was not such a question likely to greatly excite the girl?" thundered the lawyer. "Was she not then dying, and would not such questions have a most dangerous effect?"

"They would not. Laura Fitts was better then than at any time since I had seen her. I had hopes that she would recover. I asked her the question because I wished to gain her confidence."

Mr. McDonald rose to his feet and advanced towards the witness, shaking the forefinger of his right hand with dramatic effect.

"You were not so anxious then as you had been before to save your patient's life!" he cried. "You did not care what the effect of your startling question might be. You had made a mistake. Young, ambitious, anxious for notoriety, you had gone to perform this operation upon Laura Fitts, taking your medical friends and students to see you do it, and promising to read a paper before the Medical Society on its result. That operation was made under a mistaken diagnosis, and you found it out too late. You found what you thought was evidence of a criminal operation, and then, when your own unnecessary operation promised to result in the death of your patient, you suddenly became fired with virtuous zeal to find the parties guilty of that act. You did not care if your questioning hastened the girl's death. What you were after was to find some one upon whom you could shift the responsibility of Laura Fitts' death!"

A dead silence followed this startling attack. The witness appeared naturally a trifle astonished at Mr. McDonald's outburst, but looked him calmly in the eye with some little surprise in his face as to the new method of cross-examination.

HAD TO DEMAND PROTECTION.

"May it please the court," said Gen. Johnson, rising. "I have submitted to a good deal of peculiar cross-examination of the State's witnesses, but this is going a little too far. Dr. Brokaw in his conduct has proved one of the best witnesses I ever saw on the stand. He has told his story quietly and plainly. He has been subjected to bull-dozing methods that were well-calculated to try his temper. I now call upon the Court for his protection from these indecent and unprofessional assaults made by the defense. I demand this both for the protection of our witnesses and to preserve the dignity of the court!"

Judge Claiborne admonished Mr. McDonald to refrain from further personal attacks upon witnesses, and the cross-examination was concluded without additional sensation.

MARY BECKER'S TESTIMONY.

"Call Mary Becker," said Gov. Johnson as Dr. Brokaw left the stand. The words had a peculiar effect upon the defendants and their lawyers. Midwife Hotson's lips were suddenly pressed together and a deep frown contracted her forehead. She leaned over to Marshall McDonald and whispered to him long and earnestly. Dashman's face was perceptibly paler and he also conferred suddenly with his attorney, John I. Martin. It was apparent that an unexpected crisis had arrived. In the midst of the strange stir a lady, whose figure was concealed by a loose cloak reaching to her feet, emerged from the witness-room accompanied by a female companion, and took the stand. She was the only possible witness who could bear testimony to Laura Fitts' having passed the night of Wednesday, Jan. 28, at the Hotson establishment, and she had told her story to a POST-DISPATCH reporter yesterday before it fell like a thunderbolt in open court.

Miss Becker stated that she was at present living in St. Louis and that on Wednesday, Jan. 28, and for sometime before and after that date, she had been an inmate of Midwife Hotson's establishment. She had gone there on Jan. 2. Before the witness could give her direct testimony she was interrupted by Lawyer McDonald.

"I shall object to this witness' testimony," said Mr. McDonald, again firing himself up to white heat. "It is not willing testimony. She is giving it under threats from the detective and police and has been abducted, kidnaped, by detectives, from Mrs. Hotson, and subjected to a process of intimidation that destroys the value of any evidence she may give. She is now being intimidated. Look at that swarm of detectives suddenly gathering near her as she takes the stand. See the Chief of Police himself looking her right in the eyes as she speaks. See next to him that lady, who nods or shakes her head at the witness to indicate what she shall or shall not bear witness to. If she is to testify, I insist that these people be ordered from the court-room."

"I see no evidence, Mr. McDonald," said the Court smiling, "that the witness is being threatened by any one now present. If the lady makes any signals to the witness, I shall certainly commit her to jail. But she is here as an attendant upon the witness, and will have to remain as long as she conducts herself properly. As to your charge that the witness has been kidnaped and intimidated, if you can bring out those facts on cross-examination, I shall rule out her testimony."

The evidence given after the above scene by Miss Becker was interrupted at almost every sentence by objections from McDonald. She stated that on the night of Wednesday, Jan. 28, a lady accompanied by a gentleman had come to Midwife Hotson's place. The lady had remained that night in a room across the hallway from that occupied by witness, and frequently during the night witness had heard groans and cries coming from that room as though some one there was suffering greatly. The couple had come to the house some time about 7 or 8 o'clock, and witness had seen both. The girl was tall, and of rather good figure, taller and stouter than witness. The man was short and slight. She could not identify Dashman as the man. On the following day Mrs. Hotson had spoken of the lady as Laura, and Katie Hotson had said that her name was Laura Fitts. Mrs. Hotson had told witness of how she had taken the girl home on the following day and been introduced to the mother as "Mrs. Jennings," and how glad the mother had been at her daughter's return home. On that same day, Thursday, Jan. 29, Katie Hotson had taken some clothing from the room from which the groans had proceeded, and after washing it had hung the garments out in the back yard. Witness had been told that a rug which was sent out to Midwife Hotson's place had been given to the midwife by Laura's friend in part payment for the operation performed upon the girl. Mrs. Hotson had also taken away a package the next day which she said contained instruments.

On cross-examination the witness' story was strengthened rather than weakened. She denied emphatically having been threatened by the police or detectives, or forcibly abducted, or instructed as to what story she should tell. She had been asked to "tell the truth." The strongest point brought out was provoked by a question from Lawyer McDonald.

"Why did you think there was an operation being performed on that strange lady on the night of Wednesday, Jan. 28?"

"Because Mrs. Hotson and Katie had told me that a lady was coming to the house that night for that purpose," said the witness quietly.

When Miss Becker's testimony was finished there was not a doubt expressed in the excited discussion following the sensational development but that Midwife Hotson and Geo. W. Dashman would assuredly be held for the death of Laura Fitts. The missing link in the chain of evidence had been found. The hearing adjourned at 5 o'clock until 2 o'clock this afternoon.

DR. LUTZ ON THE STAND.

When Court commenced at 2 o'clock on the Fitts case Dr. Frank J. Lutz was put on the stand and testified that he had performed the post-mortem examination on the body of Laura Fitts and had in this examination found that two surgical operations had been performed upon her and one criminal operation. He said he ascribed the direct cause of death to peritonitis brought on by the criminal operation. He also testified that the criminal operation had been performed but a short time before the death of the girl. He asserted that had he been permitted to make an examination of the patient before the surgical operation was performed, he would have been able to tell that a criminal malpractice had been committed.

Dr. Lutz concluded his testimony by stating that from the condition in which he found the body of Laura Fitts at the post mortem examination he did not think he would have performed the operation on the girl which Dr. Brokaw did. Mr. Fitts, father of Laura Fitts, was then put on the stand.

Gen. Bragg's Condition.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., March 27.—Gen. Bragg said this morning that he was not in his usual good health, but at no time since his arrival here had he been seriously ill.

Gold Going to France.

NEW YORK, March 27.—Lazard Freres today took $700,000 in gold from the Sub-Treasury. It goes on the La Bretagne to Paris.

READY FOR A RIOT.

Troops Moving to Reinforce the Police at Sligo.

PARNELL ADVISED TO KEEP AWAY FROM THE CITY.

King Otto Injured While Shooting at Peasants—Plan Proposed for a Customs Union in Great Britain—Sir Charles Tupper's Mission to Washington—Waiting for Blaine—Foreign News.

LONDON, March 27.—It is not often that Lord Salisbury interferes in Irish affairs, and the statement that he had a conference with Mr. Balfour yesterday, relative to the situation at Sligo, emphasizes the danger of the situation. This morning's advices state that affairs seem to be reaching a crisis when bloodshed will be unavoidable. Street fights are of daily occurrences and one side spares no provocation likely to madden the other.

The police are on the scene in large numbers, and military are being hastened to reinforce them, but the police are so exhausted with continuous service that it is feared they would not be efficient in the event of a general riot. The Parnellites claim that the priests are occasioning most of the trouble and the priests answer that they are doing no more than their duty. The police have been strictly enjoined to take no side, but only preserve the peace.

Mr. Parnell's friends in London and elsewhere have, it is said, earnestly requested him to keep away from Sligo, it being even hinted that there is an oath-bound organization that will not stop short of treating him as Cronin was treated in America. To all advice, however, Parnell turns a deaf ear, entering into the electoral combat with an energy that partakes of frenzy.

RECIPROCITY.

PREPARING FOR THE INTERVIEW WITH SECRETARY BLAINE.

OTTAWA, Ontario, March 27.—A meeting of the Cabinet was held yesterday in connection with the proposed visit of the Canadian commissioners to Washington, but no decision as to the date of departure was reached. For several days past a continuous correspondence has been passing between Sir Julian Pauncefote and the Dominion Government regarding important preliminaries which Secretary Blaine insists upon being definitely settled before he will receive the Dominion representatives. It was learned in the highest official circles that Sir Chas. Tupper and his colleagues are ready to start at a moment's notice when Secretary Blaine intimates he is ready for a conference. A prominent member of the Cabinet said yesterday that he had little faith in anything being accomplished in the direction of reciprocity with the United States, and he believed that Canada could pull through and be better in the end without the proposed commercial alliance.

IMPERIAL FEDERATION.

PROPOSED CUSTOMS UNION—SCHOOL FOR FARMING—LONDON TOPICS.

LONDON, March 27.—Mr. W. Beckworth, Chairman of the Leeds Chamber of Commerce, has given his adhesion to the Imperial Federation League, which proposes to inquire into the proposals of a customs union between Great Britain and the colonies. Mr. Beckworth said the situation had greatly changed for Great Britain since the general adoption of a protective policy and that some steps must be taken to maintain the prosperity of manufactures and commerce. It is said that Herbert Gladstone, M. P., is not in absolute accord with his father on free trade issues and leans toward a customs union. The new merchandise marks bill before Parliament is also very much more stringent than the former act and makes it impossible for foreign goods to be sold as British.

SCHOOL FOR FARMING.

Notwithstanding the lesson of the Birchall murder the business of collecting premiums from young men who wish to learn farming in Canada is flourishing this spring almost as much as last. Representative Canadians have published warnings against the practice and advise parents that an outfit, a little money and a good letter of introduction is all their children need.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

KING OTTO MEETS WITH AN ACCIDENT WHILE SHOOTING AT PEASANTS.

LONDON, March 27.—According to a Munich correspondent Otto, the insane King of Bavaria, met with an accident, on Monday last, while engaged in his favorite practice of shooting at peasants from a window. The gun was by some mistake loaded with a ball and the peasant received a flesh wound in the shoulder. The wounded man has been made comfortable and efforts made to keep the circumstances from the public.

A COMMERCIAL DIFFICULTY.

BERLIN, March 27.—The Government is perplexed over the Austrian demand for discrimination in favor of the Austro-Hungarian cattle, and hesitates to come to a decision on the subject, as to yield may involve Germany in commercial difficulties with Russia and America. The Hungarians look upon the differential importation of cattle and produce into Germany as the principal point in the treaty and may raise serious objections should it be refused.

MOVEMENTS OF RUSSIAN TROOPS.

BERLIN, March 27.—The Bourse was disturbed to-day by rumors of movements of Russian troops on the Austrian and German frontiers. Odessa telegrams say that such movements are contemplated during the coming season and that large bodies of convicts and laborers are proceeding westward to push on strategic railways.

THE HAVANA CIGAR TRADE.

HAVANA, March 27.—The Havana cigar manufacturers are still alarmed at the heavy falling off in cigar exports. The dealers generally are clamoring for steps to improve the ruinous condition of the market.

EVENTS ABROAD IN BRIEF.

Prince Bismarck has gone to Altoona, the headquarters of the Ninth Army Corps, commanded by Gen. Von Waldersee, ex-chief of the German staff, upon a visit to that officer.

The report that the Austro-German negotiations for a commercial treaty had been concluded at a conference on Wednesday last, presided over by Minister Von Boetticher, is correct.

Seventeen of the leading wool combers at Bradford, England, engaged in the worsted trade have entered into a combination to raise the prices of worsted and to control Botany wools. The increase in prices commences April 2.

The French cabinet has decided that Prince Louis Napoleon, the second son of the late Prince Napoleon, does not come under the law ordering banishment from France of all pretenders to the crown.

At the Palace of Elysee yesterday Baron de Mohrenheim, the Russian Ambassador, formally presented President Carnot with the the cross of the Grand Cordon of the Order of St. Andrew.

Carradini & Co., bankers and merchants of Leghorn, failed yesterday. The liabilities are estimated at 20,000,000 francs.

A detective was killed at Berlin yesterday while taking part in a raid on a gang of counterfeiters.

SHOT TO PIECES.

A Chicken Thief Receives the Contents of a Trap-Gun.

THREE CASES IN WHICH VIGILANTES TOOK THE LAW IN THEIR HANDS.

A Husband's Flight From His Madened Wife—The Killing of Policeman Hogan at Kansas City—Saloon Raided by Masked Robbers—The Daily Calendar of Crime.

KANSAS CITY, MO., March 27.—For a number of weeks the farmers in the vicinity of Rosedale have been suffering from the depredations of chicken thieves. A number of the farmers have set trap guns so aimed that any one entering the poultry house would discharge and receive the contents of the gun. Last night an unknown man attempted to enter the poultry house of S. S. Hogue, half a mile south of Rosedale, and fell a victim to one of these deadly machines. The whole of his left side was blown away. He had in his possession two large coffee sacks, keys to all kinds of padlocks and, in short, all the tools of a professional. His body has not been identified.

A MURDER MYSTERY.

DEAD BODY OF A WOMAN FOUND NEAR CAMDEN, N. J.

CAMDEN, N. J., March 27.—In a clump of trees near Eighteenth and Federal streets, the dead body of a Nellie Ryan, a woman about 40 years of age, was discovered early this morning by Peter Myer, who was on his way to work, and the appearance of the woman led to the belief that she had been knocked down, outraged and left dead. Coroner Jeffers drove immediately to the scene of the supposed murder. At the scene the body of the dead woman could only be reached by the Coroner forcing himself through a crowd of men and women who had gathered around the body. The woman laid on her back and on her left cheek was a bruise, which evidently had been recently made, while her forehead was much discolored. Her clothing was disarranged and her red shawl and hood were thrown a few feet away. In her pockets were a few trinkets and only five cents. Pending a post-mortem by the coroner and physician, the body was removed to the morgue. The Constable is busily engaged in investigating the case and will probably have several persons under arrest before night. The *Courier* reporter learned that the woman was seen in the neighborhood leading to Merchantville yesterday afternoon, and that she had been drinking with several men, one of whom was said to be "Curly" Daly. Several persons are willing to swear that they saw a negro lead the woman up to the spot where she was found dead and he is now missing. It is a fact that the woman was in company with a negro, but whether he killed the woman remains to be proven.

THE WORK OF MOBS.

REWARD OFFERED FOR THE ARREST OF KANSAS WHITE CAPS.

TOPEKA, Kan., March 27.—Gov. Humphrey has offered a reward of $200 for the arrest and conviction of each of the murderers of Thos. Duncan, a settler living in a Cheyenne County dug-out. The murder was committed March 16, but the letter of the Prosecuting Attorney to the Governor gave the first details and confirmed the many stories of White Cap outrages, which have recently come from the extreme northwestern part of the State.

For some weeks past there have been rumors in Topeka of white-cap punishments in the sparsely settled outlying counties of the State, but they have lacked official confirmation and no further attention was paid them. According to the present attorney's letter, Duncan was accused of pilfering grain in small quantities from his neighbors in order to get a sufficient amount of seed to plant his spring crops. Two days before the killing occurred one of the neighbors positively identified Duncan as he was making his way from a grain bin. The neighbors were informed and about 8 o'clock on the evening of the 16th of March about twenty men with white-cap masks rode up to Duncan's house and were met at the door by his wife. The victim had heard them coming and had crawled into a storage-room leading from his seed-house. The white caps started to raise the house and Duncan announced that he would come out. He started to go into his yard, when fire was opened on him. One bullet pierced his heart and another his right side. The men rode off, leaving their victim lying across the threshold of his own house.

WHIPPED OUT OF TOWN.

CENTRALIA, MO., March 27.—John Brown from Hullsville, Boone County, located here some time ago. Yesterday he was whipped out of the corporation limits and warned not to return under penalty of lynching. When he arrived he brought with him his young wife, about 18 years of age and very pretty. Mysterious male visitors were seen at her house often and suspicions aroused. The constable swore in a number of citizens and raided the house in which Mrs. Brown and six men were together. After the arrest the young woman broke down and said that she had been driven to it by her husband, who made her divide the money so obtained. The young woman is in good hands and will be taken care of.

STRUNG UP AND SHOT.

MIDDLEBOROUGH, Ky., March 27.—J. A. Burke, a ticket agent at Cumberland Gap, was shot and killed day before yesterday by a mulatto named Thomas Hunter. Burke was a well-known young man and had a great many friends. He was shot down in cold blood, having offered no provocation whatever. Last night a posse of young men, well armed and well mounted, went out, got the negro from the officers and stringing him up to a tree shot him full of holes.

CALENDAR OF CRIME.

TO ESCAPE AN ENRAGED WOMAN.

CHICAGO, March 27.—Dr. E. D. Lyon jumped out of a second story window at his house yesterday as a result of a quarrel with his wife. Both are young, wealthy and widely known in Chicago. Dr. Lyon wanted to leave on a trip and leave his wife home. She objected and they quarreled. During the discussion Mrs. Lyon shot her husband through the ear, and the latter, becoming scared, jumped out of a second-story window.

FOUND DEAD IN HIS FIELD.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., March 27.—Nelson E. Hinds, a wealthy resident of St. Francis, was found dead yesterday afternoon with a bullet-hole in his head. He was found lying in a plowed field near his house and a revolver of heavy caliber was at his side. His face was powder burned and those who saw the body think it a case of suicide. Some of his friends, however, believe he was murdered and an investigation has been instituted. The dead man had been involved in a law suit over his land for some time past. The value of the property involved in the law suit was $75,000.

THE KILLING OF PAT HORAN.

KANSAS CITY, MO., March 27.—The mystery surrounding the killing of Patrick Horan, whose dead body with a bullet hole through it was found at midnight, was cleared up about 2 o'clock this morning by John Malone, a member of the City Fire Department, and Edward G. Gross, a butcher, walking into police headquarters and giving themselves up. The three men had been on a drunken carouse and Horan and Malone became engaged in a quarrel over the drinks. Malone borrowed Gross' revolver, with which he shot Horan shortly after they had left the saloon.

RAIDED BY MASKED ROBBERS.

BUTTE, Mont., March 27.—The Ozark saloon, an all-night house, was raided by three masked robbers early Wednesday morning, who, at the point of a pistol, forced the bartender to open the safe and give them $1,100 that it contained. Most of the money taken belonged to men working at the Parrott smelter, who had left it there for safe keeping. There is no clew to the robbers.

BRIEF NOTES OF CRIMINAL EVENTS.

County Clerk Curry, Treasurer G. Holderly and County Commissioners Morton and Cole of Comanche County, Kan., have been arrested, charged with misappropriating funds.

A negro has been for two weeks committing robberies and burglaries in Memphis, Tenn. All efforts to catch him have so far been in vain.

Juan Labor Corzalos, a handsome young Cuban of 25, was captured in New York as he was leaving the vessel he had come in. He is wanted in Cuba for killing a woman.

Robert McLane, 85 years of age, who runs a ferry at Velasco, Tex., is up in court to answer the charge of having murdered a passenger while carrying him over in his boat.

Solomon Mideffer of Bono Township, Indiana, went away from home on business and just before leaving told his wife to go to her father's, a quarter of a mile away, and spend the day. When he returned he found his wife's body in a back room with two ugly bullet wounds in it. No clew to the murderer can be found.

H. S. Meacham, an importers' and manufacturers' agent, was arrested in Kansas City last evening, charged with having embezzled $2,400 from N. & G. Taylor of Philadelphia. Meacham, it is alleged, is short over $10,000 in his accounts.

Dr. R. W. Brown of Kansas City was assaulted by highwaymen the other night and relieved of a gold watch and chain. The robber was arrested yesterday.

William Price, the negro who criminally assaulted Miss Alice Ninas at Sweet Springs last November, was yesterday sentenced to death at Marshall, Mo.

Six prisoners, including an indicted murderer named Forbes, broke jail at Camden, Ark., last evening.

William Brennan told the police of Fort Wayne, Ind., yesterday that he, his 16-year-old nephew and a friend were journeying to Chicago, walking, early yesterday morning, when they were held up and robbed by five tramps, who stole the boy and rode off with him in a box car.

John F. Miller was called for trial at Ava, Mo., yesterday evening for the murder of Arthur Esleck, a young merchant, last summer. Miller called Esleck a liar, and when he resented it shot him.

A tall young man held up the stage coach between Comfort and Fredericksburg, Tex., Tuesday night and received $4 from the passengers and driver. He rifled the mail but got nothing.

Sam River, a counterfeiter and horse-thief, was sentenced to the penitentiary for three years yesterday at Indianapolis, Ind., for counterfeiting.

At Boston Robert Cunningham, colored, shot his sweetheart, Elizabeth Castin, a 19-year-old white girl, yesterday and then fired three shots into his own head, following this up by cutting his throat with a common table knife. Cunningham will die, but the girl will recover.

Capt. W. F. Dowell, a leading farmer of Arkansas and State Treasurer of the Alliance, was robbed of $3,000 yesterday morning by two sharpers representing themselves to be Dr. Howard and Judge Baker of Springfield, Mo.

Nearly every citizen of Chambers County, Ala., where defaulting State Treasurer Vincent lived, has signed a petition asking the Governor to pardon him.

Arthur O'Field of New York City, 60 years old and married, was arrested last night for outraging his 9-year-old grand-niece, Stella Harris.

John Brennan, who killed Minnie Martleson last December and whose trial has been in progress at Chicago for two days, was this morning found guilty and the penaly placed at twenty-five years in the penitentiary.

Dr. Sherman Follansbee of Boston, charged with criminal malpractice on Ida C. Stewart, last September, was to-day found guilty on one count.

EASTER NECKWEAR FOR GENTLEMEN.

A Grand Display of Novelties by T. B. Boyd & Co.

Gentlemen wishing the latest styles in Easter neckwear should see the handsome display made by T. B. Boyd & Co. It includes the latest novelties in the Ascot, puff four-in-hand, teck and puff scarfs in the handsomest English and French silks from 50c to $2. They are showing 200 dozen beautiful spring scarfs at 35c that are usually sold by the cheap stores at 50c.

AN AFFECTING SCENE.

Patrick Flaherty's Body Identified by His Sisters in a Dissecting Room.

Patrick Flaherty, a young man who left the city when a boy of 15 some nine years ago, returned Feb. 26 to die of consumption. His family had moved from their old residence near Broadway and Biddle street and he was unable to find them. He applied at the City Dispensary for treatment and was sent to the City Hospital, where he died last Monday night. His father, Michael Flaherty, was in the same hospital at the time with a broken leg, but neither knew that the other was there. Wednesday two sisters of the young man read in the death list published in a morning paper the notice of Patrick Flaherty's death, and as his age was the same as their lost brother's, they went to the hospital and made inquiries about the deceased, only to find, however, that the body had been removed to the dissecting room of the St. Louis Medical College. The sisters hurried away to Seventh street and Clark avenue and arrived there before the body had been placed on the dissecting table. The dead man was recognized as their long lost brother, and a very affecting scene followed. The body has since been removed to an undertaker's and was buried this afternoon.

Parents' Extra for To-Morrow.

1,500 new styles cassimere suits for boys, 4 to 14 years, such as our competitors advertise as a bargain at $4.50, at $3. Hundreds of other styles, $1.45, to the finest tailor-made, $10. GLOBE, 708 to 718 Franklin avenue.

Railroad News.

Mr. Clarence D. Ingraham, the popular city passenger agent of the Wabash R. R. Co., has returned to the city after an extended trip to the South lasting over two months. He received a warm welcome on the street, being a great favorite among railroad men. Mr. Ingraham is the picture of health and he has taken hold of his work with a vigor.

The Toledo, St. Louis & Kansas City Railroad "Clover Leaf Route," have in preparation their new lake and rail tariff from East St. Louis to seaboard points, taking effect April 1. Their first boat will leave Toledo April 15. This is the shortest lake and rail route between the West and the East.

LESLIE'S COUGHINE will cure all throat and lung troubles. Price 25c of all druggists.

Only 15 Years Old.

Josie Smith and Gussie Hughes, two colored girls only 15 years old, were taken from a house of ill-fame, at 615 Spruce street, last night, on a charge of having robbed Wm. Duffy of $25. Duffy is a laborer and boards at the Geyer House, on Ninth and Market streets.

HOLD to the best, that is—use Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, the great remedy. Price, 25c.

WILL BE KNIFED.

Certain Candidates on Both Party Tickets Victims of Treachery.

THE INTENTIONS OF THE CORRUPT POLITICIANS CLEARLY EXPOSED.

The Whole Strength of the Administration Being Used to Elect Candidates Who Will Bow in Obedience to the Mayor's Desire—Some Reasons Why the Independents Should Win.

The machine Republicans are carrying a long sharp knife. It is meant for Ripley, Haynes and Hammerstein. There is no longer any donbt about the intention of the parties and there is no longer any question about the truth of the statement made at first by the Independents that the parties would nominate some men to win and some to lose. The evidences of it are on every side. The Comfort-Vogel-Grassmuck end of the ticket is being worked everywhere and active campaigning in behalf of it is going on. But nothing is being done for the rest of the ticket. For instance, at the dairymen's meeting last night Comfort and Grassmuck were present with Recorder Hobbs to assist them, and they were asking for an indorsement, but had nothing to ask for the silk-stocking end of the ticket. All the Republican campaigning is done in the interest of three of the candidates, and Democratic politicians are betting that these men will win. This is cited as perfect and complete evidence that the Republicans only expect and only wish to elect three of their men, and the other three are nominated only to give respectability to the ticket.

The three who carry some of its weight of respectability with them are in the combine. They are running as Republicans, but they will be simply the cogs in the machine if they are elected, and it is because they are bound to the machine that they secure the support which prompts Democrats to bet on them.

THE PRIVATE SECRETARY.

The whole strength of the administration is brought to bear to elect, these men and offices are promised, officials are sent out to work in order to accomplish that end. The reason for it is that the Mayor wants a council which will confirm his nominations, no matter what they may be, in order that by the control of a vast quantity of offices the machine may be established permanently in power. For instance, a Council is wanted which will confirm the nomination of Jim Brennan as Commissioner of Supplies. The Mayor has already promised him the position and Brennan is not losing any chance to aid in the election of a Council which will confirm him. The record of Brennan as private secretary contains some facts which make it advisable that a Council unfriendly to him should be appointed. The history of his appointment is a remarkable bit of political lore.

When the Mayor was the Judge of the Court of Criminal Correction he collected certain sums of money, in one case $600, for the proprietors of a disreputable sheet, and turned the money over to them. The partners fell out and the firm was dissolved. Noonan was elected Mayor, and one of the partners was made his Private Secretary.

A JEALOUS PARTNER.

He had been in office but a short while when the other partner demanded the removal of the Private Secretary. In the disreputable sheet which he printed he charged the Private Secretary with forgery, bribery and a vast quantity of similar offenses. Noonan stood by his friend for some time, but one day he met John O'Neil down town and O'Neil informed him that the fight which was being made on the Private Secretary was more serious than he supposed. To discuss the case they adjourned to Nagle's saloon and then sent for one of the editors of the disreputable sheet which was making the attack.

Noonan asked the editor what he wanted.

The editor replied that he wanted the private secretary fired.

Noonan replied that the private secretary had been his friend.

The editor's answer was:

"Out he goes or off goes the roof of the City Hall."

In print and in this conversation the threat was made that if the private secretary was not discharged the Mayor's record would be the subject of attacks, and under this threat Noonan consented to dismiss the private secretary.

Without any investigation the private secretary was dismissed under charges and Jim Brennan was appointed. At the conference held at Nagle's saloon, which lasted from early in the evening until after midnight, Brennan was suggested, accepted as satisfactory by the editor and he was appointed.

WHAT BRENNAN HAS DONE.

Brennan went into the office and began drawing a salary of $2,500 a year. He is notoriously incompetent, and he has not attempted to do any of the work. In the office is a young girl, who is carried on the rolls as a messenger at a salary of $25 a month. The Mayor pays her in addition a similar sum out of the contingent fund. She is a typewriter and she keeps the books and records of the office, attends to all the correspondence and does all the work of the private secretary. Brennan draws the salary, but all that he does is to steer politicians into the Mayor's office and keep out those whom the Mayor does not wish to see. He is guard of the door and there his work ends. His whole time is devoted to politics and like Tim Scully, another relative, he draws a salary to do political work. The heads of departments complain that Brennan comes to them with instructions from the Mayor as to whom to appoint to the places and one of them says that he has proof that Brennan often says the Mayor wants certain men appointed when the Mayor knows nothing about it. Yet this was Noonan's first choice for Street Commissioner and this is the man to whom he has promised the place of Commissioner of Supplies, with a salary of $3,500. This is the explanation of the activity of the Noonanites in this campaign. If Noonan's men win the positions at the City Hall will be given as rewards to politicians, regardless of fitness. If the Independents win, no nomination will be confirmed unless the man is qualified for the position, and the whole machinery of the administration is being moved to prevent that result.

Mr. Townsend's Canvass.

Mr. James Townsend, the Democratic nominee for the House of Delegates in the Twentieth Ward, is making an energetic canvass, and having a majority of some 300 in his favor, is reasonably certain of election. Mr. Townsend is the manager of the Mound City Carriage & Messenger Co., and is widely known throughout the Twentieth Ward, which he expects to represent in the Lower House of the Municipal Assembly. He was for some years prominently connected with the Baltimore & Ohio Telegraph Co. and has filled other important positions.

Hard Working Republicans.

The Republican Committee is still working hard to collect funds and get itself in a humor to believe that there is a chance of electing the Council ticket. The committee had a meeting last night and heard an address from Matt G. Reynolds. The young Silk Stocking lieutenant went around to tell the committee that the outlook was favorable for the Republican party.

The committee decided to have a mass meeting for the South St. Louis Republicans to-morrow night at Concordia Turner Hall. Next week the committee proposes to have meetings in the Exposition building and North St. Louis Turner Hall. The Committeemen of the various wards are also expected to arrange for meetings in their various sections.

To enable the members to hold these meetings the Executive Committee appropriated $10 for each precinct and gave out the money to-day. Most of this was raised by the assessment of $25 imposed on each of the Republican nominees for the House of Delegates. The Council candidates were told they might contribute what they saw fit, and all gave something. One of the committee said to-day that from the looks of things in his ward, which usually goes Republican, considerable money would be needed to carry it for the Republican Council nominees.

A Sample Brick.

In view of the industry and blatancy with which the party bosses and their organs are circulating the report that the Independent movement is on the wane as to popularity, it may be of interest to show a "sample brick." Taking the real estate interests, for instance the following list of well-known gentlemen have indorsed the movement—making it pretty nearly unanimous so far as that class of business men is concerned:

Alfred Vallat, James M. Carpenter, John R. Laughlin, Otto D. Mersman, Stephen F. Quinnette, Charles E. Bradley, Charles C. Nichols, James E. Fogg, S. J. Fisher, Charles H. Gleason, Wm. C. Wilson, Alex D. Wilson, Edw. B. Wolf, Geo. P. Wolf, Geo. A. Hynes, F. X. Barada, Huntington Smith, Samuel Bowman, Harry E. Bartling, John W. Scott, Lindell Gordon, W. W. E. Perry, August Gehner, Pulaski Langalier, William Booth, L. A. Moffett, Claude Kilpatrick, Theophile Papin, Jr., Louis H. Tontrup, Albert Gerst, A. O. Rule, Arie De Jong, Joseph Dormitzer, Wm. Marshall, A. J. Knapp, Samuel S. Scott, G. W. Hartnett, Peyton T. Carr, D. Sheppard, George N. Truesdale, R. T. Blow, John Grether, Chas. H. Peck, Jr., Emil A. Becker, R. M. Noonan, Gus. V. R. Mechin, John C. Lullman, Jos. A. Duffy, Adam Boeck, Wm. S. Long, Charles T. Farrar, Frank R. Tate, Henry Hiemenz, Jr., Wm. A. Tanner, Chas. Hamilton, C. R. H. Davis, J. W. Stewart, Wm. P. Nelson, Wm. T. Gay, A. G. Blanke, John T. Percy, M. R. Collins, Jr., John Maguire, H. L. Haydel, W. P. H. Turner, Frank Obear, R. C. Greer, E. W. Greer, W. A. Maguire, John G. McNair, Robert Rutledge.

Milkmen Indorse the Democratic Ticket.

A number of dairymen met at Grand and Easton avenues last evening and spent a couple of hours discussing the local campaign. The meeting was called by the association for the purpose of indorsing Council candidates, and a number of politicians were on hand to urge various nominees. Comfort had friends to urge his claims, but they failed in their effort. John Cahill, the President of the Association, favored the indorsement of the entire Democratic ticket, and succeeded in carrying his point. The Association is composed of the dairymen, who for years have been engaged in a warfare with the large milk companies.

Political Notes.

Recorder of Voters Carlisle has decided to allow the committees to place one representative in each of the polling places to witness the counting of the ballots. The same courtesy, it is expected, will be extended to the Independent Municipal party.

Mr. C. H. F. Rohling, the Republican candidate for the House of Delegates in the First Ward, has decided to challenge James H. Cronin, the Democratic candidate for the same office, to a joint discussion. First Warders will watch the discussion with interest if Cronin accepts.

The Independents will hold a mass-meeting to-night at Vandeventer Hall, 612 Vandeventer avenue, at 8 o'clock. The candidates are expected to be present.

Lowest Priced House in America for Fine DIAMONDS.

Diamond Finger-Rings	$18 to	$500
Diamond Ear-Rings	20 to	3,000
Diamond Lace Pins	15 to	1,200
Diamond Bracelets	25 to	900
Diamond Studs	10 to	600
Diamond Collar Buttons	5 to	150

Finest qualities, imported direct. See them at MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO., Broadway and Locust.

Catalogue, 2,000 engravings, mailed free.

HERE, THERE AND EVERYWHERE.

Severely Injured by a Fall.

Thomas Thompson fell on the sidewalk near the Fourth District Police Station about 1:20 o'clock last night and sustained severe internal injuries. He managed to make his way to the station and was forwarded to the City Hospital in an ambulance. Thompson is a single man, 30 years old, and a laborer by occupation. He boards at 912 North Ninth street.

Hunting a Husband.

Mrs. Dolly Ire of 48 Bates street, Indianapolis, Ind., writes to Chief Harrigan, asking him to locate her husband, Henry Ire, a molder, who is employed somewhere in St. Louis. She says she is in great trouble and wants to communicate with her husband at once.

Struck Her With a Hatchet.

Cornelius Jones and Emma Johnson, both colored, fought about 6:30 o'clock last night in the woman's room in the rear of 920 North Eighth street. Jones struck the woman on the head with a hatchet, inflicting a severe scalp wound. Officers McFarland and Burke placed the man under arrest. He will be sent into the Second District Police Court.

Buy Your Pants at the Globe.

Hundreds of new styles just received, all the latest patterns, $1.25 to the finest Baltimore merchant tailor pants, $7.50. GLOBE, 708 to 718 Franklin avenue.

Killed With a Billiard Cue.

Frank Allison and Wm. Johnson, both colored, had a fight in a saloon at 425 South Twelfth street, yesterday afternoon, in which Allison was struck on the head with a billiard cue, the blow fracturing his skull. He was removed to the City Hospital, where he died early this morning. Johnson, who also goes by the name of Phillips, is locked up and will be held to await the action of the Coroner.

Johnson or Phillips admitted this morning that he had struck Allison, but claimed that his opponent had first hit at him and was raising his cue for a second blow when he was floored. Phillips is a single man, 19 years old, and lives at 1416 Market street. Allison is also a single man 31 years old and is a cook by occupation. He has been in St. Louis only a little more than a month, coming to the city from Georgia, and rooming at Eleventh and Morgan streets. A post-mortem examination will be made on the remains this afternoon. The inquest in the case is set for 10 o'clock to-morrow morning.

Tourists,

Whether on pleasure bent or business, should take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectually on the kidneys, liver and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches and other forms of sickness. For sale in 50c and $1 bottles by al leading druggists.

The Editors Banquetted.

The members of the Executive Committee of the National Editorial Association was tendered a banquet at the Mercantile Club late yesterday afternoon. Mr. C. H. Sampson, chairman of the club's Press Committee, welcomed the guests in a neat little speech and was followed by Mr. J. B. Case, President of the club, in the same spirit. Mr. E. W. Stephens, President of the Editorial Association, responded on behalf of the guests, and then speeches were made by several other gentlemen present. In the evening the editors attended the Olympic Theater and Grand Opera-house.

STOP your cough by using Leslie's Coughine; safe and sure. Price 25c.

STATE LAWMAKERS.

An Important Amendment to the Arkansas Game Law.

RATHER A WARM TIME IN THE TEXAS LEGISLATURE.

New York's Appropriation to the World's Fair—The Sum Voted by Nebraska—Free Text Books—The Question of Fire Insurance in Minnesota—A Few Political Pointers.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., March 27.—Almost the entire morning in the Senate was consumed by the first and second reading of House bills. The only measure passed was the House bill amendatory of the game law. It permits the shipment out of the State of raccoons, opossums, woodchucks, snipe and plover.

The following Senate bills passed the House: Prohibiting the sale of intoxicants within five miles of the Presbyterian Church at Columbus, Hempstead County; to establish the Second Chancery Court District, to be composed of the counties of Arkansas, Chicot, Desha, Ashley and Jefferson; to regulate the manner in which barbed fences shall be constructed; also House bills for the support and maintenance of the school for the blind and the deaf mute institute.

The Ways and Means Committee reported the Senate bill appropriating $120,000 for the construction of additional buildings at the Insane Asylum, with an amendment cutting down the appropriation to $60,000. The report provoked a lengthy discussion, pending which the House took a recess until 2 p. m.

STATE LEGISLATION.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE NEBRASKA GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

LINCOLN, Neb., March 27.—The Senate yesterday passed the bill appropriating $50,000 for the Nebraska exhibit at the World's Fair and indefinitely postponed the House bill appropriating $10,000 for the relief of the drouth sufferers. The House bill providing that railroads establish stations wherever demanded was also postponed, and the bill providing for free text books was passed. But little was done in the House, the only event of the day being a quarrel between W. F. Wright, who was the Alliance candidate for Commissioner of Public Lands and Buildings, and Church Howe, member from Nemeha, which would have ended in a rough-and-tumble fight had they not been separated. Wright blamed Howe for causing a bill of his for $3,000 for personal expenses in his contest to be cut down by the House. The bill authorizing school boards to purchase flags to float over school-houses during school hours was passed, as were those subjecting express companies to the control of the State Board of Transportation; providing for a police matron in cities of 16,000 inhabitants, and appropriating $4,000 for the support of the State militia.

THE MINNESOTA LEGISLATURE.

ST. PAUL, Minn., March 27.—Eighty-two new bills were introduced in the House yesterday, owing to to-day being the last for the introduction of new measures. Two were relating to foreign insurance companies, the first requiring life insurance companies to make an investment in Minnesota lands or securities of 2 per cent of the companies' insurance in force in the State, the second requiring a deposit of $200,000. They were introduced by Mr. Lynn. Mr. Knudson introduced a bill to prohibit pool and billiard tables in saloons, requiring a permanent closing of saloon side and back doors, forbidding music in saloons and ordering an unobstructed view of saloon entrances. Mr. Turrell introduced a bill prohibiting pool-rooms and the buying and selling of pools.

A HIGH TIME IN TEXAS.

AUSTIN, Tex., March 27.—The House of Representatives yesterday was a scene of wild confusion and excitement and for a time a collision between prominent members seemed imminent. Yesterday in discussing a bill amending the law in reference to the commission of appeals Representative Crayton offered an amendment providing that the Commissioners shall be elected by popular vote and not appointed. The amendment was tabled by a vote of 63 to 16 and Mr. Crayton sent up his reason in writing for introducing and voting in favor of the amendment. It is not the custom to read "the reasons" to the House, but they are published in the Journal and this morning Mr. Crayton's appeared. They were a very severe reflection upon the integrity of the gentleman who voted against his amendment and soon after the House met yesterday Representative Gerald of Waco, took the floor and calling attention to the above "Reason" said that any man who insinuated that he had been influenced to vote against an appointive railroad commission was a malicious liar. Confusion and excitement ensued which was interfered by other members who had voted against an appointive commission rising to their feet and denouncing the impugners of their motives as liars, and for a time serious trouble was anticipated between the "appointive" and "elective" factions. The trouble was smoothed over by Crayton's reason being stricken from the Journal.

LITTLE DONE AT SPRINGFIELD.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 27.—Six bills were advanced to a third reading in the House and two passed the Senate.

A dozen measures were introduced, a few of them asking appropriations. One was to prohibit child labor in factories, one giving the franchise to women in school elections and one to prohibit the sale of opium except for sanitary purposes.

The Speaker announced the names of the delegates to the Commercial Congress to be held at Kansas City next month. There being much sickness among the members and hardly a quorum present an adjournment was taken to 5 o'clock Monday evening.

PROPERTY QUALIFICATION.

BOSTON, Mass., March 27.—The amendment to the Constitution abolishing the property qualification for candidates for the Governorship was passed in the House yesterday without debate. The Senate passed the resolution providing for the submission to the people of an amendment to the act abolishing the poll-tax qualification for voters.

AIDING THE DAIRYMEN.

MADISON, Wis., March 27.—The House passed a bill prohibiting the maunfacture of cheese and butter out of substances other than milk, but also providing for the proper marking of oleomargarine.

FOR THE WORLD'S FAIR.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 27.—In the Senate today the Finance Committee reported the World's Fair appropriation bill with an amendment making it $200,000, instead of $250,000. No action was taken.

POLITICAL MATTERS.

A SOUTHERN CIRCUIT JUDGESHIP.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., March 27.—A Montgomery (Ala.) special says: A great deal of interest is manifested in Republican circles in the contest for the United States circuit judgeship. At a meeting of Republicans here last night Hon. George H. Craig of Selma was indorsed for the place. The circuit is composed of the States of Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas, and the appointment will in all probability come from either Georgia, Florida, Alabama or Texas.

WHAT STANFORD WANTS.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—Leland Stanford, the California millionaire of probably fifty times, wants to be President and is said to be willing to spend all the way from $5,000,000 to $6,000,000 to secure the goal of his ambition. Stanford expects the nomination from the Farmers' Alliance, and by this means expects to force himself upon the Republicans. But the present occupant of the White House imagines that his right to a second term has divine sanction, while Maj. McKinley desires to lead the plutocratic party which he favored in the tariff bill. First, however, he desires to become Governor of Ohio.

CONTINUATION, INCLUDING SATURDAY.

Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney

DRY GOODS CO.

Opening of Millinery!

Choicest Selections of
IMPORTED EASTERN and OWN PRODUCTIONS.
Also, Special Exhibit of
CORRECT FASHIONS FOR SPRING SEASON
IN
Ladies' Outer Garments and Costumes
From the Leading Manufacturers of the World.

OPENING OF

Children's and Misses' Cloaks and Dresses.

Originals and Copies of the Latest Imported Novelties Shown Tuesday for the First Time.

We Cordially Invite Our Patrons and the Public Generally, and Extend to All a Welcome.

FIRST SEASON OPENING

SPRING PARASOLS.

We Show To-Day
All the New Features Introduced by
FOREIGN AND HOME MANUFACTURERS.
We Desire an Inspection of These
Choice and Novel Goods.

Now Is the Time to Vaccinate!

Fresh Points Secured Daily at

FROST & RUF'S, 700 OLIVE.

Prescriptions a Specialty.

VISITING CARDS.

We only charge $1.50 for 100 finest cards and engraved copper plate.

WEDDING INVITATIONS.

We execute the finest; our prices the lowest.

MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO., Broadway and Locust.

Samples mailed on application.

THE DEAD TRAMP.

His Brother Comes to Claim the Body at St. Charles.

ST. CHARLES, MO., March 27.—C. Haelle of Indianapolis, Ind., brother to the unknown tramp shot by the watchman on the Wabash Bridge here on the 17th inst., arrived this morning to bury his brother, whom he had supposed committed suicide, and that his body still lay in the Morgue. On learning that his brother was buried he decided not to exhume him. From him it was learned that his brother was a cigarmaker and had worked with him up to about a week before he was killed, and he was a man given to morose spells, and at times became demented and imagined he was being persecuted. He had a comfortable home, having a wife and baby girl. He belonged to the Cigarmakers' Union, but had not his card with him and is supposed to have left his home and family in one of his melancholia hallucinations. Watchman Hill returned home on bail last night. He was deeply moved and more so when he learned the dead man left a wife and child. Those who thought he acted hastily are fast changing the more they learn of his exact position and the state of mind the man was in.

Budweiser Restaurant.

Fine dinners, all delicacies, prompt service. Pierre Lambert, manager, Sixth near Locust.

THE MAFIA.

A Special Report to Be Made by the New Orleans Grand-Jury.

NEW ORLEANS, La., March 27.—The Grand-Jury which is now investigating the Mafia lynching adjourned yesterday afternoon until Monday morning. A special report is expected on the bribery question.

A MEETING IN LONDON.

LONDON, March 27.—A meeting of Italians was held yesterday which was attended by scarcely 100. Speeches were made deploring the New Orleans lynching.

ITALIANS DRILLING.

WHEELING, W. Va., March 27.—The report that Italians employed on the line of the Pittsburg, Ohio Valley & Cincinnati Railroad are drilling under arms has been verified. They narrowly escaped a riot last pay day and more than 100 of them were discharged by the contractors.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething relieves the child from pain. 25c a bottle.

The Kincaid Trial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 27.—The trial of Charles T. Kincaid, for the murder of ex-Congressman Taulbee, was resumed to-day. After putting in some cumulative evidence the prosecution rested its case and Gen. Grosvenor made the opening address for the defense. He said the testimony to be presented would show that Kincaid had acted in self-defense.

Money Saved to Building Contractors

On Rubber Hose. Call and see us. Day Rubber Co., 415 North Fourth street.

Well Known in St. Louis.

A Washington dispatch published yesterday announces that Col. F. F. Hilder, "a citizen of the United States," is to assist Dr. Fritzgaertner, the Government geologist of Honduras, in collecting and arranging the exhibits to be made by that country at the Chicago World's Fair. Col. Hilder is an old St. Louisan. For many years he was a member of the firm of Brown & Hilder, dealers in arms and ammunition, and was a prominent member of the Academy of Science and Missouri Historical Society. He had charge of the Missouri exhibit at the New Orleans Exposition a few years ago. The Colonel is now living in Honduras.

Men's $3.50 Shoes, $2.50.

Hand-sewed French calf shoes, worth $7 at $5. GLOBE, 708 to 718 Franklin avenue.

Fair Grounds Notes.

Notices are being sent out by the Fair Association to stockholders to call and get their annual tickets to the grounds. These tickets will be issued on presentation of certificates of stock in accordance with a resolution recently adopted by the Board of Managers of the Association. In former years stockholders enjoyed these privileges, but for the past few years they had been cut off from them.

A short time ago it was decided to reduce the annual dues for membership in the St. Louis Jockey Club from $100 to $50, and also to do away with the initiation fee of $50 formerly charged, so that now men can join for $50, including their first year's dues, instead of $150, as was formerly charged. When the membership reaches 500 the initiation fee of $50 will be re-established. As a result of the reduction new members are coming in very rapidly.

Already applications are coming in for the use of the Fair Grounds for picnic purposes and several dates have been assigned.

The Budweiser Restaurant,

Sixth, near Locust, is now under the management of Mr. Pierre Lambert, who serves the best the market affords and does it promptly.

Yellow Pine Lumber Association.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., March 27.—The annual meeting of the Yellow Pine Lumber Association was held here yesterday. J. White of Missouri was chosen President and J. M. Bevins, Secretary. The price of second-class lumber was raised $1 per 1,000 feet and on first-class lumber $2 per 1,000 feet.

March
April May
Now Take
Hood's
Sarsaparilla

HOFFMAN
—HEADACHE—
POWDERS

CURE
Sick...
Bilious...
Nervous...
Periodical
Intemperate

HEADACHES
Neither a Cathartic Nor an Opiate.
Absolutely Harmless
Positively the BEST.
Price 25c. per box.

HOFFMAN'S HARMLESS LIVER PILLS
THE BEST CATHARTIC TO TAKE WITH THE POWDERS.

Baron Liebig

The great chemist pronounced the well-known Liebig Company's Extract of Beef, made of the finest River Plate cattle, infinitely superior in flavor and quality to any made of cattle grown in Europe or elsewhere. He authorized the use of

His well-known signature J. v. Liebig as the trade mark of

LIEBIG COMPANY'S Extract of Beef.

For Delicious Beef Tea.

For Improved and Economic Cookery.

IMITATION IS THE SINCEREST FLATTERY.

Ask for the Best and Only Original BOEHMER'S KUMFORT LAST

And Exclusive Shapes. Beware of imitations. None genuine unless stamped thus (BOEHMER) on the shank of every shoe.

Prices, $3, $3.50, $4, $5, $6, $6.50, $7, $7.50.

G. H. BOEHMER,

Sole Manufacturer,

621 OLIVE STREET.

Boehmer's Kumfort Last

The Only First-Class Exclusively Men's Shoe House West of New York.
Men's Hand-Sewed Shoes, to order, $5.00.

TALES OF WOE.

Deserted Wives Recount Sad Matrimonial Experiences.

A GOOD FRIDAY DIVORCE DOCKET IN THE CIRCUIT COURT.

Methods of Specialists in Divorce as They Have Recently Appeared in St. Louis—Stories That are Pathetic and Stories of Plain Misery—Judge Fisher's Decrees of Banishment to Husbands.

The only courts at work at the Court-house to-day were the Probate and the Divison No. 2 of the Circuit, In the latter the default docket was called and Judge Fisher heard the stories of a number of matrimonial misfits. In most of these cases desertion was the ground on which divorce was sought. Desertion has become exceedingly popular with the attorneys who do a large business in this branch of the law, and there are specialists of that sort in St. Louis. There are few contested cases nowadays, as when desertion is alleged the defendant is actually or for the purposes of the case gone beyond the reach of the sheriff, is served by publication, which is no service at all, and makes no answer to the suit.

The following are the stories as they were told:

HE BECAME A DRUNKARD.

Sallie Doolittle and Charles Doolittle were married Oct. 2, 1885, in Alton, Ill., and separated Jan. 1, 1890. She told the court that Charles became a drunkard and she was forced to go to the home of her parents. Where Charles went to she could not say. She got a decree.

NOT AN ATTRACTIVE STORY.

Carrie M. Swain and Robert D. Swain and Robert D. Swain were married Nov. 3, 1883, and lived together until July, 1887. In that time she charges Robert was continually and habitually under the influence of liquor, associated with low, depraved and vicious men and women, and frequented disreputable places. He frequently struck her, and in October, 1887, deserted her and is now in New York. She asked the custody of their only child. The plaintiff, her father, D. C. Coleman, her brother and a friend told the story of her married life to the court. It was not an attractive narrative and was amply sufficient to justify the decree, which was granted.

SHE SAW AS SHE WORKED.

Nettie Gassman and Albert Gassman were married June 13, 1881, and on May 2, 1888, Albert deserted his wife and two children. Mrs. Gassman asked the custody of the children. They were living at 1236 Clark avenue when Albert went away, and Mrs. Gassman had been employed in a Jefferson avenue laundry, operating a machine. She was then ill and unable to work. Grassman did no work, and when she could not supply him with money he left. She took her children to the Orphans' Home at Webster, and had a position there herself for some time. The children are still there. Grassman wanted to live with her again after they had been parted for a year, but she refused. A baby born three months after his desertion died, the mother told the court. Her whole story was very pathetic. "During the last years we lived together," she said, "I could picture him through the day as I would find him on returning from work. I could see him lying on the bed in a drunken stupor and in this I was never deceived." She got a decree and the custody of the children.

WENT AWAY WITH JOE.

Russell D. Baber and Minnie F. Baber were married Sept. 28, 1886, and separated Feb. 5, 1889, when Minnie deserted. Mr. Baber is a bill hanger. He told the story of Minnie's desertion to the court. "I went home one afternoon about 4 o'clock," he said, "and found no one there. A woman who lived next door told me she had gone off with Joe Devlin. She had taken with her all her clothes and had sold the furniture. I met her some time after and asked her if she was living with Devlin, and she admitted she was. Devlin admitted to me in a saloon that they were living together." He got a divorce.

CALLED HIM A VAGRANT.

Jessie Dreiling and Henry J. Dreiling were married March 16, 1887, and lived together until Oct. 31, 1890. Mrs. Dreiling said her husband is a vagrant, as, being an able-bodied man, he has failed, neglected and refused to support his wife and child. She asked the custody of their one child. Her husband is now a clothing salesman. He formerly sold cigars on commission and earned from $12 to $50 per week. Little of this was brought home, however. Mrs. Dreiling supported herself and child for a long time before the separation. This latter event was brought about by a physician's discovery. Dreiling wrote a letter to the physician exonerating his wife and the letter was read in evidence. Mrs. Dreiling was given a decree with the custody of the child, and an allowance for its maintenance.

DIDN'T GET $10,000.

Lillian Mathews and Wm. Mathews were married Dec. 27, 1889, at Girard, Kas., and lived together until March, 1890, A month after the marriage, according to Mrs. Mathews, William became abusive, neglected to support her, pawned her jewelry. She says he loitered around gambling houses and did no work. Depositions were taken in Sedalia, Mo., which give Mrs. Mathews a good character and her husband the reverse. The plaintiff is quite a beautiful woman. She said her husband's bad treatment of her arose from his great disappointment in finding that her mother did not give her a large marriage portion. Mrs. Mathews' mother was reputed to be wealthy and he expected $10,000 with his wife. He had nothing, not even a salary. He jumped a board bill in Kansas City and the bill was afterward sent to Mrs. Mathews' mother, but was not paid. During their married life he gave her nothing at all. She got a decree.

OTHER CASES.

Nina Roaf and Fred Roaf were married July 11, 1882, and lived together till Oct. 2, 1887, when Fred deserted.

Georgia Foley and Frank P. Foley were married Aug. 1, 1889, and lived together until Oct. 1, 1889. Frank deserted on the last-named date.

W. H. Pusey and Lizzie Pusey were married April 26, 1886, and lived together until Jan. 20, 1887. when Lizzie deserted. She has remained away ever since.

Eliza Falkner and Edward Falkner were married March 30, 1887, and separated Feb. 16, 1890. She says he falsely accused her of being unchaste and struck her. On another occasion he came home drunk and broke the dishes and called her indecent names.

Toney Carusa and Louisa Carusa were married July 6, 1886, in New Orleans, La., and parted Oct. 5, 1886. Toney came to St. Louis and Louisa refused to come with him. He has lived here more than a year and during that time she has remained away from him. This amounts to desertion.

Philipina Plumer was married to Henry M. Plumer in October, 1888, and lived with him until Dec. 10, 1889. She left him then because he frequently came home in a state of intoxication and beat her, and because he failed to provide for her.

Louise Svoboda and Frank Svoboda were married in St. Louis, Aug. 22, 1886. How long they lived together the petition does not state. She charges that he called her an unchaste woman in the presence of her children, beat her and often threatened to kill her.

Declared Insane.

Ira Stansberry, Jr., who has been for some time an inmate of the State Insane Asylum at Fulton, Mo., was this morning declared insane by a jury in the Probate Court. This was done as a preliminary to the appointment of a guardian for his estate.

EASTER MORNING GIFTS.

'Tis the happy custom of late years to greet with gifts one's friends on Easter morn.

We have exquisite things for gifts in
SOLID SILVER TOILET ARTICLES,
SOLID SILVER TABLE WARES,
CUT GLASS TOILET ARTICLES,
CUT GLASS TABLE WARES,
GOLD BRACELETS, PINS, PENDANTS,
DIAMOND, RUBY AND OTHER RINGS,
VASES, BRIC-A-BRAC, LAMPS,
GAME AND FISH SETS,
CLOCKS, FANS AND OPERA-GLASSES.
Our wares the loveliest, prices the lowest.

MERMOD & JACCARD,
Broadway and Locust.

Easter cards 5 cents to $12.

AT THE LOCAL THEATERS.

Amusement Lovers Provided With Bright Attractions—Press Club Benefit.

There was a heavy rush yesterday and to-day at the Grand Opera-House for seats to the Press Club benefit on Monday night. The take was immense, but there are still good seats in the house. "A Trip to Chinatown" is beating any of Hoyt's plays in popularity, and is said to be the brightest entertainment he has produced. It will open Sunday night.

The Lilliputians have been packing the Olympic this week, their business exceeding even the large business of last week. These clever midgets have made a big hit here, and the audiences became enthusiastic over their cute ways and neat entertaining work. Little Ebert, the comedian, makes them roar, while Selma Goemer and the others score invariable successes. There will be a change of bill to-night, "The Burgomaster of Pinneberg" being put on. The new play will run to the close of the engagement.

"Bluebeard, Jr.," is flourishing at the Grand Opera-house. It is a gorgeous production, and is full of fun and attractive features. The company is clever, and the performances go to a rattle of applause and laughter.

That chief of the tank "dramas, "A Dark Secret," is doing handsomely at Pope's. The scene at Henley is one of the most realistic and attractive on the stage.

"The Irish Corporal" is pleasing the people at Havlin's this week.

The Louise Dempsey Big Burlesque Co. is giving a pleasing entertainment at the Standard.

The famous stock company from Munich which has been called the Meinenger Co. from the Bavarian Highlands because of its excellence, will present a repertoire.

Among the bookings for next week are "My Aunt Bridget" at Pope's, "The Boy Tramp" at Havlin's, and "The Indian Mail Carrier" at the Standard.

You Can

Buy a good suit for yourself for $4.50. If you feel like paying $12.50 to $25 you can get the finest in the land at the

GLOBE, 703 to 713 Franklin avenue.

A COLORED BOY IN TROUBLE.

Charles Richardson Charged With Breaking a Boy's Skull.

Charles Richardson, a 17-year-old colored boy, was arrested yesterday afternoon by Detectives Harrington and Walsh of the Fifth District for complicity in the theft of a quantity of clothing, several pigeons and a game chicken from the yard of Charles Somers, 2635 Olive street. To-day it was learned that Richardson was the youth wanted for an aggravated assault upon Chester Mulick, a 10-year-old son of Edward Mulick, a member of the Fire Department, living at 926A North Twenty-second street. It seems that about 11:30 o'clock on last Thanksgiving morning the Mulick boy was with a number of companions, engaged in kicking a foot-ball in the alley between Twenty-first, Twenty-second, Franklin avenue and Wash street. Richardson wanted the ball and he threw a stone at young Mulick, who had the ball in his arms. Mulick's skull was fractured by the missile, Dr. Mudd removing a piece of the bone in an operation a short time afterward. To-day Prosecuting Attorney Dierkes issued a warrant charging Richardson with assault with intent to kill.

COLDS are troublesome. Cure them by using Leslie's Coughine. Price 25c.

CORA ALLISON'S SUICIDE.

Miserable Ending of a Young Country Girl's Life in the City.

A few minutes after 8 o'clock this morning Cora Allison died at the City Hospital from the effects of morphine poisoning. The deceased was a public woman and lived at 1221 Chestnut street. For more than ten days she had been on a spree and became despondent and desperate when she realized her condition. About 9 o'clock last night she swallowed 25 cents worth of morphine while in her room. She was discovered about half an hour later by one of the other inmates and sent in an ambulance to the Dispensary. After being treated she was forwarded to the hospital. She slowly sank through the night and died to-day. An inquest will be held this afternoon. The girl was 20 years old and came to St. Louis about five years ago from Fredericktown, Mo. Her relatives at that point will be notified.

EASTER CARDS AND NOVELTIES, 5c TO $12.
See the lovely things at
MERMOD & JACCARD'S,
Broadway and Locust.

NEWS OF THE CHURCHES.

HOW GOOD FRIDAY WAS OBSERVED BY CHRISTIANS IN ST. LOUIS.

The Methodists Extending Their Church Work—Meeting of the Ministers' Alliance—Easter Programmes—Reception to Dr. Bartholomew—Religious News.

This day, "Good Friday," was observed by all Christians with marked reverence, and the observance extended to the busy work-a-day World where business was postponed, to some extent, as the custom has been heretofore. The Merchants' Exchange was closed for the day, and in many churches services were held, while in all the Roman Catholic churches of the city and the world, the day was given up almost wholly to devotion. It was religiously kept in commemoration of that day when Jesus Christ, almost 2,000 years ago, died upon the cross on Calvary. Preparation for the services to be held on this day in the Catholic church are made the day previous, and the oils for the sick, oil of the Holy Chrism and oil of Cathecumens are blessed with great solemnity by the Bishop or Archbishop. At the mass on Maundy, or Holy Thursday, two hosts are consecrated, one of which is reserved for Good Friday, when the complete mass is never celebrated and where no hosts are elevated. At the "Gloria in Excelsis" during the mass Thursday morning, a bell is rung and from that moment until the celebration of mass no bell is rung in the church. After the mass the Blessed Sacrament is carried in procession to a place in the church prepared for its reception, richly decorated as a rule with flowers and lighted with many candles, there to remain until mass is celebrated the following morning. Before the mass a service of prayer is chanted by the priests and choir and a prayer offered up for the church, for the conversion of souls, preservation of the Pontiff and all the people of God, for the strength to resist evil; for the sick and afflicted; the heretics and infidels. At the conclusion of this lengthy prayer, the cross, which has been covered with purple since the mass of Thursday morning, is uncovered and the adoration of the cross begins. The crucifix is first kissed by the officiating priest and then by the laiety on bended knees at the altar rail. Towards the end of the adoration the candles on the altar are lighted and the priests go in procession to bring back the Blessed Sacrament and having place it on the altar, the officiating priest performs the mass. The altar is then stripped bare and a short vespers is sung. The altar remains bare of all decorations and fixtures and in the absence of the Blessed Sacrament the crucifix is exposed for the day. In the evening the passion, beginning at the Garden of Gethsemane and ending with the death on the cross, is read. To-morrow morning a fire of coals will be blessed at the entrance of the Catholic churches, also the incense used in the services. The font of water is blessed and the water is made holy by the priest with the blessed oils and the dipping of the Paschal candle.

For Church Extension.

At St. John's Methodist Episcopal Church South next Monday evening there will be an important meeting of the official members of the church to act upon matters of importance in extending church work in various ways. Down-town missions are to be considered, and the erection of a new building for Marvin Chapel will also be advocated. The members of the chapel are not able to build for themselves and will ask the churches generally to contribute.

The other important question is to advocate the opening of Sunday-schools for poor children in the down-town districts, such as the one to be instituted by Rev. Dr. B. Caradine near the French Market. By a recent census, which has been spoken of lately upon numerous occasions from the pulpit, there are fully 42,000 children in St. Louis who never go to Sunday-school. It is this class which the ministers desire to benefit by furnishing bright and cheery rooms for their especial accommodation. Dr. Caradine's success in securing subscriptions for his project has awakened a general desire to work amongst the poorer classes in the crowded parts of the city. The Second Baptist Church has a mission Sunday-school at Broadway and Poplar street, but the desire now seems to be to attract as many children as possible. It is likely that several new Sunday-schools will be established down town in the near future.

Ministerial Alliance.

At the meeting of the Ministerial Alliance at Bowman Hall, Fifteenth and Lucas place, next Monday, it is expected that a committee of 100, to enforce the Sunday observance law, will be appointed. The long delay in making the appointments remains unexplained, but it has been put off from time to time. The committee appointed for the purpose of selecting the 100 have found it a difficult matter to secure the services of the representative business men desired. But the list, it is now thought, will be ready for presentation to Monday's meeting.

Rev. J. G. White, the anti-Catholic lecturer now in the city, will, it is asserted, appear before the Alliance and ask for endorsement, which he will most probably receive.

Reception to Dr. Bartholomew.

Last evening at 8 o'clock Rev. Dr. O. A. Bartholomew, formerly pastor of the First Christian Church, was tendered a reception at the church parlors which were crowded. Dr. Bartholomew was accompanied by his wife. He will preach at the church Sunday when there will doubtless be a large turnout of his old friends. Dr. Bartholomew returns to this city early in the spring to assist in raising funds to erect the new Christian Church on Grand avenue.

Left for Baltimore To-Day.

Sunday morning Rev. W. B. Palmore, the new pastor of the First Methodist Episcopal Church, South, will preach his first sermon to the congregation. Rev. Dr. Felix R. Hill, the transferred pastor, left to-day for Baltimore to take up his work there. Dr. Hill leaves his old charge with the best wishes from the First Church officials. Rev. Palmore, who assumes the pastorate, is editor of the St. Louis *Christian Advocate*.

April Day Festival.

A festival will be given by St. Rose's Church at Runkel's Hall on the evening of April 1, the proceeds to be applied toward the building of a pastoral residence. The tables will be in charge of Mrs. James Young, Mrs. McNamee, Mrs. Bayle, Mrs. John Fitzgerald, Mrs. John Duffy and Mr. Paul Ring. The affair will be under the management and direction of Mr. James Hardy. The affair will be a splendid one and those attending will be furnished with a variety of entertainment.

Religious Notes.

This evening at 8 o'clock there will be a service of song at the Pilgrim Church, at which Alfred Gaul's "Passion Service," for four solo voices, the chorus, organ and congregation, will be rendered, The soloists are Mrs. M. E. Latey, soprano; Mrs. G. W. Wood, alto; Mr. James Peacocke, tenor, and Mr. E. Van Richards, basso. The chorus will be composed of forty voices.

Easter Sunday there will be the usual services at 10 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. In the morning the soloists and choir will sing "Christ Our Passover," and Mrs. Latey will sing "I Know That My Redeemer Liveth."

In the evening will be sung "Praise Ye the Father," by the chorus; "From Thy Love as a Father," a soprano solo and chorus, and a quartette, "God So Loved the World."

The date of the lecture to have been given at Compton Hill Congregational Church has been changed from Tuesday evening, April 7, to Saturday evening, April 4. Mr. Robert Noise will speak upon "John and Jonathan."

Next Monday evening St. Joseph's Sodality of St. Lawence O'Toole's parish, will give an entertainment and hop at St. Lawrence O'Toole's Hall.

At Christ Church Cathedral the Surpliced Choir of forty voices will give Stainer's Cantata, "The Crucifixion," this evening at 8 o'clock. The work is one of the most devotional compositions ever written, and full of beautiful solos and choruses.

During the present week special Gospel services have been held at the First Presbyterian Church, corner of Forty-first street and Washington avenue. The pastor will conduct the meetings and preach every night except Tuesday and Thursday, when Drs. Palmer and Brank will assist him, Dr. Palmer preaching Tuesday and Dr. Brank Thursday evening. The public is cordially invited to these services.

At St. Mark's Lutheran Church the Lord's Supper and the rite of confirmation will be administered in the morning. In the evening Dr. Rhodes will preach on the "Testimony of the Resurrection."

Rev. Louis Mysonheimer, assisted by Rev. E. G. Gary, will commence evangelistic work in Goode Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church, Goode avenue and North Market street, Dr. Frank Lenig, pastor, Monday evening, March 30. The services will continue for some time. Everybody is invited to attend. Rev. Mysonheimer has met with great success during the past winter.

Rev. J. F. Carrington, pastor of the Water Tower Methodist Episcopal Church, was surprised by a reception last night at the church parlors. The ladies of the congregation prepared a fine collation, serving it after prayer-meeting.

At Shaare Emeth, corner Seventeenth and Pine, there will be services at 10:45 a. m. next Sunday. Dr. Sale will lecture on "Religion Without a Missionary." The public are invited to attend.

The lecturer of the Ethical Society is to give at Memorable Hall on Sunday morning, in the form of a picture, his idea of the possibilities of St. Louis, such as it may be in the year 2000. It will be in the form of a dream, partially in the line of Bellamy's "Looking Backward." The two Sundays following April 5 and April 12, the platform is to be occupied by other speakers, as the regular lecturer goes to address the Ethical Society for those occasions in Philadelphia. The Normal class will have its regular fortnightly meeting next week, Thursday afternoon, at 3:45. The subject is to be: "Duties of the Young Within the Family."

Tuesday evening, March 31, at Uhrig's Cave, corner of Jefferson and Washington avenues, a grand festival will be given for the benefit of St. Kevin's Church.

The collections to be taken up Sunday in the various Catholic churches are for the pastors in charge.

The parishoners and friends of Rev. Father Dillon of the Baden Catholic Church have arranged for a festival for his benefit, to be given in Baden on Monday evening, March 30. Mr. Lawrence Doran has donated a handsome bed-room set to be raffled, and the arrangements are in the hands of Mrs. Doran and the Misses Josie and Lillie English. Father Dillon is the popular chaplain of Calvary Cemetery, and his friends are determined that this festival shall be more successful than any former one.

Lowest Priced House in America for fine
GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES.

Gold Watches for Ladies	$20.00	to	$100.00
Gold Watches for Gents	35.00	to	250.00
Silver Watches for Gents	10.00	to	45.00
Silver Watches for Ladies	10.00	to	25.00
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Warranted good timepieces. See them at
MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
Broadway and Locust.
Catalogue, 2,000 engravings, mailed free.

THE WORLD'S FAIR.

Plans for Buildings in Jackson Park at Chicago.

CHICAGO, Ill., March 27.—It is probable that one large building for the accommodation of special State exhibits will be erected in Jackson Park instead of two score of similar exhibits in separate State buildings. Heretofore the general plan of the majority of the State seems to have been for each to construct a special building. Such a plan if carried out promised to make a series of forty or more buildings, and owing to the small appropriations made by some of the States it was feared that the buildings could not be made sufficiently attractive to be in harmony with the general grandeur of the main structures. This plan does not contemplate the exclusion of State buildings altogether, as some, which have large appropriations, will be able, and may prefer to make separate exhibits.

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The best are the Mermod & Jaccard.
For sale corner Broadway and Locust.
Prices the lowest, $2.50 to $18.

Bishop Ryan's Illness.

BUFFALO, N. Y., March 27.—Vicar-General Gleason and Father Cronin have decided to go to Washington to be with Bishop Ryan, who is ill at the Providence Hospital. While reports received say that Bishop Ryan is not seriously ill, his friends, in view of his age and weak condition, are alarmed.

Globe Bargains, Second Floor—Take Elevator.

2,000 nobby, all-wool Jersey suits, $3, latest fads. The Sherwood, Young America, Monte Cristo, etc., $3 to $7.50.
GLOBE, 703 to 713 Franklin avenue.

MEN'S EASTER GLOVES
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These beautiful gloves are all pique sewn, with latest style London stitched backs, and are worth in the regular way $2.25 pair; this lot only at

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Shoes for Gents are the Best at $2, $2.50, $3, $3.50 and $4. Try one pair; you will wear no other. Open until 9 p. m.
1030 MARKET STREET.
Sent by express to all parts of the United States.

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For the purpose of encouraging small savings, this company has issued to its authorized agents, whose names and addresses are given below, a large number of Saving Stamps of a deposit value of 5 cents each.

Those wishing to open small savings accounts can obtain any desired number of stamps from our agent in their vicinity.

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MELLIER DRUG CO., Druggist, 518 Olive.
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GETTING OUT OF REACH,

BEEF AND PORK RAPIDLY ADVANCING IN PRICE.

The Highest Rates in Nine Years and the Market Still Rising—Caused by the Law of Supply and Demand—A Butcher and Stockman Give Their Views.

Through the lenten fast has been kept by a great number of people in this country for the past forty days, beef and pork have advanced in price to consumers from 2 to 3 cents a pound, and a still further advance is expected next week when the thousands who have abstained from flesh for more than a month will return to it as a diet and increase the demand. Butchers and cattlemen claim that the days of cheap meat are gone and that the low prices which have prevailed for the past five or six years will not be seen again for many years, if ever. The high prices at which beef and pork are now selling are said to have been brought about by the governing power of supply and demand.

William Schaffer, a butcher, who has been in the business for twenty years, and who has advanced the prices on his meats with the other members of his trade, offers an explanation for the increase.

A BUTCHER EXPLAINS.

"It is due to the law of supply and demand," he said. "From 1880 to 1882 beef was selling at from $8 to $9 per 100 pounds on the hoof, the highest I have ever seen it. There was big money in the business for cattle-raisers and the great fortunes made by these men at the time caused many others to become cattle-growers. We all remember the rush for the West from five to seven years ago, when every young man was advised to go West and start a ranch. The English capitalists came over about that time and began buying up the Western prairies and I believe that was almost their first introduction to the resources of this country. Ranches were stocked handsomely and produced immense quantities of meat. After the first year, or in 1883, the prices began to decline. The beef from these new ranches was beginning to come in and the supply being increased, the prices decreased correspondingly. From that time on the market has been on a decline. Last year I bought beef at $4 per 100 pounds on the hoof. I bought hogs at $3.40 per 100 pounds. It does not cost much to raise cattle on a ranch, but there is a loss on every hundred pounds when it is sold for $4. The supply became greater than the demand and those who had their capital tied up in cattle were glad to get out alive, and they sold at a sacrifice. Many ranchmen have left the field, and left it so suddenly that the supply was cut off and prices jumped suddenly upward. Now I am paying $6 gross for what I bought at $4 to $5 a few months ago. When we bought meat cheap we could sell it cheap, and now that we have to pay more for it we must put up our prices to remain in the business. We have not reached the limit yet. Meats that a week ago sold for 10 cents are now selling for 12½ cents, those which sold for 12½ cents are now selling for 15 cents, and meats I sold two weeks ago for 15 cents are now selling at 17½ cents. The advance became very apparent to me to-day when I received my bill for $3,000 for cattle I bought this month."

A STOCK MAN TALKS.

A stock man discussing the advance in beef and pork to-day said: "And what else could you expect when we are from 85,000 to 90,000 cattle short this year. The cattle are not here to sell, and it is a clear case of supply and demand. There are very few cattle men in the West who can offer the market anything and they certainly will not become philanthropists and offer their meat for less than is bid for it. Beef is selling for $6 to $7 per hundred now, the highest since 1882, and those who were wise enough to reserve their stock during the past five or six years of a depressed market may recover their losses sustained during that period, but there are very few who are so situated, as I said before. Beef, I am inclined to believe, will go above the price obtained in 1882, which was $8.75 and $9 per 100 pounds, and pork, which sold for $4 will go to $6 by August."

Should prices go much higher than they are now it will work a hardship among a class of people who have been able to buy good meat at low prices, but who will not be able to do so when compelled to pay 15 and 17½ cents for it. The effect of the increase will also be felt in the hotels and restaurants, where, instead of advancing the rates on the bill of fare, smaller portions of beef or of a poorer quality will be given.

Hat Bargains at the Globe.

Latest Dunlap, Miller & Youman blocks, worth $3, at $2. $5 silk hats, new styles, $3. 100 doz. nobbiest boys' hats and caps 25c to $1. GLOBE, 703 to 713 Franklin av

REAL ESTATE INTERESTS.

Transactions in Vacant and Improved Residence Properties.

F. W. Mott has purchased and sold a good many blocks and acre plots of ground in South St. Louis, it having been only a few days since he and Mr. Lange bought the well known Blow place on the Virginia avenue, formerly called the Stringtown road. To-day Mr. Mott perfected another purchase. In this last deal he bought the property of George H. Hall for $2,500. It comprises half of city block No. 2884 with a frontage of 150 feet on Compton and 150 on Michigan avenue by a depth of 295 on Caldwell in a choice section of the residence portion of South St. Louis, situate within three blocks of the South St. Louis Electric Street Railway. Mr. Mott says he is going to sub-divide the land.

GRAND AVENUE AND ARSENAL STREET.

The firm of A. K. Florida & Co. sold a piece of ground in R. T. Blow's sub-division on Grand avenue, and Arsenal street, at $15 a foot to James J. McDonald, who purchased on speculation. The property is on the north line of Hartford street about 200 feet east of Grand avenue and within a block of the Union Depot Electric Railway running along Arsenal. It has a frontage of 95 by a depth of 120 feet. Arkansas avenue, next least of Grand, is to be graded through the sub-division, south from Arsenal street to Juniatta, and the work is to be commenced next week.

Joseph Darst reports the sale of a six room brick dwelling and 25x126 feet of ground at No. 2261 Missouri avenue, for $3,550 cash from Mrs. Jennie McKelvey to Charles Blumenberg, who is going to make the place his residence.

M. A. Wolff & Co. sold a lot of 50x115 feet situate at the southwest corner of Seventh and Wyoming streets, at $25 a foot from Caroline V. Price to Charles A. Schwind.

To the Credit of Missouri.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., March 27.—Gov. Francis received a check from the United States Government yesterday for $646,958.23, the amount due the State under the provisions of the direct tax bill. He signed the endowment act and passed the money to the credit of the Seminary Fund.

SICK HEADACHE—Carter's Little Liver Pills
SICK HEADACHE—Carter's Little Liver Pills
SICK HEADACHE—Carter's Little Liver Pills
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DON'T MISS THE NUMBER.

708 OLIVE ST.,
Between 7th and 8th Sts.

At Chicago the Harrison Democratic Committee has completed the city ticket. Louis Nettlehorst for City Treasurer, George T. Sugg for City Attorney, and Michael O'Connor for City Clerk.

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A prompt return of your money, if you get neither benefit nor cure. Risky terms for the doctor, but safe and sure for the patient. Everything to gain, nothing to lose. There's just one medicine of its class that's sold on these conditions—just one that *could* be—Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It's a *peculiar* way to sell it—but it's a *peculiar* medicine. It's the *guaranteed* remedy for all Blood, Skin and Scalp Diseases, from a common blotch or eruption to the worst Scrofula. It cleanses, purifies and enriches the blood, and cures Salt-rheum, Tetter, Eczema, Erysipelas, and all manner of blood-taints, from whatever cause. It costs you nothing if it doesn't help you. The only question is, whether you want to be helped.

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The "Discovery" acts equally well *all the year* round. Made by the World's Dispensary Medical Association, at 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.—Notice is hereby given that under an order of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, made this day, in the matter of the assignment of the J. Meyberg Hat Co., the undersigned, assignee of said corporation, will sell in bulk, on Wednesday, April 1, 1891, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 3 o'clock p. m., at the late business place of said assignor, Nos. 709 and 711 Washington avenue, in the City of St. Louis, at public auction for cash to the highest bidder, subject to the approval of the Circuit Court, all of the assigned properties, except the book accounts, the merchandise involved in a replevin suit pending in said court, wherein Connett et al. are plaintiffs and the undersigned is defendant, and a claim for three hundred and thirteen dollars in money against the Empire State Bank of New York City; all of which said properties to be sold are now situated in the aforesaid stores, and consist of a certain lot of men's and boys', ladies' and misses' hats and caps, gloves, umbrellas and ear-muffs, together with an iron safe, desks, office fixtures, tables, trunks and signs, the same being the stock and chattels used heretofore by the said J. Meyberg Hat Co. in its business.

MAX JUDD,
Assignee of the J. Meyberg Hat Co.

St. Louis, March 18, 1891.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,
PUBLISHED BY
THE DISPATCH PUBLISHING CO.
JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

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Average, 29,905.
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Average, 44,358.

FRIDAY, MARCH 27, 1891.

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—"Bluebeard."
OLYMPIC—The Liliputians.
POPE'S—"A Dark Secret."
HAVLIN'S—"The Irish Corporal."
STANDARD—Louise Dempsey's Burlesque Co.

MATINEES TO-MORROW.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—"Bluebeard."
OLYMPIC—The Liliputians.
POPE'S—"A Dark Secret."
HAVLIN'S—"The Irish Corporal."
STANDARD—Louise Dempsey's Burlesque Co.

Weather forecast for twenty-four hours, commencing at 8 a. m. to-day, for Missouri: Clearing; no decided change in temperature.

Weather forecast for twenty-four hours, commencing at 8 a. m. to-day, for St. Louis: Fair; stationary temperature.

THE "unsight, unseen" method of securing advertisements is a relic of primitive journalism.

THE machine tactics of obstructing the Independent movement will not work on election day.

AFTER all of its bluster, the State Legislature failed to take the richness out of the Coal Oil Inspector plum.

THE route of the Hearst funeral train across the continent will be known hereafter by a trail of bottles.

IT is natural that the machine Democrats should regard the respectability of the Independent candidates as fatal to their chances.

THE unfailing harbinger of a thriving spring trade is the forced enlargement of the POST-DISPATCH to accommodate the advertisers.

THE POST-DISPATCH is telling the truth about those candidates whose records require it, and any voter who votes for the boodlers will do it with his eyes open.

THE bill to reduce the incomes of Coal Oil Inspectors reposes in a pigeon-hole at Jefferson City, and the Coal Oil Inspectors will continue to repose in their soft snaps.

CITIZENS who would like to have the Council filled with sports, boodlers and creatures of the political bosses have fine opportunities for selection on the party tickets.

SHOULD the view of boodling as a good thing for the city, which was put forward by a member of the Municipal Assembly, prevail on election day the Republican ticket is safe.

WHEN the citizens conclude that it is proper to obtain city legislators from the cock-pit and the prisoners' docks of the courts the election of GRASSMUCK, BRADY and LEHMAN will follow.

THE Independent Municipal ticket needs no guarantee of excellence; but, if it did, the names of the Committee of One Hundred chosen to take charge of the campaign constitute a first-class article in that line.

IF indictments for naturalization frauds are recommendations for a seat in the House of Delegates Candidate JULIUS LEHMAN should receive the unanimous vote of the Republicans of the Eighteenth Ward.

THE charge made against the Independent Municipal ticket that it was nominated by a committee of eminently respectable and high-toned gentlemen will certainly kill it in the estimation of hoodlum voters.

APRIL 2, the anniversary of JEFFERSON'S birthday, cannot be better observed by St. Louis Democrats than by resolving to down the bosses who have made a mockery of Jeffersonian principles in the Democratic party of this city.

IT is to be feared that the irrepressible tendency of JOHN THOMAS BRADY, the Democratic candidate for the House of Delegates from the Fifteenth Ward, to get into the Police Court would seriously interfere with his duties, should he be elected.

MUNICIPAL REFORM.

The machinery of popular self-government works fairly well in reflecting the intelligence and executing the will of the people in Federal and State legislation and in all the minor municipalities of the country. Its occasional failures there are quickly corrected. Why is the failure of the same machinery of political organization in the government of our larger cities so conspicuous and continuous as to constitute the rule rather than the exception? Does it not show that the instrument adapted so well to the work in the one case is wholly unfit for the work to be done in the other?

The worst scandals that blur the records of our great political parties spring from their connection with the control of city affairs. The chief blot upon the capacity of our people for self-government is found in the same connection. The fact that our principal cities are more corruptly and expensively governed than those of England or Europe is a standing reproach, the foundation of a number of proposed remedies assuming a corruption or incapacity on the part of city voters that can be corrected only by limiting the suffrage and abridging the domain of local self-government.

But these municipal corruptions and shortcomings are invariably and notoriously the result of oligarchic rather than of democratic methods. The obvious cause is boss rule, established through a perverted application of Federal party organizations to a kind of government which is out of their line and which they treat merely as a field of operation for their small foraging parties.

In assuming that they can without question or additional platform restriction, trust a rich city government to the same party they trust in Federal and State affairs, city voters unguardedly surrender their city to the spoilsmen of both parties, who nominate tickets for both, resolve themselves into an oligarchy of bosses, divide the swag and rule the town unhampered by any pledge or serious responsibility.

An independent organization of the voters of both parties against these bosses and their tickets, is the only redemption for municipal government by the people.

THE RIGHTS OF ADVERTISERS.

In pressing the adoption of the suggestion of a prominent merchant, that the local newspapers should permit a committee of business men to examine their books and report their actual circulations, the POST-DISPATCH is merely insisting that advertisers receive the fair treatment to which they are entitled.

Advertising space is a commodity, the value of which is determined by the bona fide circulation of the newspaper by which it is offered for sale. Its value may easily be determined and the knowledge of it is due every man who advertises in order that he may be assured that he is receiving the worth of his money. He has a right to demand full information, the accuracy of which is attested by proper evidence, before he invests his money. This is the only honorable basis upon which the advertising business can be conducted. The newspaper which substitutes bluster and blow for facts induces the suspicion that the facts are not in accordance with its claims and that it is swindling its advertisers.

The DAILY and SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH stand squarely upon the open circulation platform. Their books and records will be submitted to any committee of merchants charged with the task of investigating them for the purpose of discovering their actual circulations. In the interest of St. Louis merchants, who expend large sums of money for advertising, we insist that this honest basis should be adopted by every newspaper in this city. We propose to have the circulation facts made public.

THERE was every good reason in the world why the city in which SHERMAN is buried should honor the memory of the great soldier with an appropriate monument, but it looks very much as if any possible effort in that direction had been frustrated by the folly of the City Hall movement. The Mayor was doubtless under the impression that no monuments ought to be allowed in St. Louis unless they were "in harmony with his administration," and accordingly he took charge of the matter and informed the public that if they would contribute the money he would put up an equestrian statue of the General on the City Hall steps. The people do not want an equestrian statue of any general on the City Hall steps, and as division of sentiment in such a movement is fatal to success the prospect is that the Sherman monument project will follow the fate of the Garfield monument project.

THE inclement weather of this month has prevented nature from assuming a proper Easter garb. But the merchants have done their best to supply nature's deficiencies and the shop windows present gorgeous pictures. The throngs of shoppers attracted by these beautiful displays in the stores give assurance that the city will not lack a host of spring beauties on Easter Sunday should the weather prove propitious.

Mr. W. C. Steigers

Will call on merchants wishing to contract for advertising in POST-DISPATCH. Telephone 284.

DON'T YOU DO IT.

A Warning to Possible Writers of Soft Love Letters.

HELEN SMITH'S SILLY EPISTLES WERE PUBLISHED AND SHE WAS CHURCHED.

But She Managed to Turn the Tables on the Man Who Betrayed Her Confidence—West Roxbury, Mass., Sees a Beautiful Sensation Come to an End—Two Church Trials.

BOSTON, March 27.—Helen Smith is once more a member in good standing of the West Roxbury Evangelical Church. She was tried for unbecoming conduct and was found not guilty. Miss Smith is the daughter of a wealthy organ manufacturer (said to be a millionaire) and the charges arose out of her relations with Henry W. French, a West Roxbury lecturer. When Miss Smith was in Europe French wrote to her. He received no replies to his letters and charging that her relatives had intercepted his letters to her or hers to him he raised a tremendous row. The matter became public and Miss Smith's relatives charged French with annoying and persecuting her with expressions of his love for her after she had repeatedly rejected his addresses. French then said that Miss Smith was his wife, that they had been married secretly before her departure for Europe. She cabled a positive denial of this, and her relatives denied that she had even engaged herself to marry him. His reply to this was the publication of some unusually soft love letters he had received from her. Subsequently Miss Smith returned from Europe and denied in person the secret marriage French claimed. French was a member of the Evangelical Church and was bounced therefrom.

Miss Smith's trial was delayed until this week for several reasons. French was allowed to be present but made no statement. The evidence was in written statements from Miss Smith, her mother and Miss Eastman, Helen's cousin and roommate. When these were submitted the congregation voted to acquit the girl. Her statement was as follows:

MISS SMITH'S STORY.

"I first met Mr. French at a church sociable in November, 1888, but I saw nothing more of him till the following autumn. About the 1st of December, 1889, he made me an offer of marriage, which I declined. This refusal seemed to depress him very much, and on several occasions he expressed his intention of moving away from West Roxbury on account of it. On Christmas Eve he again referred to the matter, and with like results.

"I was greatly interested in church work, and he became interested in religion. He told me the story of his life, which, to use his own words, was 'crowded with bitterness since, when only 15 years old, I had to leave my home.' My pity increased my interest in him, and, after several conversations with him on religious matters, it was a great satisfaction to me that he united with the church on the 1st of January. I was fascinated by his charming manners and brilliant conversation. He was assiduous in his attention to me, and we became engaged Jan. 18, 1890.

"Later on the difference in our tastes and habits, the discrepancy in our ages, the consciousness that hardly any of my friends approved of the engagement and a growing feeling that I did not love him enough to marry him, led me to break the engagement in May.

"The next day after it was broken he called at the house, saying that he had neither eaten nor slept and begging me not to cast him off. With tears in his eyes he appealed to my mother for help, and her pity for him was such that she finally used her influence in his behalf and the engagment was renewed.

WITH AN EYE TO SKEKELS.

"Some time in September Mr. French sent me a letter with a request that I should give it to my father, in which he stated that when he was engaged to me he supposed that I should 'have a fortune down' at the time of my marriage, but that he had learned that whatever money I was to receive would come at my father's death and not at my marriage. The spirit of the whole letter was a complaint that he had not known this fact before. I showed the letter to Miss Eastman, a relative of the family, who was visiting us, and she advised returning it, lest showing it to my father might cause him to have a still poorer opinion of Mr. French than he had already entertained, and I returned the letter to Mr. French. My father had never approved of the engagement, but he had shown his disapproval more by his reticence than by positive opposition. About the time I received and returned this letter I had a very frank talk with him, in which he suggested that if I were bound to marry Mr. French he should prefer to have the wedding take place within a few months.

"I reported this to Mr. French and added that I presumed I would be disinherited. He seemed stunned by the suggestion and I asked him why he hesitated—if he did not love me enough to marry me on those conditions. He replied that it was 'rough on a fellow to spring it on him that way,' and that while he could not take me then he preferred to wait until he could get something ahead. Afterward, in an interview at my father's house, when asked why he did not marry me when he had a chance, he replied that he did not feel like taking the responsibility upon himself of bringing a girl from such a home down to share his unalloyed economy.

"The engagement was finally broken, Sept. 26; it had been more or less stormy from the first. There were times when I really believed that I loved him enough to marry him, and I frankly told him so. I know now that I did not. I also wrote him affectionate letters, some of which he has lately published; this, notwithstanding his solemn assertion before I left home that he had returned every letter of mine that was in his possession, at the same time weeping to think that I could for a moment question his word in the matter.

"His allegations that there was ever a secret marriage between us of any kind or description are absolutely false. He urged me on three different occasions to consent to one, that I might put it beyond the power of my parents to break the engagement, which I peremptorily refused to do. The last of these occasions was as late as July 24. So far as I can learn, he never claimed to any one till after I was out of the country that there had been a secret marriage between us.

A LETTER FROM FRENCH.

"On Wednesday, Oct. 1, I received from him the following letter, which indicates that he had not then matured his scheme of claiming an existing marriage:

> Henry W. French, West Roxbury, Mass., Tuesday morning.
>
> DEAR HELEN—Can I whisper a word in my own little Polly's ear? I know that I have lost her forever, and this is no attempt to call her back again, for it cannot be done. I only want to speak one word to her before it is too late, for a deeper and heavier blackness comes over me with each morning, and, while I shall try to keep up till you are gone, I have a dread this morning that unless I say my farewell now I may lose my last opportunity.
>
> Poor, dear little Helen! You have been driven and pulled about by everything that could be brought to bear against you. You could not see that it was your own wavering that kept up the courage of those who were determined that you should not marry me, till they at last succeeded. You did not realize that it was the very last attempt they had to make when you yielded, and you will never believe me, yet it is true, that if you were to turn back they would have nothing more to say. Dear, dear, tired and frightened little girl, I do not blame you. I am glad you are going away, for the pleasure and excitement of anticipation relieves the pain of the present and the joy of travel and freedom of Europe will very soon obliterate the last memory of the eight months when we have been all the world to each other. May God's blessing and tenderest care go with you, Helen, and bide with you and keep you in joy and peace, and give you all the happiness which you have dreamed of and thought of and hoped for. I thought that it was foolish love-sick weakness, Helen that made me plead and hold to you so long, but I realize now that is took the strength of a very strong man to do it. It would have been so much easier to have said; "If you want to go, go and that ends it."
>
> But I had faith in my dear, troubled little Polly, and I have faith in her still. Will you do me a favor? I ask it of you. I shall never know whether you do it or not, but I believe that you will. Will you read every word that I have underlined in the five letters inclosed with this? Read them Helen. They will show you all in all, just what I mean. It seems as though our Heavenly Father would almost come to open my darling's eyes, just for an instant. If you will read those lines perhaps God will help you to see, as I see, the little girl in whom I trust and believe as firmly to-day as ever in all my life. Read them, for my sake, Helen. I wonder if, just for an instant, my darling will not come back while I say good-bye? I shall not see it, for this is only a letter, but God grant two beautiful eyes may rest just for one minute upon words that come from my heart, though they can never again rest on me. I have no hope that the 1st of January will bring me joy, for, even if I am alive and if you should feel you loved me a little, you would look back from the freedom and pleasure about you to the bondage and trouble which you endured here, and you will say: "No. I cannot love enough to go back to that," and you will not realize that it would certainly be changed or remember that if your will and love were fixed your father would change his mind.
>
> So, little Polly, all I have to say is that I am sorry, sorry, sorry for every word or act of mine that has ever given you pain. I am sorry for every opportunity that I have lost to give you pleasure, and if ever those dear old-time eyes should open and thoughts like those in the letters I send you bring a tear of regret with them for the mistake which is giving me pain, remember then that from the sharpest and most bitter depths of it I say that with all my heart I forgive you and love you now and always. HARRY.

THREATS.

"He alludes in the first part of the letter to his repeated threats to kill himself if I persisted in not marrying him. The five letters he referred to were some that I had written to him, and the underlined sentences were those which he considered more affectionate than the others. At this time he had not returned the correspondence. I had promised him that if I found after going abroad I really loved him, I would write to him on the 1st of January. I also promised to write him a letter on my arrival in London, which promise I kept, and that letter has been published.

"Before I left home Mr. French made several threats of revenge in case I remained firm in my decision. These threats were directed against me and the members of my family. I am informed that on the day after I sailed (Oct. 1) he asked for an interview with my father, which was appointed by letter for Oct. 14, and that the interview ended by Mr. French withdrawing in great anger from the house. He thereupon wrote me the following letter, from which I omit two names:

> OCT. 14.
>
> MY DEAR HELEN—After being an unwilling listener to what you said to Miss —— and ——, etc., before you went away I acted upon a letter received from your father and went to the house at 5 o'clock this afternoon. He positively denied that he had ever said, or in any way suggested, that if you married me you could not have an appropriate wedding or a proper wardrobe or your just inheritance, and added that he had never used any force or argument, and that you were perfectly free to marry whom you chose. What does it all mean, Helen? I am perplexed almost beyond any such thing as patience, and the Evil One seems tugging at every nerve to make me abandon every promise I have made. I did not mean to write, and surely shall not again unless in response to you, but if you can, please show me that you have not been humbugging me. I am far more ready to believe you than anything against you, but in this horrible night human nature is howling to me for revenge. HARRY.

"On receipt of this letter I wrote to him, plainly showing him that I no longer cared for him and denying his insinuation that I had deceived him as to my father's attitude in the matter; and so far as I was concerned that closed the correspondence between us. When he received this letter he immediately began to carry his scheme of 'revenge' into execution. For one thing, he wrote me a long letter in which he claimed, for the first time to me, that we were ever married. This letter was sent to my father, unsealed and with a request to read it and forward it to me. It is in language unfit to be read, much less published. I have received three other letters from him since then, all of the same tenor except, if possible, more virulent, and these I have ignored.

"In conclusion, I do solemnly affirm that there never was a secret marriage of any kind between Mr. French and myself; that I never cohabited with him, and that there were never any improper relations between us. HELEN F. SMITH."

ELKS' ANNUAL ELECTION.

Mr. Charles F. Joy Chosen Exalted Ruler of the St. Louis Lodge.

The annual election of St. Louis Lodge, No. 9, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, was held last night, the attendance being one of the largest the lodge has had in years. Mr. Charles F. Joy was elected Exalted Ruler; H. Durand, Esteemed Leading Knight; Sig. Koninski, Esteemed Loyal Knight; A. B. Gempp, Esteemed Lecturing Knight; Lew A. Clarke, Secretary; Howard A. Blossom, Treasurer; J. C. Sporleider, Tyler; France Chandler, H. C. Townsend and James J. Kerns, Trustees. The officers were duly installed by C. D. Colman, District Deputy Gr. E. R. for Missouri. St. Louis Lodge, 9, has taken quite a boom recently and is in a most prosperous condition.

The Amusement Committee of the lodge, composed of Messrs. John W. Norton, H. Durand and H. A. Blossom, is making arrangements for the regular annual benefit for the lodge, which will probably be given during the latter part of April or early in May.

QUEER PROCEEDINGS.

An Attorney's Action Criticised in a Justice's Court.

The peculiar proceedings of E. Daniels, an attorney, were brought to light by a case tried in Justice Patrick Kane's Court this afternoon. Six months ago H. Merandon sold to Fred Brodbeck a saloon for $450, payment being taken for $400 of the amount in notes, the same being drawn up by Daniels, payable in six, twelve and eighteen months. Later Daniels drew up for George H. Tuckings, it is said, a chattel mortgage on the same, the amount loaned by the latter being $200. Merandon, upon default of the payment of the first note brought suit, and Daniels, as attorney for Tuckings, took steps as interpleader, on the ground that Tuckings owned the saloon by virtue of his chattel mortgage. Justice Kane held that Tuckings did not have a cause of action, and intimated that the evidence showed a very peculiar state of affairs. Merandon's action against Broadbeck is yet to be tried.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

RAILROAD.—Either of the expressions you quote is correct.

READER.—Denver is nearer Seattle than St. Paul or Omaha.

W. H. P.—Mathematical problems are not solved in this column.

J. R.—The silver dollar weighs 412½ grains Troy, and not 437½ grains.

ROSEBUD.—The lady should wait for the gentleman to offer his arm.

SUBSCRIBER.—The late Lawrence Barrett was a member of the Catholic Church.

SUBSCRIBER.—1. John L. Sullivan is 33 years of age. 2. He fought Paddy Ryan on Feb. 7, 1882. 3. He won in 9 rounds, lasting 11 minutes.

ANXIOUS INQUIRER.—It would be impossible to ascertain exactly how many negroes held federal offices under the present and previous administrations.

CONSTANT READER.—There is a law in regard to small-pox which gives the health authorities power either to take the patient to Quarantine or have it so isolated as to remove all danger of contagion.

SELF-DEFENSE FIEND.—Fitzsimmons, when he fought Jack Dempsey, weighed 150½ pounds. All men weighing over 154 pounds according to London prize-ring rules, or 158 pounds according to Queensbury rules, are classed as heavy-weights.

The Mechanical Trade School.

A special meeting of the Mechanics' Exchange will be held to-morrow to take further action towards establishing a mechanical trade school. The Exchange has been guaranteed $1,500 per year for the first three years by Mr. Auchmutz of New York, and it is proposed to take $1,000 per year for the same period from the Exchange surplus.

Mr. F. L. Marshall,

Representing the POST-DISPATCH on 'Change, will be on the floor during business hours and will call on merchants who desire to make use of the POST-DISPATCH market reports. Telephone 284.

GRASSMUCK'S GAME.

The Merchants' Terminal Bill Blocked by Him in the House.

MERCHANTS AND PROPERTY-OWNERS GIVEN JUST CAUSE FOR INDIGNATION.

An Arbitrary Stand Taken in the Face of a Plea by Prominent Citizens—How It Works—A Dark Outlook in Lighting Affairs—Want to Dock the Company—How the Machine Works.

One obstinate man with a purpose of his own to serve is blocking a public measure in which thousands of people are interested, and to which there is to-day no opposition save that of this single committeeman. Mr. George Grassmuck, chairman of the House of Delegates Committee on Railroads, and who appears on the Republican list of nominations for the Council, has seen fit in the face of a representative gathering to block the bill providing for the erection of the Merchants' Terminal Depot, and held it back, leaving it in danger of going over with the session. Some months ago the Merchants' Terminal Railroad Co. introduced a bill known as Council bill No. 182. This bill granted the privilege of running a switch track into the property on Broadway and O'Fallon street, known as the Round-top Market. When it became generally known that a switch was to be run across Third street the tradesmen and property owners in the neighborhood rose up and denounced the thing as an imposition and a grab. Committees were organized and the measure fought on systematic lines. The opposition carried its point, and Maj. C. C. Rainwater, President of the road, withdrew the bill and at the same time stated that it had been the intention to build there a first-class depot, and that the intention had never been to use the ground for yards in which to keep the cars. Then it dawned upon the people that they were fighting a good thing, and the opposition dissolved like a fog before the sun. Those who had been in sympathy with the measure organized, and in the Council a new bill was constructed by the committee. This bill was introduced with the consent of the company, and a promise from them that the right thing would be done.

The following extract from the ordinance will show just what the measure is.

A FINE DEPOT.

> The passenger depot authorized under this ordinance shall be of attractive architectural design and shall not cost less than five hundred thousand dollars ($500,000), and the main fronts of said buildings shall be on a line fifty feet north of the present north line of Carr street and on a line 100 feet east of the west line of Broadway, from Carr street to O'Fallon street and of a height not less than two ordinary stories, and the said company, its successors or assigns, shall begin work for the construction of said passenger depot within two (2) years and shall complete same within five (5) years after the approval of this ordinance. Provided, that before the said company, its successors or assigns, shall begin the construction of said depot buildings and such buildings immediately adjoining and pertaining to the uses thereof, including arches and sheds covering the tracks, there shall be submitted by said company, its successors or assigns, plans and details of specifications of said proposed depot buildings and arches or sheds covering the tracks to the Board of Public Improvements and the same shall be approved by the said board, as reasonably and fairly requiring in their construction, a cost and expense of not less than five hundred thousand dollars ($500,000), but the same shall be submitted to said board before the work of construction shall begin, and it is further provided, that upon the completion of said buildings and arches or sheds covering the tracks, it shall be the duty of said board to determine whether or not said buildings and arches, or sheds covering the tracks shall have reasonably cost at least the said amount of five hundred thousand dollars ($500,000) and whether or not said structure and arches or sheds covering the tracks shall have been built substantially according to said plans and specifications.

MERCHANTS IGNORED.

In support of this measure a petition has been drawn up and presented which bore the names of nearly all the property owners and merchants within a radius of several blocks. This petition, when before the Council, covered the entire length of the reporters' table in the Council Chamber, which is about twenty feet long. The bill when in the Council was carefully gone over and corrected and then passed without any unnecessary delay. Then it got into the House of Delegates, and then into the clutches of Grassmuck. Time after time have the officers of the road and the friends of the bill, applied to this potentate asking him to bring the bill up in committee and give those interested in it a hearing. He has refused to do this. Yesterday a large delegation of some of the best business men in St. Louis went to the House of Delegates to try to move the bill. They were practically ignored. The only answer they could get from Committeeman Grassmuck was that he understood there was opposition and he wanted to give the opposition a fair chance. Switch bills and other matters were taken up, but the Merchants' Terminal bill was never touched. The committee of citizens finally secured a promise from the committeeman that they would be allowed a hearing on next Tuesday.

This is not the first time that this thing has been done by Mr. Grassmuck to serve his own interests. The Union Depot projectors had the same difficulties and on several other occasions the same obstacle has been encountered. Mr. Grassmuck now wants to go to the Council where he can apply his tactics with more facility.

Will Not Furnish Lights.

A question of some considerable importance will be referred to City Counsellor Bell for decision within the next few days by Mayor Noonan at the request of President Burnet of the Board of Public Improvements. The question is one which brings out the first difficulty yet encountered by the city under the electric-lighting contracts and may develope into an issue upon which the whole contract may stand or fall.

The Board of Public Improvements at the regular meeting to-day adopted the following motion:

> Moved that the President of the board be directed to obtain through the Mayor the opinion of the City Counsellor as to the powers of the Board of Public Improvements to make deductions from moneys due the contractors for city lighting under contract 2178 for failure of said contractors to erect additional lights within the time specified in said contract.

The trouble dates back several months and has been referred to several times. The board from time to time ordered up street lights at such points as needed additional illumination, but the company ignored nearly all requisitions and to-day there are 209 lamps unplaced which have been on the order book from two to six months and have not been attended to. It is asserted by the company, and by experts generally, that the Municipal Co. cannot make money out of the city lights at the rates the city now pays, so that every additional lamp erected involves the company in the cost of the lamp, pole and connections, without assuring them any profit. In other words, an additional lamp is an additional expense to the company, so they simply refuse to put up the lamps, and let the city take the aggressive and force matters to an issue. It was ventured at the time that the deal between the Laclede Gas Co. and the Municipal Electric Light Co. was on that the company might lay down on its contracts, forfeit the bond of $50,000 and then go into new contracts at higher prices. That opinion still prevails with the members of the board and they intend to know something definite before long. As matters are going now it is practically impossible to secure more lights when they are wanted.

City Counsellor Bell was asked this morning what his opinion was on the subject and said he would have to look over the contracts again, as they were rather lengthy and he had not seen them for so long that he had forgotten the wording.

In the contract, under the head of additional lights, it says: "Any street, public place, park or building which shall not have been previously lighted, shall, upon requisition as above provided, be lighted from and after thirty days after notice of such requirement is given the contractor."

At the end of the contract is the usual bond in which the company binds itself to carry out all the terms of the contracts. It is not on the bond that the board desires to make its attack, but upon the payments due the company. It would be too serious a matter to sue on the bond in the courts and it is for that reason that the board wants to know if a little effective docking can be done.

Why This Delay?

There is considerable indignation in the southern part of the city over the delay caused by Mr. Comfort in the Council in the matter of the Jefferson Avenue Railroad bill. The bill was introduced on March 6, and provided for a change of motive power to electricity, and added a few extensions which would be of benefit and convenience to the citizens using the road. This ordinance went to the committee and there it is stranded. A committee of South Side property owners have the assurance of Mr. Scullin, the manager of the road, that if the bill is passed this session the road will be equipped and operating under the new system by July. The members of the committee give no explanations for their conduct.

How the Machine Works.

This morning the cohorts of the Street Department, including sprinkling inspectors, clerks and outside inspectors of all grades, drifted into the office with their usual deliberate manner. When they came out again they were each decorated with a badge made of two bits of ribbon, on which were printed, "Vote for Anderson, you bet."

These badges had been furnished by Jesse Murphy, the Secretary of the department.

EAST ST. LOUIS AND BELLEVILLE.

News Events on the Other Side of the Big Stream.

Mrs. Caroline Roewe, wife of Alderman Henry Roewe of the Third Ward of East St. Louis, died quite unexpectedly shortly before noon to-day. She was 45 years old and had been married twenty-three years. The funeral will occur on Monday. Religious services will be performed at St. Henry's Church at 9 a. m., and the remains will be interred at St. Henry's Cemetery. Mrs. Rowe's aged mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Seimer, died on Tuesday, and her father, Carl Seimer, who is 92 years old, is prostrated and not expected to live.

A meeting of the Canbyites was held last night at the Franklin School-house, at which Richard Howlett was nominated for Alderman of the Second Ward. Judge Canby and Prof. Suess made speeches to 225 voters. The Aldermanic nominee is a contracting carpenter. Judge Canby and Dan Ramsey will address a meeting at Heidenberg's Hall this evening.

Mary Vollmer brought suit to-day in the City Court against Christian Beyerlim for $10,000 damages for defamation of character, alleging that the defendant made remarks reflecting on her virtue. L. H. Moore and Sophia Moore brought suit against E. Danner for $5,000 damages for trespass.

J. M. Darr, a railroad man, is collecting money for the relief of the destitute family of William McCoy, living at 708 Illinois avenue. He has turned over to the family $20 in cash, and is circulating his list for more subscriptions.

A business meeting of the Baptist congregation will be held this evening at the residence of Mrs. Christy on Seventh street. The purpose of the meeting is to select a site for a new church.

Sheriff Hotz of Madison County passed through East St. Louis to-day on the way to Chester with two convicts.

Arch Springer has been reappointed Humane Agent at the National Stock Yards by Gov. Fifer.

Col. S. D. Eaton, a prominent contractor of Burlington, O., is visiting in East St. Louis. He is the guest of Thomas N. Chase.

Clerk May of the city court, has recovered from his recent illness.

Belleville.

William J. Claus, a young merchant, has been called upon to run for City Clerk. Otto Rauschkold, also a merchant, is asked to run for Alderman in the First Ward.

The Baptist Christian Endeavor Society will give a literary entertainment this evening at the church. Mr. Frush, an Alton elocutionist, will recite.

Rev. C. T. Phillips, who leaves next week for Cairo, will be tendered a farewell reception Monday evening by the Y. P. S. C. E. of the Presbyterian Church.

General Supt. George K. Lowell of the Air Line was in the City yesterday. He is on a tour of inspection.

George Frees, a Belleville man, who has been missing for two weeks, has been heard from. He is at Joplin, Mo., working in a lead mine.

Marriage licenses were issued yesterday to George Meyer and Minnie Hoffman of Belleville; Otto Rung, Jr., and Elizabeth Breitwiesser of East St. Louis.

She Jumped Into a Well.

Mrs. Barbara Muschua, despondent and in poor health, ended her miserable existence yesterday. About 4:30 o'clock she arose from bed at her residence, 1827 South Thirteenth street, and quietly dressed. Without a word of farewell to her daughter she left the room, passed through the kitchen and went into the yard. Her daughter heard the slamming of the kitchen door and dropped off to sleep. It was 6:30 o'clock before she missed her mother. She then dressed and hurriedly searched the house without avail. Finally, in her alarm, she ran to the residence of her landlord, Henry Freitag, 1837 South Thirteenth street, and informed him of her mother's disappearance. Freitag repaired to the dwelling and in a few minutes discovered the body of the unfortunate woman in the well at the rear of the residence. The deceased was a widow, 65 years old and was a Bohemian by birth. For many months she has been confined to her residence by sickness and grew despondent. She leaves a grown daughter and step-son.

The Brandy Trust.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., March 27.—The *Chronicle* says: "An attempt is being made by a syndicate of local jobbers to control the brandy market. Agents of the syndicate have been journeying throughout the wine districts and buying up all the brandy in sight. In the bonded warehouses in the State there are now stored fully one million gallons of brandy made since 1889. Nearly one-half of this amount is held by the syndicate. Brandy older than this is not to be purchased."

Independent producers will fight the Brandy Trust, and it is stated will convert large quantities of wine now on hand into brandy.

Charged With Embezzlement.

A warrant for embezzlement was sworn out at the Four Courts this morning against Edward O'Brien. The defendant was taken into custody last evening by Officers Taylor and Farrell of the Third District on complaint of Frank Kelly, 1019 Mound street. Kelly alleges that he sent O'Brien out on a huckster wagon to sell a quantity of vegetables of the value of $15, and that O'Brien disposed of the load, but failed to make any returns, appropriating the proceeds to his own use.

Business Suspended.

To-day Third street was nearly deserted. The Merchants' Exchange adjourned over Good Friday, and its example was followed by the Mining Exchange. An attempt was made to hold a mining curb, but there was little trading.

MR. JOHN M. WHITE is connected with the advertising department of the POST-DISPATCH with the special object of writing up the business interests of St. Louis and vicinity.

A WRECKED LIFE.

William C. Lincoln's Search for His Wife's Betrayer.

EIGHT YEARS SPENT IN HUNTING DOWN A FALSE FRIEND.

The Story of a Ruined Home Which Dates From the Chicago Knights Templar Conclave of 1883—A Prominent and Wealthy New Yorker Involved in the Scandal.

NEW YORK, March 27.—After eight years' fruitless search, which took him into many States and cost him a handsome fortune, William C. Lincoln, once a prosperous member of the Chicago Board of Trade, has at last succeeded, as he claims, in running down the betrayer of his young and handsome wife and the destroyer of his home and happiness. He says the villian is a prominent and wealthy merchant of New York, with a palatial home in Great Neck, where he resides with his family, one of whom is a beautiful daughter, recently married.

Mr. Lincoln arrived in this city about five weeks ago. He put up at the Coleman House, the proprietor of which, Mr. Pearson, was an old friend and comrade of his out in San Francisco fifteen or twenty years ago. He came, he said, for the purpose of meeting his enemy and settling the affair in the true Western style—at the point of the deadly six-shooter—and, it is said, he went so far as to make the attempt to do so, but was prevented by cooler heads, who convinced him that that kind of justice might do out West, but was decidedly unfashionable here.

MR. LINCOLN'S STORY.

According to the story told by Mr. Lincoln, who is a man of fine presence, about 55 years of age, he went from San Francisco to Chicago about fifteen years ago. In San Francisco he was a prosperous business man and amassed quite a fortune. In this he is corroborated by Mr. Pearson, who says he was all this and more, highly respected and prominent in the commercial affairs of the city. Mr. Pearson knew him intimately, as he lived at that gentleman's hotel for years. In Chicago Mr. Lincoln went into the brokerage business and was prominent on the Board of Trade. He lived in fine style. He married a beautiful young girl, daughter of a prominent Chicago family. She had been in a convent school and was unfamiliar with society when he made her his wife at the age of 19, in 1880. He was more than twice her age. They had two children.

Mr. Lincoln is a thirty-second degree mason, and in 1883 there was a grand Masonic conclave in Chicago. The city was full of Masons, and as Mr. Lincoln was on the committee of entertainment he was compelled to give up much of his time to the entertainment of the guests. Among the friends of Mr. Lincoln was one man in whom he had the greatest confidence, both in business and social matters. One afternoon, he claims, his wife, then only 21 years old, went out and was induced by his friend to go and take a ride with him in a carriage. They visited what the wife at first thought was a restaurant, but it turned out to be a disreputable house. The wife returned to her husband in a state of maudlin intoxication. The husband taxed her on the spot with infidelity, but she denied any wrong doing and said she had simply been out with some friend. She became wilder and less careful of the covenances, until in 1885 a divorce resulted, and the husband, who all along had been spending money and losing ground in his business, continued the search for his wife's betrayer, swearing that if he ever came face to face with him one of them would have to die. Once he succeeded in finding the man, as he supposed, but when he taxed him with it the man made a denial and asked to face his wife. They were brought face to face and the result was that the husband found that he had been spending years in hunting down the wrong man.

THE RECONCILIATION.

Three years ago Lincoln, at the repeated prayers of his wife, decided to take her back for the sake of his two children on the one condition that he should be told the name of the man who had wrecked his happiness, debauched his wife and caused him to lose his fortune. The wife promised to do so and they were remarried. She then told him the name of the man. Investigation proved that shortly subsequent to the Masonic Conclave in 1883 this man had left Chicago and no traces could be found of him. There was absolutely nothing to indicate where the man had gone, and large sums were spent in running down false clews. Once, he says, he met the man who had once been his friend on the streets of Chicago, and there would have been a murder of the kind which is held justifiable in the West, but for the fact that the alleged betrayer made his escape through a large crowd, and the injured husband would not shoot for fear of injuring some innocent person. Until then he did not know that his man was alive. Lincoln was possessed of indomitable energy, however, and he thought if the destroyer of his happiness had ventured to Chicago once he might do so again, so he had the hotel registers closely scanned, and his diligence was rewarded a few weeks ago by seeing him registered from Great Neck, L. I. But when he attempted to have his informal reckoning with him Lincoln found his enemy had left. This was in February last. He had now spent all his money, but he got together a little from friends and started for New York, arriving here about March 1. He proceeded down to Flushing, where he engaged Lawyer John J. Trapp, who is also town clerk of Flushing, to look after his interests. Ex-District Attorney Benj. Downing was also consulted. They advised him to settle the matter without resort to bloodshed. He yielded. They looked into the matter and were compelled to inform their client that he could not sue the man for having alienated his wife's affections, as the action was outlawed after the lapse of six years. At this turn of affairs Lincoln became wild and broke down and cried like a babe, swearing that if he could not get justice in the courts he would have it in his own way.

AT HIS ENEMY'S DOOR.

He bought a pistol, it is alleged, and armed thus on March 4 he presented himself at the door of his former friend and demanded a settlement of the old score. There was a lively scene, angry words came from the outraged husband like a torrent, and a tragedy was narrowly averted. Eye-witnesses are reticent as to just what did occur, but Mr. Lincoln openly proclaimed that he went there to shoot the man who, he believes, wrecked his life, and was only prevented by interference of others. He was finally persuaded to give up his pistol and leave the matter in the hands of his counsel, who are now investigating to see if a suit cannot be brought in the State of Illinois. If this can be done there will be an action at law, and the name of the man, who is said to be a millionaire and a social leader at Great Neck, may be made public.

Mr. Lincoln comes of an old revolutionary family and is a descendant of the famous Maj.-Gen. Lincoln who was present when Lord Cornwallis surrendered to Geo. Washington. He has gone to Quincy, Mass., where he has a wealthy brother and mother, who are aiding him in his search for vengeance. The strain on him has been terrible and he is said by Mr. Pearson to be a wreck of his former self, though still a fine looking man.

The alleged betrayer, whose name is withheld from publication by the attorneys of Lincoln, denies that he is the guilty party and says that Lincoln is simply doing this in the hope of making him pay up rather than face the scandal. But Lincoln's friends here say he has changed much in character if such is his motive, as he was always a square and upright fellow out in California. Lincoln will return, it is said, in a few days, and detectives will go to Chicago to get more documentary evidence.

Have You Seen The New Spring Styles

In Men's Fine Footwear?

BROLASKI,

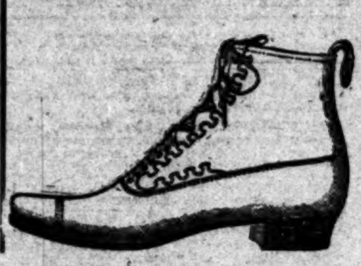
205 North Broadway,

Has the Largest and Best Assortment of the Latest Styles. (Popular Prices.)

205 N. BROADWAY.

KORRECT SHAPE

The Only First-Class Exclusively Men's Store in the City.



Reception From 6 to 8 O'Clock This (Friday) Evening.

ANOTHER SALE OF

MEN'S $2 AND $2.50 STIFF HATS FOR $1.40

In Our Hat Department for Saturday Only.

SPECIAL—Ladies' $3.50 SHOES Go for $2.40 Saturday Only.

DISCRIMINATING MOTHERS fairly rush after our beautiful Shirt Waists. Exclusive patterns, popular prices the cause. Prices 65 cents up.

"It seems to be a little bit muddy," said the Chicago man, as they picked their way across a down-town street.

"A little bit? No, sir!" said the St. Louisan, proudly. "We never do things by halves. Just come out to the West End with me, and by gad, sir, you'll need feet the size of one of the Wiggins ferryboats if you don't go in up to your neck."

SAVE THE BOY!

Aye, and his parents, too! That do we! Our bright, new spring stock of Boys' and Children's Clothing stands ready to save every boy in St. Louis from the taunts of ill-dressedness that his fellows are sure to fling if he does not appear on Easter morn in one of our perfect-fitting, stylish and durable suits. And we save the solid cash of the parents by selling them new spring suits, all wool, worth $6, $6.50 and $7 (ages 4 to 14 years),

FOR $4.85

SPRING OVERCOATS.

Our stock is pronounced the finest and largest in St. Louis,

Prices $7.50 to $30

SPECIAL—300 fine Kersey, Cheviot and Cassimere Spring Overcoats

Now Go for $14.50

PANTS—Especially good values offered at $5.

Store open until 10 p. m. Saturday.

J. L. HUDSON, CLOTHIER,

406 and 408 NORTH BROADWAY.

THEY HAVE A PLAN.

Ingenious Scheme of the Pool-Sellers to Evade the Law.

OUTSIDE RACES TO BE COUNTERFEITED HERE BY LOCAL PLUGS.

The Pool-Room Keepers Are Also Confident of Having the Stone Law Declared Unconstitutional—Dilemma of the New Jersey Tracks—Slavin's Advertising Bluff—Sporting News.

Local pool-room keepers have determined upon how they shall fight the Stone pool bill which passed the Legislature and will soon become a law. It is similar to the Tennessee law and prohibits the sale of pools except while race meetings are in progress within the State and then only permits pools to be sold on those particular races. No pools can at any time be sold on any races run outside the State. Thus, while not stipulating that pools can be sold only on race tracks, this was intended to be the practical effect of the bill, as pool rooms cannot afford to open and run only during race meetings held in the State, and sell only on these particular races, and remain closed for the remainder of the year. This Tennessee law is about the only one adopted by various States to restrict pool selling, which has stood the test and which the pool rooms have not been able to have the courts declare unconstitutional, The St. Louis pool-room keepers hope, however, to have the law knocked out here. Their scheme is to have every pool-room in the city, except Furber's, close when the law goes into effect. It is known that Chief of Police Harrigan has no sympathy with the pool-rooms, and he will lose no time in arresting the proprietors of Furber's. Then a test case is to be made, and the pool-room men seem extremely confident that when the case comes before Judge Claiborne of the Court of Criminal Correction he will declare the law unconstitutional. The State might take an appeal in a roundabout way, as was done in the Sunday law cases when Judge Noonan declared the law unconstitutional and the State Supreme Court held differently. There is no direct appeal for the State, however, and it will take some time by the process adopted in the Sunday law cases to get a decision from the State Supreme Court, and in the meantime the pool rooms could thrive and flourish.

A very ingenious scheme and one which if carried out may give the authorities considerable trouble in enforcing the law has been devised by the pool rooms. It is to build a small, cheap track in the city and run a lot of old plugs out there. This track is to be connected with the pool rooms by wire and the rooms are to receive telegraphic reports as at present from the race tracks all over the country. The plugs at the local track are to be run under the names of the horses which start in the races elsewhere, and while the bets will be theoretically made on the local races, the rooms will in reality be selling pools on races run in every section of the country. Of course the horses at the local track will have to be run so as to tally with the results of the races run at Chicago, Gravesend, Morris Park or wherever the genuine race takes place. Thus when the Suburban Handicap is run in the East the local track will probably have among its starters for its race a number of broken-down street-car horses labelled as Tenny, Firenzi, Kingston, Raceland, Tournament, Potomac, Bolero, Burlington and so on. These same "cracks" may be started here the next day as Gray Eagle, Healey John, Roley Boley, Sam Lazarus and a lot of other old selling platers. Of course no jockey will be ruled off this pool-room track for pulling his mount, and shoulder any of the old skates manage to run away and finish in the wrong order, they can easily be set back by the judges on a claim of foul and the horses placed as they should be to tally with the result of the genuine race run on some other track. It could even be arranged that there should be no way of distinguishing one horse from another at the local pool room track until the judges posted the winners. There is no law enforcable in the courts to prohibit men calling their horses whatever names they please or from changing the name of the animals as frequently as they choose. It might be found that the pool-rooms were sticking up the results of the local races before they were run as the races elsewhere will have to take place before it can be known how the horses are to finish here. This discrepancy in time can be obviated, however, by holding back the result of the race at the rooms until after the local track has been given it's cue how to let the horses finish and has notified the rooms that the race has been run. There is no law to prevent rooms posting up the entries for the various races at the different tracks, so that their patrons would know exactly where the event on which they were betting was being run and what race it was, while their money was nominally placed on the local race. It is certainly a novel scheme and it will be readily seen how extremely difficult it will be to obtain a conviction against the rooms with a track of that kind in operation.

THE NEW JERSEY TRACKS.

NEW YORK, March 27.—Racing men of all degrees are still deeply stirred over the complications which have arisen through the failure of the bills legalizing betting on the New Jersey race tracks. Mr. Withers was confined to his room yesterday, suffering from a severe attack of the grip. He was unable to leave his bed.

Michael Dwyer is said to be fixed in his determination to race at Elizabeth on April 10 and following days. According to one report, he declares that he will have betting there. He has apparently been looking into some of the Jersey legislative enactments and has discovered a way in which he thinks he will be able to defy the legal powers. According to the law of New Jersey, betting in the ring is an offense punishable with a fine or imprisonment. Nothing is said, however, about betting on the lawn, and it is likely that the bookmakers, following the example of their English brethern, will range themselves on stools and boxes along the green sward in front of the grand stand, and fill the summer air with the music of their voices.

Wm. A. Duer, President of the Jerome Park Villa Site & Improvement Co., said yesterday that he had as yet received no proposition for the lease of Jerome Park to the Monmouth Park Association, the Dwyers, the Phantom syndicate of bookmakers or any of the other combinations which are said to be watching for a chance to seize on the old saddle-bags track. "The company is ready to lease Jerome Park to anyone who will take it," he said. "We have no preference, no sympathies, no poetic sentiments on the subject. We are for pure hard cash all the time. The park can be ready for racing in three days. It has always been in good condition, and about eighty hours' work would suffice to bring the stands and all other parts of the course back to the state in which they were at the close of the last meeting. As soon as I receive an offer from anyone I shall call a meeting of the company and bring the negotiations to a head. I only wish Jerome Park belonged to me. It would not long remain in disuse. Anyone that will take it and race there will make money."

FIRENZI.

The greatest equine star quartered at Monmouth Park is Firenzi. The heroine of many a grand battle, the greatest racing mare in the eyes of many that America ever produced, is now entering on her seventh year. If appearances are any criterion, she will prove herself as fleet of foot, as stout of heart as ever. Last season Firenzi had an illustrious stable companion, Salvator, in whose presence her glory was dimmed. To-day she stands contentedly munching all the food that is given her, all unconscious of the applause likely to fire her to deeds of prowess before the summer wanes.

As in the past few years, Firenzi is in charge of Matt Byrnes. She has been so long in the stable near old Monmouth's entrance gates that she feels thoroughly at home. Matt Byrnes said she never looked in better health, never acted better. She is kind and affectionate, the pet of the stable. She looks big and fat, with glossy coat and gentle, bright eyes.

GUTTENBURG EVENTS.

NEW YORK, March 27.—The races at Guttenburg yesterday resulted as follows:

First race, six furlongs—Deer Lodge 117, Clayton, first; Defendant 102, Doggett, second; Fitzroy 108, Siebel, third. Time, 1:17½.

Second race, five and a half furlongs—Bob Arthur 112, M. Bergen, first; Frances S. 112, Taylor, second; Nubian 112, Siebel, third. Time, 1:10¾.

Third race, one mile and a furlong—Clamor 109, Camp, first; Harry Kuhl 105, Doggett, second; Fernwood 104, Clayton, third. Time, 1:59½.

Fourth race, six and a half furlongs—Gloster 104, H. Penny, first; Sam Morse 103, Weber, second; Stonington 106, Flynn, third. Time, 1:23½.

Fifth race, one mile—Churchill Clark 109, H. Penny, first; Vengeur 106, Taylor, second; Glory 99, J. Lambley, third. Time, 1:44¾.

Six race, seven furlongs—La Grippe 109, Weber, first; Craft 104, Stevenson, second; Ozone 111, Clayton, third. Time, 1:33.

GLOUCESTER RACES.

GLOUCESTER, N. J., March 27.—At the track here yesterday the races resulted as below:

First race, seven-eighths of a mile—Hemet, first; Repudiator, second; Baltimore, third. Time, 1:37½.

Second race, three-fourths of a mile—Irene, H., first; Flagrant, second; Teddy C., third. Time, 1:24.

Third race, four and one-half furlongs—Alice Ward gelding, first; Addie T., second; Aquasco, third. Time, 1:00¼.

Fourth race, six and a quarter furlongs—Morristown, first; Prodigal, second; Ida Girl, third. Time, 1:24.

Fifth race, one and one-sixteenth miles—Hamlet, first; St. Albans, second; Wild Cherry, third. Time, 1:59½.

Sixth race, four and a half furlongs—Chicora, first; Jim Gates, second; Monte Cristo, thrid. Time, 1:02½.

NEW ORLEANS MEETING.

NEW ORLEANS, La., March 27.—Yesterday's races here resulted as follows:

First race, selling, for non-winners, maiden allowances, four furlongs—Grateful won by half a length from Florine, who beat Gwendolin a head for the place. Time, :54½.

Second race, five furlongs, selling—Belle Redmond won easily by two lengths from Grey Eagle, who was the same distance before Miss Francis, third. Time, 1:07.

Third race, selling, beaten allowances, eleven-sixteenths—Bonnie Annie won easily by a length from Heeley John, who beat Crispino half a length for the place. Time, 1:15.

Fourth race, handicap, seven furlongs—Sullross won by a head, Mamie S. beating Roley Boley two lengths for the place. Time, 1:37.

THE RING.

Frank P. Slavin and Charley Mitchell are to visit this county on a sparring tour next month. As an advertising move, Slavin has sent on in advance a sweeping challenge. He offers to fight or box any man in America for any amount from $2,500 to $10,000 a side and the championship of the world. Slavin, as a bluff superlative, offers to give John L. Sullivan $5,000, if he fails to stop, conquer or knock him out in six rounds. He also agrees to give Jake Kilrain $3,000 if he fails to knock him out in six rounds, providing Kilrain spars fairly. Dominick McCaffrey and George Godfrey are offered $500 as a present to box this Australian blowhard six rounds. Slavin also offers to box either Jim Corbett or Peter Jackson ten rounds or fight them and forfeit $3,000 if he fails to knock either out in ten rounds. It may seem absurd that Slavin should be willing to forfeit $5,000 if he fails to stop Sullivan in six rounds, and only $3,000 if he fails to finish Kilrain, a much inferior man, in the same number of rounds, but it is a good business move and the hand of cunning Charley Mitchell is clearly visible in it. If Slavin could get Sullivan to spar him six rounds there would be $20,000 taken in at the door and the Australian could well afford to be pretty severely punished himself, for after forfeiting $5,000 to Sullivan on account of failing to stop him, Slavin would still have $15,000 left. John L. is not foolish enough to go into any such arrangement as that. If he boxed Slavin the big fellow would stipulate that the winner should receive the entire gate receipts. However, Sullivan has no intention of entering the ring at present, as he is growing rich rapidly in the easier occupation of starring in "Willing Hearts and Hands." Slavin and all others are perfectly safe in challenging him, and they realize this thoroughly. Sullivan excepted, the Australian is probably the greatest fighter living, and he may possibly be a better man than John L. himself, but Slavin well knows he has not a chance in a hundred of stopping the chamion in six rounds, and when he issues such a challenge he is making a bluff pure and simple for advertising purposes. Furthermore, Slavin knows that if he and Sullivan ever meet the latter will be the favorite in the betting and in all likelihood will prove the winner, too, especially under Queensberry rules. Certain it is that in his best day John L. would be almost certain to whip the Australian without receiving much punishment himself. Still liquor has undoubtedly injured the champion's constitution greatly, and Slavin, who is a wonderful fighter, may now be more than a match for him.

SULLIVAN'S DAY PAST.

If Duncan Harrison is right, John L. Sullivan's career in the ring is at an end, writes Macon. He says that the big fellow is under contract to him not to fight for two years. If Sully keeps his contract, he will be over 35 at its termination. He has lost his speed, and if he is wise he will keep his contract, save his money and let younger and fresher men contend for the pugilistic championship. At present his record is unblemished by a defeat. A draw was the best that any opponent has ever been able to get with him and they who were so fortunate as to do that well with him only got the stand-off through accidents that crippled him, as when he broke his arm on Patsy Cardiff's head or partially disabled his right arm on Mitchell's elbow. Had Sullivan led a fairly abstemious life he would to-day have been in the very zenith of his powers, but we all know that he is making a dead set at John Barleycorn and that no man can do that and preserve his form very long.

If "Sully," the day he met Jake Kilrain at Richburg, had been two-thirds as fresh as he was when he defeated Paddy Ryan at Mississippi City he would have whipped the Baltimorean in twenty minutes. We all know now that Kilrain was in no condition to do his best. He kept away from Sullivan as much as he could, but had Sully been himself Jake's efforts would not have availed him long. Of course, it can be replied that Sullivan never was as good an old-style fighter as he was a Queensberry smasher. That is true, but under the circumstances he should have done Kilrain up in an hour at the most. That he could not do it proved conclusively that his fistic powers were on the wane. Therefore, I say his determination to quit the ring is a most sensible one.

TANSEY KNOCKED OUT.

PEORIA, Ill., March 27.—Joe Tansey of Memphis was defeated in a prize-fight by Joe Wickert, a local pugilist, yesterday. The mill was an especially brutal one and Tansey was knocked out in the twenty-second round.

BASE BALL.

The weather gods are getting in their work against the spring opening of outdoor sports. If the day is at all pleasant the opening game of the season between the St. Louis Browns and the Washington University team will take place at Sportsman's Park to-morrow afternoon. It is quite the fad in the East for Yale, Harvard, Princeton, the University of Pennsylvania, Cornell and other college teams to play the leading professional clubs. Washington University should be able to muster a team capable of making Capt. Comiskey's men play ball. The game will be called at 3:30 p. m.

McGeachy having signed with the Athletics, to play centerfield, Earle Wagner will not bring an injunction suit against Centerfield Mike Griffin, who jumped a three-year personal contract with Wagner and went to Brooklyn. Wagner fears that Brooklyn might retaliate by enjoining Pitcher Weyhing and McGeachy, both of whom had three-year contracts with the Brooklyn Players' Club, now owned by the Brooklyn League team.

The Browns Reserves will play the St. Louis Browns Sunday, at Sportsman's Park.

Jack Boyle and Denny Lyons arrived here this morning from Cincinnati. Stivetts, the only member of the team who is not in the city, is expected here in the morning. King has not yet reported or been measured for a uniform. He does not have to report until April 1, but his tardiness gives rise to the suspicion that Mark Baldwin or somebody else has signed him for the League.

Mike Kelly's Cincinnatis will have a rousing big day in Boston April 2, Fast Day, with pleasant weather. Julian B. Hart, Secretary of the Boston Club writes, that there will be 20,000 people present. Tickets are going like hot cakes.

At Baltimore yesterday the Baltimores defeated the Washingtons, 16 to 4, and at Philadelphia the Athletics beat the Richmonds by a score of 13 to 2.

FREE TO OUR FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS.

Our Easter Greeting.

THE GREAT ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC TEA CO.

Follows its time-honored custom to bring peace and joy into the homes of its many thousands of customers, and therefore offers them, for this week only, beginning Monday, March 23, and closing Saturday, March 28, FREE OF CHARGE, that masterpiece of art,

EASTER OFFERINGS.

This beautiful picture represents a girl in the early spring of life, surrounded by Flora's lovely children, the fragrant flowers of spring. Its innocent eyes look dreamingly forward, as if asking, IS LIFE A PHANTOM OR REALITY? The answer to this question may be safely left to the customers of **The Great Atlantic and Pacific Tea Company.** They have used for many years their unsurpassed TEAS, their different kinds of COFFEES, their BAKING POWDER and CONDENSED MILK. They will continue to do so.

STORES IN ST. LOUIS:

712 North Fifth Street.
1256 South Fifth Street.
2108 Franklin Avenue.
611 Franklin Avenue.

FLOWERS FOR EASTER.

We will have for Easter large quantities of beautiful Spring Flowers, including choice Roses, White and Purple Lilacs, Lily of the Valley, Red, White, Pink, Yellow and Striped Tulips, Jonquils, Hyacinths and Easter Lilies.

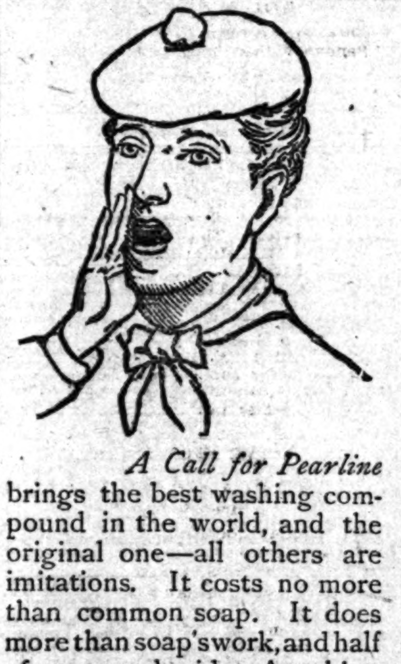
We have the finest stock of plants in bloom, such as St. Joseph Lilies, Roses, Spireas, Hydrangeas and Hyacinths, all grown especially for the Easter trade.

C. YOUNG & SONS CO., 1406 Olive St.

GET a solid silver St. Louis "Souvenir Spoon" at Mermod & Jaccard's, Broadway and Locust. Prices, $1 to $4.

Mail orders carefully filled.

The Maine Legislature has made it a misdemeanor to intimidate any one from securing employment.



A Call for Pearline

brings the best washing compound in the world, and the original one—all others are imitations. It costs no more than common soap. It does more than soap's work, and half of your own besides. Anything that needs cleaning can be washed with it—without scouring, rubbing and scrubbing, and with absolute safety. Make its acquaintance; millions of women call it their best friend. Every grocer keeps it, because he has constant calls for it.

Beware of Imitations. JAMES PYLE, N. Y.

DEATHS.

BURNS—March 27, at 3 a. m., JAMES H. BURNS, aged 53 years, beloved husband of Katie Burns.

Funeral will take place from his late residence, 1816 Division street, on Sunday, 29th inst., at 1:30 p.m. to St. Lawrence O'Toole's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are respectfully invited.

Omaha (Neb.) and Vicksburg (Miss.) papers please copy.

Deceased was a respected member of Robert Emmett Lodge, No. 294, A. O. U. W.

BURKE—At Omaha, Neb., on Tuesday, March 24, EDWARD BURKE, son of Patrick and Bridget Burke, aged 28 years and 10 months. Remains will arrive at Ferguson, Mo., Saturday, March 28.

Due notice of funeral will be given.

Chicago and Kansas City papers please copy.

LOCKLIN—Friday, March 27, at 2:35 a. m., WM. A. LOCKLIN, aged 27 years, 7 months and 28 days.

Funeral Sunday at 2 p.m from residence, 2913 Pine street.

Fort Wayne (Ind.) papers please copy.

MITCHELL—At his residence in Kirkwood, March 26, WM. MITCHELL, aged 69 years.

Funeral at the residence Saturday, March 28, at 1 p. m. Interment private.

Cincinnati papers please copy.

PAYNE—March 27, at 5:30 a. m. of la grippe, MRS. ADELIA R. PAYNE, widow of the late Benjamin H. Payne.

Services at the residence of J. H. Wyeth, 1214 Jones avenue, at 3 o'clock, Saturday afternoon. Interment at St. Charles, Mo., Sunday, 29th at 2 p. m.

WECKS—ARTHUR, dear beloved son of Oliver and Matilda Wecks, nee Pilgrim, died Wednesday evening, March 25, after a brief illness, aged 3 years 1 month 12 days.

Funeral Saturday, March 28, 2 p. m., from residence, 1312 St. Louis avenue. Friends are respectfully invited to attend.

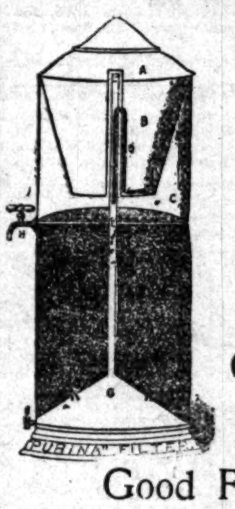
DR. PRICE'S

DELICIOUS

Flavoring Extracts

NATURAL FRUIT FLAVORS.

Vanilla, — Of perfect purity.
Lemon — Of great strength.
Orange — Economy in their use
Almond — Flavor as delicately
Rose etc. — and deliciously as the fresh fruit.



Why Do I Use Muddy Water When I Can Buy a Good Filter From $6 and Up AT Simmons Hardware Co?

I'll Get One To-Day!

GREAT SUIT SALE

AT THE

GLOBE!

To-Day and To-Morrow.

650 New Styles Baltimore Merchant Tailor Suits just received. Made of finest imported and domestic materials. Prince Alberts, three and four-button Cutaways and Sacks, $10 to $25. Our competitors advertise the same class of goods $15 to $35.

Confirmation Suits, Finest Grades, $3.50 to $15.

Hundreds of Cassimere Pants, latest styles, $1.25, to the finest Baltimore Merchant Tailor Pants, $7.50.

Children's Suits, lower than ever, nobby styles, $1.45, $2 and $2.50.

Latest fads in Jerseys, Wide Wales, etc., at $3 to $7.50.

SPECIALS.

In our Hat Department for the great $2 Derby, worth $3.

In our Gents' Shoe Department for the Men's great $2.50 Shoe, worth $3.50.

In our Ladies' Shoe Department for the Ladies' great $2 Kid Shoe, worth $3.

In our Gents' Furnishing Department, regular $1.50 puffed bosom White Shirts, 95 cents.

GLOBE,

703, 705, 707, 709, 711 and 713 Franklin Av.

Open evenings until 9; Saturdays until 11. Telephone 2840.

Mail orders promptly and carefully filled.

C. D. Comfort & Co.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Jeans and Duck Clothing,

SHIRTS, ETC.

Factory, N. W. Corner Twenty-second and Chestnut Streets.

Down-Town Sample Room, 422 Washington Av., Room 54, Nugent Bldg.

Merchants will find it to their interest to purchase direct from the manufacturer and save the jobbers' profit for themselves.

PARKER'S HEADACHE POWDERS

Positively Cures and Prevents

SICK HEADACHE,

NEURALGIA, DIZZINESS, ETC.

Price, 10 Cents. By All Druggists.

A. P. Erker & Bro.

OPTICIANS.

617 Olive St. (two doors west of Barr's)

Gold, Alumnico, Silver and Steel Spectacles accurately adjusted.

LOWER MISSISSIPPI.

St. Louis and Cape Girardeau Tri-Weekly Packet.

Str. IDLEWILD.

J. H. GRIFFETH, Master. ROBT. TAYLOR, Clk.

Leaves on MONDAYS and FRIDAYS, at 5 p. m., for Cape Girardeau and way landings; also Thebes and Commerce.

Telephone 2615. TOM PENISTON, Agent.

INMAN LINE.

New York, Queenstown and Liverpool.

FROM NEW YORK EVERY WEDNESDAY

	Tons.		Tons.
City of Paris	10,500	City of New York	10,500
City of Berlin	5,491	City of Chicago	5,600
City of Chester	4,770	City of Richmond	4,780

For rates of passage and other information apply to

PETER WRIGHT & SONS, GEN. AGENTS,

6 Bowling Green, New York.

Or to J. F. Brady & Co., 605 Pine st.; R. E. M. Bain, 515 Pine st., St. Louis.

One Hundred and Thirty Carriers

And Ninety-four Helpers—total 224 men—are required to deliver the POST-DISPATCH to its patrons in St. Louis every evening.

FOR CITY COUNCIL

INDEPENDENT MUNICIPAL TICKET

Charles Nagel,

Lawyer, 2044 Lafayette av., city.

Edward Wilkerson,

President Covenant Mutual Life Insurance Co., 3111 Pine st., city.

Philip Gruner,

Lumber Merchant, 5618 Cabanne place, city.

John J. O'Connor,

Newspaper Publisher, 2718 Thomas st., city.

Peter J. Pauley,

Iron manufacturer, 2232 S. Grand av., city.

John M. Dutro,

Carwheel manufacturer, 6847 Garner av., city.

ELECTION TUESDAY, APRIL 7.

BLISS Cockroach and Bedbug Exterminators. Depot, 1138 Olive st. Druggists and Grocers.

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC.

THE LILIPUTIANS

To-Night, PUPIL IN MAGIC.

To-night Saturday Matinee and Evening | Change of Bill and Last 3 Performances, The Burgomaster of Pinneberg. A Spectacular Burlesque. A Grand Ballet.

Sunday, March 29—The Muenchener.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE

BLUE BEARD, JUNIOR. The Children's Heroes. Ballet of Birds and Insects. The Golden Terrace. The Children in the Shoe

A THOUSAND NOVEL FEATURES.

To-night at 8, 100 people.

Next week—Hoyt's "A Trip to Chinatown.

STANDARD THEATER.

To-night and Saturday Matinee.

Louise Dempsey Big Burlesque Company.

Two Great Burlesques Presented.

Next week—Go-Won-Go-Mohawk in her celebrated comedy drama, The Indian Mail-Carrier.

Telephone 3906.

POPE'S | TO-NIGHT.

Matinees Wednesday and Saturday, the Realistic Aquatic Drama,

A DARK SECRET.

Produced with entirely new scenery and special effects. | Telephone 1470.

Sunday—Monroe and Rice in My Aunt Bridget.

HAVLIN'S | To-Night.

Matinee Thursday and Saturday,

TONY FARRELL, IN HIS ORIGINAL CREATION OF JERRY DONOVAN, IN THE IRISH CORPORAL.

Telephone, 3954. | Sunday—The Boy Tramp.

NOW IN SING SING.

Names Suggested by the Washington National Bank Failure.

BROKER SILVER'S BOLD METHODS AS A FINANCIER.

Beginning as a Bootblack He Now Writes Checks With Big Figures—Where Much of the Money of the Wrecked Bank Went—Hiding in Jersey—Other Failures.

NEW YORK, March 27.—Ferdinand Ward will be out of Sing Sing in a year or so. James D. Fish is already out of Auburn. Pell is in Sing Sing to keep company with Ward. Gen. Claasen has been sentenced to the penitentiary. James A. Simmons has been convicted of embezzlement. Ward and Pell knew each other well in Wall street. Pell, Claasen, Simmons and John S. Silver, the hero of the Washington National Bank failure, were all acquaintances, to say the least. Silver offered himself on Pell's bond when Pell was arrested. The court objected to the collateral Silver offered and he did not qualify. Mr. Silver's way of getting a bank's money away from it by honeyfugling the President, obtaining astounding loans on the shabbiest collateral, and relying on the negligence and inattention of the directors, might very well have been imitated from his illustrious predecessors. The American Loan & Trust Co. has now in its vaults securities of the East & West Alabama road, an enterprise partly projected by Silver and floated by Pell. Some of these securities figured prominently in the troubles of the Sixth National, the Lennox Hill and the Equitable banks. Silver was an executive director in the American Loan & Trust Co. and now owes the concern $175,000, part of the collateral for which is securities of the East & West Alabama.

SILVER'S INDEBTEDNESS.

Silver's indebtedness to the Washington National by the latest discovery of National Bank Examiner Hepburn yesterday was swelled by $78,000, the security for which consists partly of the bonds of the railroads and corporations with which Pell, Claasen, Simmons and Silver have been familiar. As the bank's capital all told is impaired a few dollars over $148,000 it will be readily observed that Silver is responsible for a little over half. Mr. Edward Kelly of the banking-house of Eugene Kelly & Co. was amused yesterday over the statements of Silver's relatives and friends that they knew nothing of his whereabouts. Mr. Kelly says that Silver darted into their banking-house on Wednesday with a draft for $5,000 and wanted it cashed. It was one of those famous drafts for future collection from irresponsible parties similar to those found by Receiver J. Edward Simmons when he took charge of the American Loan & Trust Co.'s affairs. Mr. Simmons, it will be recalled, promptly called on Silver to pay these drafts. They amounted to $13,500, and Silver took them up with a check obtained through President Sherman of the Washington Bank. Young Mr. Kelly refused peremptorily to cash the draft. His father's firm had dealings with Pell and Silver when they first started into get rid of the East and West Alabama securities. Mr. Kelly says that Pell and Silver still owe the firm the loans advanced at the time on these securities. In fact, the firm thought it advisable to assume entire charge of the road in order to get out scot free. Besides the East and West Alabamy collateral taken at the time there was a batch of the bonds of the Rome and Decatur. Pell and Silver also offered on that interesting occasion an armful of the secorities of the North Carolina Construction Co., but these were refused. Young Mr. Kelly added that when Silver learned that his draft for $5,000 would not be cashed he begged the firm not to push him on the other loans and departed.

OUT OF THE WAY IN JERSEY.

Silver's lawyer says his client will be on hand to make a statement to-day. Silver's brother has him in tow in New Jersey. If criminal proceedings are begun, not even Connecticut would be a safe refuge from a charge brought by the National Banking authorities. It is said that Silver had a consultation with his lawyer yesterday and that several others were present. Silver, it is said, was anxious to obtain funds to take up his loans with the Washington National and Mr. Sherman was equally concerned in his success. Mr. Sherman subsequently had a conference with Lord, Day & Lord. Sherman has known Silver since Silver was a bootblack in Stonington. Sherman was then a teller in the Bank of the State of New York and passed his summers in Stonington. Silver developed shrewdness and started out in a larger way. He drifted to New York and later on formed the acquaintance of Pell and others. Sherman's wife is a niece of Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt and Mr. Vanderbilt subscribed for some of the stock of the Washington National when Mr. Sherman projected the enterprise.

It was learned that Silver has obtained loans from half a dozen banks, notably from the Bank of the Republic in Fort Sherman, Wall street and Broadway. President John Jay Knox declines to discuss the matter. Silver secured most of his loans from the banks, it is said, by controlling a few shares of the stock of the various banks. It is said that most of the shares were bought in margin from various brokers on the stock exchange, but people in the street say that the certificates would not have been turned over to Silver unless the brokers were to participate in the profits of Silver's dealings with the banks.

AT WORK ON THE BOOKS.

Bank Examiner Hepburn is still at work over the books of the Washington National Bank. The clerks of the institution are still at their desks.

Mr. Hepburn said this morning that there were no new developments but he would probably have a statement ready at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

It is stated that the directors will have a meeting to see if anything can be done to reorganize the institution.

WYOMING PACIFIC IMPROVEMENT CO.

CHICAGO, Ill., March 27.—A special dispatch from Sioux City, Io., says: The receivers of the Wyoming Pacific Improvement Co. and the Nebraska & Western Railroad have issued their first official statement of the affairs of the Short Line road. It shows that the Sioux City people have not, as they announced, secured control of the road; that the property is still owned by the Manhattan Trust Co. of New York, and that holders of unsecured claims, of which about 250,000 are outstanding, will probably lose them. Sioux City people who have subscribed about $300,000 will have to buy the Manhattan Co. out or lose their money.

RECEIVER FOR A COAL COMPANY.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., March 27.—A Birmingham (Ala.) special says that R. L. Robinson, upon application of the stockholders, was appointed receiver of the St. Clair Coal Co. yesterday. The property consists of valuable coal fields and the Ragland Furnace properties. He gave bond for $10,000.

IN THE FLOUR TRADE.

ALLENTOWN, March 26.—William Younger, the owner of the large flour mill at Catasaqua, this county, yesterday made an assignment, having confessed judgments for $44,000. Other liabilities will swell the total to $90,000. The assets are $12,000.

AN INSOLVENT FIRM.

BOSTON, Mass., March 27.—The Boston Car Spring Co., manufacturers of springs, valves, rods, vulcanized India rubber goods, etc., 146 Franklin street, with factory at Roxbury, has gone into insolvency. The company is a Massachusetts corporation with a capital of $60,000.

ATTACHMENTS OBTAINED.

NEW YORK, March 27.—The following attachments were obtained in the courts today: H. Marquardt & Co., bankers and brokers, obtained an attachment against the property here of Jose Palau of Vera Cruz, Mexico, for $5,000, due on a draft.

The Holland Trust Co. obtained an attachment against the property in this city belonging to the John White Bank of Key West, Fla., for $20,000, due on a certificate of deposit.

Gold Spectacles from $5 per pair up.
Steel Spectacles from $1 per pair up.
Accurately fitted by the best opticians.
Glasses carefully repaired.
MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
BROADWAY AND LOCUST.
Grand stock of opera glasses $3.50 to $25.

Death of Postal Clerk Lochlin.

William A. Lochlin, one of the best known clerks in the Post-office, died at his home, 2918 Pine street, to-day. Mr. Lochlin entered the Post-office fifteen years ago and worked steadily in his position until his last illness. He was very popular among his fellow clerks and his death has occasioned much regret.

TAKE YOUR CHOICE.

SWIFT'S SPECIFIC S. S. S. CONTAINS NO MERCURY OR POISON OF ANY KIND. IT IS PURELY VEGETABLE AND PERFECTLY HARMLESS, YET IT IS THE ONLY PERMANENT CURE FOR CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON.

AND

THE RESULTS OF MERCURY EVEN IN THE HANDS OF A SKILLFUL PHYSICIAN, ARE TO BE DREADED. IN THE HANDS OF THE POPULACE IT BECOMES EXCEEDINGLY DANGEROUS: AND WHEN COMPOUNDED INTO NOSTRUMS BY IGNORANT HANDS IT BECOMES FATAL.

Books on Blood and Skin diseases free.
THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

I took Cold,
I took Sick,
I TOOK
SCOTT'S
EMULSION
RESULT:
I take My Meals,
I take My Rest,
AND I AM VIGOROUS ENOUGH TO TAKE ANYTHING I CAN LAY MY HANDS ON; **getting fat too**, FOR Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda NOT ONLY CURED MY **Incipient Consumption** BUT BUILT ME UP, AND IS NOW PUTTING
FLESH ON MY BONES
AT THE RATE OF A POUND A DAY. I TAKE IT JUST AS EASILY AS I DO MILK." SUCH TESTIMONY IS NOTHING NEW. SCOTT'S EMULSION IS DOING WONDERS DAILY. TAKE NO OTHER.

SICK HEADACHE
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
Positively cured by these Little Pills.
They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.
SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

The Trades.

Boys.

WANTED—Situation by a boy of 16 to learn some good trade. Address N 23, this office. 42

Coachmen.

WANTED—Situation by a young man as coachman, who thoroughly understands the business; best of city references. Ad. J 22, this office. 39

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Book-Keepers.

The Bryant & Stratton
BUSINESS, SHORTHAND AND TELEGRAPH SCHOOL, corner Broadway and Market st. For circulars address Dr. W. M. Carpenter, Principal. 53

Cooks.

WANTED—Man cook at restaurant. 1517½ Franklin av. 56

Boys.

WANTED—Boy to drive delivery wagon. 610 Franklin av. 61

WANTED—Boy for the house and dining-room. 2923 Chestnut st. 61

WANTED—Good boy to milk cow and attend horse; good wages. 4266 Morgan st. 61

WANTED—Bright boy at Missouri Railroad Telegraph School, 615 Olive st. 61

WANTED—Intelligent boy about 17; must write a good hand; references required. 423 Walnut st. 61

WANTED—Boys that have done soldering in tin shops, stamping companies, lantern factories, etc., 423 S. 6th st. 61

WANTED—An experienced boy to drive grocery delivery wagon, to solicit orders and make himself useful in store; good wages. Address T 23, this office. 61

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—Salesmen on salary or commission to handle the New Patent Chemical Ink Erasing Pencil; the greatest selling novelty ever produced; erases ink thoroughly in two seconds; no abrasion of paper; 200 to 500 per cent profit; one agent's sales amounted to $620 in six days; another $32 in two hours; we want one energetic general agent for each State and Territory; sample by mail, 35 cents. For terms and full particulars address the Monroe Eraser Mfg. Co., La Crosse, Wis. 54

HAYWARD'S
Business and Shorthand College, 618 and 620 Olive st. Day and night; all branches taught. 54

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Man or boy to carry coal. 1706 Lucas place. 62

WANTED—At 2621 Clara av., north of Easton av., a man to garden and other chores. 62

WANTED—A man to hang shades, lace curtains, etc. Apply to H. McNichols, 1024 Market st.

WANTED—A man of all work on small place. Apply to Wm. Forsyth, Kirkwood, Mo., reference required. 62

WANTED—A youth as assistant in our stationery department; must have experience and good references. Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., Broadway and Locust. 62

WANTED—Man and wife to go to the country, man to milk, care for horses and make himself useful; woman to cook; no washing nor ironing; German preferred; references required. Address L 23, this office. 62

HELP WANTED—MALE.

The Trades.

WANTED—A first-class harness hand for general work, to go in the country. Apply at 512 N. Main st. 58

WANTED—Three first-class plasterers. Apply to J. T. McCasland, Sr., at 322 Broadway, East St. Louis. 58

WANTED—Brass pattern-maker, competent at lathe or bench. Carondelet Foundry Co., 2123 S. King's highway. 58

WANTED—Several machinists, both lathe and vise hands. Apply immediately to W. Ellison & Son, 1020 N. 6th st. 58

WANTED—Two experienced operators on wax-thread sewing machines. P. J. Peters Saddlery & Harness Co., 501 N. Main st. 58

Laborers.

WANTED—Macadam breakers at new City Hall. Apply to C. Bauer, foreman. 59

WANTED—Men and teams, in alley south of Cass av., between 24th and 25th sts., to-morrow morning. D. Dunigan. 59

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

General Housework.

STOVE REPAIRS!
For every stove or range made in the United States to be had at A. G. Brauer's, 219 Locust st. 48

Laundresses.

WANTED—Sit. in laundry by a reliable girl. Address 2326 Gravois av. 51

Stenographers.

WANTED—By a Remington operator having experience, a permanent position at once. Ad. L 22, this office. 45

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

WANTED—A young lady that can speak English and German, write a good hand and is correct at figures, to act as saleslady in a South End store; must live in South End near Broadway. Address C 24, this office. 63

WANTED—An active, intelligent young lady as assistant forelady in a large overall and pant factory; experience necessary; state salary and where last employed; communications confidential. Address A 23, this office. 63

Stenographers.

WANTED—Expert young lady stenographer and caligraph operator to take position in office of a large manufacturing company; must have good education. Address, stating where last employed, N 22, this office. 64

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—Two good dressmakers at once. 302 S. 2d st. 69

WANTED—Six girls to work on coats. 1519 Clinton st. 69

WANTED—An experienced dressmaker at 1124 N. Jefferson av. 69

WANTED—25 shirt and overall makers; steady work. Eureka Manufacturing Co., n. w. cor. Biddle and Collins st. 69

WANTED—A1 designer and draper in dressmaking; good pay; steady work to right one. Room 410 Mermod & Jaccard building. 69

Cooks Etc.

WANTED—A good woman cook. 518 Pine. 68

WANTED—Good woman cook. 412 N. 11th st. 68

WANTED—Girl to cook, wash and iron. 4056 Washington av.

General Housework.

WANTED—Girl for general work. 3415 Lucas av. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 2833 Dayton st. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 934 La Salle st. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 2923 Chestnut st. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply 2332 Park av. 66

WANTED—Colored girl for general housework. 920 Locust st. 66

WANTED—A girl to help with general housework. 2712 Lucas av. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply at 3729 N. Broadway. 66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework. 1803 Washington av. 66

WANTED—Good German girl for general housework. 3048 Thomas st. 66

WANTED—Good girl; general housework, except washing. 2307 Olive st. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework; no washing. 2338 Washington av. 66

WANTED—A girl about 15 years old for light housework. 2844 Easton av. 66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework in small family. 1924 Bacon st. 66

WANTED—White girl 15 or 16 years old for general housework. 2630 Pine st. 66

WANTED—Two German girls for general housework without washing. 3725 Cass av. 66

WANTED—Good girl for general housework. 5231 Ridge av., take Page av. electric line. 66

WANTED—A first-class girl to do general housework. Apply at 1111 North Market st. 66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework; small family, good wages. 3043 Morgan st. 66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework; small family. Apply at once 4068 Finney av. 66

WANTED—Reliable girl for general housework; three in family; good wages. 2823 Russell av.

WANTED—Girl to do housework and assist with children; German preferred. 2321 Whittemore pl., near Lafayette Park. 66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework in small family. 1121 Armstrong av., one block north of Lafayette Park. 66

Nurses.

WANTED—A neat nurse-girl. 1111 Dillon st. 70

WANTED—Nurse girl for child 1 year old. 3802 Cook av. 70

WANTED—Girl to take care of babies and help with housework. 4027 Bell av. 70

WANTED—A nursegirl; must be able to speak German. 2909 Henrietta st., one block north Lafayette av. 70

Laundresses.

WANTED—A head laundress at Hotel Beers, Grand and Olive st. 67

WANTED—Laundress; $6 per week; must come recommended. 503 N. 4th st. 67

WANTED—A good laundress Monday and Tuesday of each week; references. 3321 Washington av.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Two young girls aged 16. Call at 1408 Wash st. 71

WANTED—German girl 15 or 16 years old. 2814 Sheridan av. 71

WANTED—Girl can find a good home and good wages. 2126 Olive st. 71

WANTED—Girl who will appreciate a home; family of three adults. 3938 Finney av. 71

WANTED—Young lady at Mo. R. R. School, 615 Olive, to learn Telegraphy, Shorthand and Typewriting. Charges $10. 71

WANTED—experienced girls for both kinds of chocolate dipping, for cream dipping, candy packing and candy wrapping. O. H. Peckham Candy Mfg. Co., 7th and Spruce sts. 71

FREE TREATMENT
For all diseases; small charge for medicines only; 9 a. m. to 9 p. m., daily and Sunday; no students. Policlinic and Dispensary, 813 N. 6th st. 71

WANTED—AGENTS.

FIRST-CLASS canvassers can make $7 a day soliciting subscriptions for Americanized Encyclopædia Britannica and the Republic. Inquire at special office, 216 N. 4th st. 73

DRESSMAKING.

WANTED—For Freeman's new tailor system of dress-cutting, an energetic agent for St. Louis and other cities. This is the system that was so successful at the late Exposition. It is now being used with the same success in cutting, fitting and patterns in B. Nugent & Bro.'s store. It has no equal for accuracy and simplicity. Instructions given personally or by mail. Address, for one week, or call, 1729 Washington av., 5 to 9 p. m. Will sell part interest if desired. A. M. Freeman, Inventor. 72

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—To buy a nice house in West End from $15,000 to $25,000 cash; give particulars. Address A 24, this office. 22

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE.

WANTED—To trade fresh meat for park or light spring wagon. Add. G 23, this office. 24

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

WANTED—A good second-hand Chinese gong. Address, giving price, J 21, this office. 26

PERSONAL.

Advertisements under the head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be refunded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket. Advertisements in this column not of a business nature, of two lines and over, FIFTEEN cents per line.

PERSONAL—A. Z. Real estate deal can no doubt be made in July or August. Dick. 1

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

BATHS—Miss Grace Wright, 902 Pine st., gives sea salt and sulphur baths; massage treatment; alcohol and bay rum rubbings. 74

BATHS—1417 Pine st., Mrs. Brooks, massage parlors; has vapor, sea salt, sulphur and spray baths, bay rum, alcohol and dry rubbings; magnetic and massage treatment. Hours 9 a. m. to 10:30 p. m. 74

CALL for the doctor at Pope's Pharmacy, 9th and Olive; treats all dis.; charges only for medicines.

DR. ANNIE NEWLAND, ladies' physician and midwife; treats diseases women as specialties; ladies in trouble call, write. 2314 Market st.; ladies boarded during confinement.

FURNACES, ranges, stoves—Repairs for all kinds made in the United States; copper and galvanized iron work; tin roofs, gutters and spouts repaired and painted. Condon Bros., 11th and Market sts. 74

HIGHEST price paid for cast off clothing. Call or address N. Jacobs, 318 Locust st. 74

MME. LEOHN tells fortunes by burning fluid; satisfaction guaranteed. 1525 Morgan st. 74

HIGHEST price paid for cast-off clothing; call or send postal. M. B. Cohn, 111 S. 6th st. 74

MRS. L. MASSOCK, M. D.; board during confinement; ladies in trouble call. 1002 Chouteau av.

MRS. DR. SILVA gives steam, vapor, massage, electric baths; nervine treatment. 1322 Market.

MRS. DOCTRESS DOSSEN, ladies' physician. All communications strictly confidential. Ladies in trouble call at 1332 Chouteau av., St. Louis, Mo. 74

MRS. DR. ARTHUR, ladies' physician, receives ladies in confinement; first-class ac. at reasonable terms; ladies in trouble call at 2603 Wash st. 74

MME. RIENER, ladies' physician and midwife; regular graduate of two colleges; female diseases a specialty; ladies received in the house during confinement; charges reasonable. 1504 Clark av. 74

MRS. A. BURGER, M.D., receives ladies during confinement; first-class accommodations at reasonable terms. Ladies in trouble call at 2300 S. 12th st. Take yellow cars at Union Depot going south. 74

1.000 BUSINESS CARDS, $1, H. B. Crole & Co., printers, 813 Locust st. Send for estimates.

DR. E. C. Chase's Dental Rooms, 904 Olive st., are better equipped with skillful operators than ever before, and persons unable to make future appointments can have their work done at the first visit. All operations in dentistry, bridge work, crowns, fillings and plates at moderate prices. Gas always fresh. 74

MONEY WANTED.

MONEY WANTED.
$7,000
$6,000
$5,000
$4,500
At 6 per cent on St. Louis Real Estate Security.
Apply to Room 49, Turner Building. 25

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

WANTED—Room, with breakfast, by two young men, between 26th and 29th sts., Lucas av. and Mill st.; state price. Address D 24, this office. 20

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—A neatly furnished room; transient. Addres W 23, this office. 21

WANTED—4-room flat; convenient and well located. Address R 23, this office. 21

WANTED—House of 6 nice unfurnished rooms in the neighborhood of 27th and Franklin av. Add. M. 23, this office. 21

WANTED—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping by young married couple without children. Add. H 23, this office. 21

WANTED—To rent a nice detached 6-room house, by a middle-aged couple, without children; refs. given. Address D 21, this office. 21

WANTED—A gentleman desires to rent an unfurnished room in private family between Chouteau and Park avs. Address F 23, this office. 21

WANTED—Three unfurnished rooms within three blocks of Webster and Easton avs., by permanent tenant; rent not to exceed $10. Ad. C. P., 3112 Sheridan av. 21

BUSINESS CHANCES.

A RARE opportunity; $5,000 clear profit without risk can be made in 90 days by party with $2,500 by joining an enterprise as partner; best references. Address K 23, this office. 2

MONEY TO LOAN ON PERSONAL PROP'TY

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $25 and upwards on household furniture and other security; parties wishing advances will be treated fairly, and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1017 Morgan st. 31

BROLASKI & VOORHIS, 111 N. 8th st., make liberal loans and terms on good securities, on furniture, pianos, warehouse receipts, building association books, insurance policies, horses and vehicles, real estate, etc.; see us for low rates. 111 N. 8th st.

MONEY loaned on clothing, diamonds, watches, chains, guns, revolvers, trunks, musical instruments, etc., at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av.

MONEY loaned on furniture and pianos without removal; also on indorsed payer or any personal securities; our terms the best in the city. M. E. Dougan & Co., 113 N. 8th st.; no commission. 31

1017 CHESTNUT ST. is the number. I loan any amount on furniture, pianos and other securities in residence; low rates; fair terms. R. W. STALEY, 1017 Chestnut st. 31

MUTUAL LOAN CO., 216 N. 8TH ST., Near Olive.
Money loaned at reduced rates on furniture and other personal property. No removal necessary. Business confidential. No commission or charge for papers. Borrowers will receive the best terms and be treated right. Loans can be paid off part at a time and save interest. Do not fail to see us before making a loan.

LOANS on furniture in residence, city real estate and all good securities; fair and reasonable terms. Porter & Williams, room 2, 904 Olive st. 31

MONEY loaned on furniture without removal, any amount; lowest rates; no com. chd. 621 Chestnut.

MONEY loaned on furniture without removal; any amount; lowest rates. John C. King, 814 Morgan.

Missouri Mortgage Loan Co.
WE ARE THE PEOPLE'S BANK.
We loan you money on your household goods, pianos, organs, horses, mules, carriages, wagons, or any other good security, at lower rates than any other chattel mortgage company in the city. If you owe some one who is charging you too high a rate come to us and we will help you lower it, as we can and will loan money at lower rates than anybody. We are the people.
619 Pine St., 2d Floor.

St. Louis Mortgage Co., 720 1-2 Pine St.,
Loan money on furniture; you can keep possession of your property and pay off the loan in installments at your convenience; no commission charged; all business confidential; we guarantee the lowest terms on these loans, and parties wishing temporary accommodation will find it to their advantage to apply to us. If you have a loan elsewhere and wish it carried at a reasonable rate give us a call. 31

IF YOU WANT MONEY
Loaned on Furniture, Pianos, Horses, Wagons, Etc., without Removal or Publicity,
Then call and get our rates, which are the very lowest on any sum from $10 to $10,000. We will carry your loan as long as desired. Part payments taken and costs reduced in proportion. If you bought furniture or piano on time and can't meet payments we will pay it for you; no charges taken out in advance; borrowers get full amount of loan.
LARGE LOANS AT SPECIAL RATES.
GERMAN-AMERICAN LOAN CO.,
515 Pine st., 2d Floor.
F. W. PETERS, Manager.

DOYOU WANT MONEY
Advanced on Furniture, Pianos, Horses and Wagons?
If so, call at once and get our rates, which are positively the lowest on any sum from $10 to $10,000. Loans made without publicity or removal of property and carried as long as desired. Part payments taken and costs reduced in proportion. If you have bought furniture or a piano on time and can't meet payments, we will pay it for you. No charges taken out in advance; borrower gets full amount of loan.
LARGE LOANS AT SPECIAL LOW RATES.
EAGLE LOAN CO., 714 PINE ST.
O. C. VOELKER, Mgr., 2d Floor.

FURNITURE LOANS.
$25 and upwards to loan on furniture at residence without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. C. F. Betts, 1003 Pine st. 31

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

10 AND 12 N. 4TH ST.—Hotel Belmont; nicely furnished rooms at reasonable terms. 13

103 S. 14TH ST.—Two nicely furnished rooms on 1st floor for light housekeeping. 13

120 N. 16TH ST.—Rooms completed for housekeeping; first-class parties only need apply. 13

307 S. 21ST ST.—Three nice rooms, with hall, water and gas; first floor; keys at 305 S. 21st st.

1013 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished 2d-story front, also single rooms. 13

1025 N. BROADWAY—2 nicely furnished rooms for light housekeeping. 13

1104 CHOUTEAU AV.—Nicely furnished rooms. 13

1125 PINE ST.—Furnished front room; housekeeping or four gents; respectable only. 13

1208 CHOUTEAU AV.—Nicely furnished room for light housekeeping, cheap. 13

1504 OLIVE ST.—Elegantly furnished front room; every convenience. 13

1510 OLIVE ST.—Neatly furnished room for one gent; $5 per month. 13

1720 OLIVE ST.—Second story front room, neatly furnished, and small room; new building.

1811 WASH ST.—Comfortably fur. room for housekeeping; water and all conveniences.

2008 OLIVE ST.—Front parlor and other rooms. 13

2115 MORGAN ST.—Two neatly furnished back rooms in private family. 13

2126 OLIVE ST.—Large, elegantly furnished room; first-class accommodations. 13

2210 OLIVE ST.—Select rooming-house; everything first-class. 13

2234 WASHINGTON AV.—Fur. room; private family; refs. 13

2634 PINE ST.—Elegant fur. rooms, moderate price. 13

2710 LOCUST ST.—Nicely furnished rooms, including second story front; refs. 13

2804 LOCUST ST.—2d-story front and back rooms; 1 room on 3d-floor; meals. 13

2818 ADAMS ST.—3 rooms for small family; large yard, bath and closet. 13

2937 HICKORY ST.—3 rooms in a private family. 13

2947 GAMBLE ST.—Two nicely furnished rooms for light housekeeping. 13

3178 EASTON AV.—One nicely furnished front room, fire, gas and bath; $10. 13

5119 MINERVA AV.—4 handsome rooms; bath, large yard; one block to Washington av. electric. 13

FOR RENT—Two rooms over 700 Market st. Jas. H. Gibson. 13

WANTED—A young man of 18 to 20 as roommate. Address 1304A Olive st. 13

FOR RENT—FLATS.

2220 CARR ST.—Four-room flat and laundry, downstairs. 83

3440 S. JEFFERSON AV.—Brand new 4-room flats. KEELEY & CO., 1113 Chestnut.

BOARDING.

14 N. 3D ST.—First-class board with rooms, $3.50 to $4.50 per week. 18

200 S. 16TH ST.—One nicely furnished room for three gents, with board and fire, at $3.75 a week; private. 18

1721 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely fur. room and first-class board, with every convenience. 18

1834 LUCAS PL.—Nicely furnished rooms, with board. 18

2630 PINE ST.—Neatly furnished rooms, with board; reasonable rates. 18

2636 LOCUST ST.—Nicely fur. large 3d-story front room, with board; 2 rooms 2d floor. 18

2803 DAYTON ST.—Furnished front room, with board; southern exposure; private family. 18

2914 LOCUST ST.—Nicely furnished rooms; breakfast if desired. 18

3036 FRANKLIN AV.—Furnished or unfurnished rooms, with first-class board. 18

WANTED—Children to board, from 1 to 7 years old; $1.75 per week in advance. 3444½ Texas av. 18

FURNISHED HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished private house to let to family without children; near Olive st. cable, west; reference exchanged. Ad. G 22, this office. 15

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

1304½ GRATTAN ST.—A nice 8-room house, on April 1. 14

FOR RENT—3036 Magazine st., stone-front, 6 rooms, bath, etc., and finished laundry; front and rear yards. CHAS. H. PECK, JR., 1002 Chestnut st. Telephone 768. 14

3514 CHESTNUT ST.—FOR RENT.
A stone-front dwelling, 8 rooms, attic and finished laundry, with all other modern conveniences, front and rear yard. Apply at once.
CHARLES H. PECK, JR., 1002 Chestnut st.
Telephone 768.

$27.50—NO FLAT BUT A
Seven-room (bath-room and laundry) house. Finest of order, papered ceilings and walls; electric car to house; awning for front door.
14 KEELEY & CO., 1113 Chestnut st.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

613 PINE ST.—Nice new offices; steam heat. KEELEY & CO., 1113 Chestnut st.

1113 CHESTNUT ST.—Large rear office, plenty of light. 17

2101 MARKET ST.—Nice new corner store, suitable for saloon, grocery or drug store. 17 KEELEY & CO., 1113 Chestnut st.

7th AND ST. CHARLES
BEEN
RESTAURANT
13 Years. Under Hotel Brunswick.
CHAS. H. BAILEY.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Bunch of keys. Address W. F. Blanke, 2009 Victor st. 30

LOST—Bunch of keys, with New Orleans stamped on key ring. Finder please send address to H 22, this office. 30

LOST—$5 reward for Mastiff pup, 8 months old; dark brown; heavy collar with name on. Return to 1111 S. 12th st. 30

LOST—Last Thursday, 19th, at Southern Hotel barber shop, a silk umbrella; silver handle with letter M; liberal reward. 30

LOST—On Monday evening, a brown mink collar, with head and tail; finder will receive reward by returning to No. 3029 Chestnut st. 30

LOST—Large English spaniel dog; liberal reward paid for return or information concerning him; answers to name Kid. 1324 Spruce st. 30

LOST—A cluster ruby pin bet. 21st and Wash sts, and Olympic Theater or in Cable & Western car. Reward given if returned to 2023 Wash st. 30

LOST—Ladies' gold watch, Wednesday morning, on Leffingwell av., bet. Thomas and Dickson sts., on Northern Central cars. Return to St. Louis Dental Rooms and get reward. 30

LOST—Friday morning, a ladies' gold watch with a tiger's-eye fob attached, going from 23d and Chestnut to Olive st. cable to Broadway and Locust; finder please return to 2328 Chestnut and receive reward. 30

PERSON that found pocketbook on Fairfax av., near vacant lot, will please return to 4143 Fairfax av. 30

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Or exchange for land, a patent in raising and lowering street lamps. Address A. Meyer, 1900 S. 12th st., city. 4

FOR SALE—Country store; clean and assorted stock; two railroads; capital about $2,000; about 30 miles from St. Louis; good reason for selling. Inquire 818 N. 3d st., St. Louis, Mo. 4

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

For Sale.

PARTIES wishing to exchange or purchase a vehicle or harness of any kind will save time and money by giving us a call. 1110 N. Broadway. 12

CARRIAGE REPAIRS.
Now is the time to have your pleasure vehicles repaired and painted for use the coming season. Our facilities for repairing the product of any factory are unequalled. We send for and deliver work free of charge. Tel. 1079.
James A. Wright & Son, Carriage Co.
Washington av. and 19th st.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE
One of the
BEST-BUILT HOUSES
West of
Union Avenue.
A Great Bargain.
"IT IS CHEAPER TO BUY THAN TO BUILD."

In offering this house for sale I desire to state that there is nothing CHEAP in it. It is well built FROM THE GROUND UP with THE BEST of everything. It contains 12 rooms, including large reception hall 16x26; has bath, hot and cold water (city service just put in); the lower floors finished in hardwood; open fireplaces throughout, with wood mantels, iron fire backs and glazed hearths and facings; large brick fireplace in hall. The rooms throughout have been newly decorated. Fine cellars, furnace, etc., etc. Lot 200x185, all nicely sodded and terraced, with gravel roadway. Barn, etc. High location, four blocks from Washington Electric, two blocks from Cable (Narrow-Gauge), three blocks from Wabash.

Card to view property MUST be secured at my office.

FRANK OBEAR,
Licensed Real Estate Broker........Rooms 47, 48, 49, Turner Building

Stores for Lease.

NOS. 303 AND 307 S. SEVENTH ST. (Near Cupples' large building) the large, six-story brick building, fronting 40 feet on the west side of Seventh st. and running through to alley. Will be placed in first-class condition. Has elevators and boilers, also fine fire-proof vault. For shipping facilities it is unsurpassed, being only one block from the freight depots. Will be rented low for a term of five or ten years to responsible tenant.

NORTHWEST CORNER SEVENTH AND CHRISTY AV., the new seven-story brick building and basement, slow combustion. Will be leased for a term of five or ten years. Has a 25 horse-power dynamo. This is a first-class building in every respect. Elevators will be reconstructed in a first-class manner. Suitable for wholesale business house of any description.

106 N. BROADWAY, new five-story building. One of the best business locations in St. Louis. Can be used for office or stores. Will be leased for a term of five years upon very reasonable terms.

HAMMETT-ANDERSON-WADE, 213 N. Eighth St.

IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE

FOR SALE.
1025 Leonard av., a nice 6-room stone-front house in St. Alphonsus' Parish; all modern conveniences, front and rear yard. CHAS. H. PECK, JR., 1002 Chestnut st. Telephone 768.

8 Per Cent Interest
Allowed on all sums of $50 or more; secured by first mortgage real estate. Regular shares, $100 each; monthly payments, 40c per share. A dividend of 20 per cent per annum made to the shareholders for 1890. The Continental Building and Loan Association, 1021 Chestnut st. Send for prospectus. 7

FOR SALE IN FAIR GROUND PLACE.
Harper st., restricted for residences only, between Grand and Thompson avs., elegant new residences, 7 rooms and reception hall to each. Examine these if you want a desirable and permanent home.
CHAS. H. PECK, JR., 1002 Chestnut st.
Telephone 768.

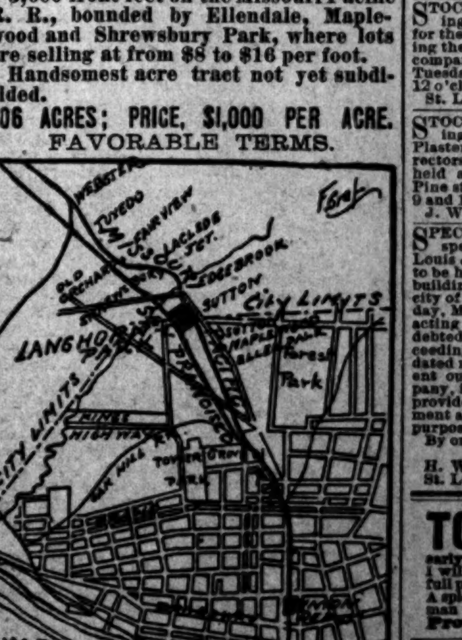
$22,000 WILL BUY
Fifteen houses, three of them 2-story stone fronts of 7 rooms each, with halls, bath and gas, and twelve houses of 6 rooms each, with quite a large lot of ground. These houses are near Franklin and Leffingwell avs.; are renting for $3.300 per annum, and will be sold at a bargain to close up an estate. For particulars apply to
7 KEELEY & CO., 1113 Chestnut st.

NICE HOME.
For Sale—Monthly Payments, or you can Buy Through a Building Company—House and lot No. 2617 St. Vincent av., one block west of Lafayette Park, brand new pressed-brick front house, with mansard roof, of 8 rooms, with hall, bath and w. c.; marble washstand; finished laundry; lot 25x124 feet to alley; sewered. Terms: $1,000 cash; balance $40 to $50 per month. Keys at
7 KEELEY & CO., 1113 Chestnut st.

$40,000 WILL BUY
Near new C., B. & Q. Railway Union Depot, 3-story brick house, lot 74.6x120. Now renting for $3,600 per year. Close proximity to railways and business center makes this property valuable.
3433 Pine st., 10 rooms; furnace; lot 30x155; $9,200.
5119 Minerva av., 8 rooms, brick, lot 50x160; $5,250.
2634 Lucas av., 6 rooms, lot 20x130; $4,000.
3144 La Salle st., 9 rooms, brick; rents $276; $2,300.
Morgan st., s. s., east Sarah st., 60x155.
Morgan and Whittier sts., corner, 80x150; bargain.
Russell av., n. s., east Cabanne av.; 100x125.
CHAS. C. NICHOLLS,
713 Chestnut St.
Phone 885. 7

BARGAIN ON CHESTNUT ST.
SIX-ROOM HOUSE FOR $4,250.
I offer for quick sale a 2-story brick residence, containing six rooms and two basement rooms; lot, 25x131 feet; situated just west of Jefferson av. The owner is very anxious to sell.
Chas. F. Vogel,
7 716 Chestnut st.

GREENWOOD & CO.
ACRE TRACT.
3,000 front feet on the Missouri Pacific R. R., bounded by Ellendale, Maplewood and Shrewsbury Park, where lots are selling at from $8 to $16 per foot.
Handsomest acre tract not yet subdivided.
206 ACRES; PRICE, $1,000 PER ACRE.
FAVORABLE TERMS.



GREENWOOD & CO.,
Real Estate and Investment Brokers,
BROADWAY AND OLIVE.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

COAL delivered, 10 bushels $1; 25 bu. $2.25. Send postal to J. Cassidy, 2603 Gamble st. 5

COAL—25 bushels, $2.25; by the large load, 8½c per bushel, at T. F. Carroll's, 2806 Franklin av.; send postal, or telephone 2984. 5

FOR SALE—Pure-blooded brown leghorn roosters. Apply at 2045 Blendon pl. 5

FOR SALE—A full pure-blooded brown leghorn rooster. Apply at 2744 Lucas av. 5

FOR a fine parlor, dining-room, bed-room or kitchen clock go to Dunn's Loan Office. 5

FOR SALE—Handsome pair of diamond ear-rings, solitaire; will be sold at a sacrifice. Address E 23, this office. 5

SEWING MACHINES from $7 to $15, all in perfect order, at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av. 5

ALL SORTS.

REMOVED.

Dr. D. I. Jocelyn
And Colton Dental Association, who introduced gas in St. Louis for extraction of teeth, have moved to 919 Olive st.; gas free. 32

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Small corner lot, 8 feet and 3 inches by 75 feet on s. w. cor. Morgan and 12th sts.
8 KEELEY & CO., 1113 Chestnut st.

STORAGE.

STORAGE—Regular storage house for Furniture, Pianos, Vehicles, Trunks, Boxes, etc.; safe, reliable; clean rooms; get our rates; careful moving, packing, shipping, etc.; estimates free; money loaned. Consign goods to our care. Telephone 1,422. R. U. Leonori, Jr., & Co., 1104-1106 Olive.

Having Purchased the Large 5-story Building,
1723 and 1725 Morgan St.,
and fitted up the same throughout with moth-proof lined and cedar rooms, we take pleasure in announcing to our patrons and the public our unsurpassed facilities for
STORING FINE FURNITURE
and household goods. Large padded vans and ordinary furniture cars for hire by load or contract.
Fidelity Storage, Packing & Moving Co.,
1723 and 1725 Morgan St.
Branch office—1003 Pine st. Telephone Nos.—2890 and 4101.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETINGS.

OFFICE Platt & Thornburgh Paint & Glass Co., March 17, 1891.—The annual meeting of stockholders of this company will be held at office of company, 620 Franklin av., April 6, for election of 3 directors to serve for ensuing year and such other business as may be brought before them.
W. H. THORNBURGH, President.
H. BOARDMAN, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE BEATTIE MANUFACTURING CO., 2206 Pine st., St. Louis, Mo., March 2, 1891.—To the stockholders of the Beattie Manufacturing Co.: A meeting of the stockholders of the Beattie Manufacturing Co. is hereby called for Monday, May 4, 1891, at the hour of 10 a. m., at the office of the Beattie Manufacturing Co., 2206 Pine st., St. Louis, Mo., for the purpose of voting on a proposition to increase the capital stock of the Beattie Manufacturing Co. from $50,000 to $70,000 paid up capital.
WM. J. BEATTIE,
HALSTED BURNET,
C. W. BENEDICT,
Directors.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the St. Louis Car Co. for the election of a Board of Directors to serve during the ensuing year will be held at the office of the company, 3023 North Broadway, St. Louis, Mo., Tuesday, April 14, 1891, between the hours of 9 and 12 o'clock a. m. GEO. J. KOBUSCH, Secy.
St. Louis, March 21, 1891.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Paris Fire-proof Plaster Cloth Co. for the election of a Board of Directors, to serve during the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the company, 2210 and 2212 Pine st., Wednesday, April 8, between the hours of 9 and 12 o'clock a. m. J. B. LEGG,
J. W. MEIER, Secretary. President.

SPECIAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.—A special meeting of the stockholders of the St. Louis & San Francisco Railway Co. is hereby called to be held at the general office of the company, Roe building, corner of Broadway and Pine street, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., at 9 o'clock a. m., on Thursday, May 7, 1891, for the purpose of considering and acting upon a proposed increase of the bonded indebtedness of the company by the issue of not exceeding fifty million dollars ($50,000,000) of consolidated mortgage 4 per cent bonds, to retire the present outstanding bonded indebtedness of the company, for the funding of its floating debt, and to provide money for the further completion, equipment and repair of its railroad, and for such other purposes as may be lawful.
By order of the Board of Directors.
A. MANVEL, President.
H. W. GARDINER, Secretary.
St. Louis, March 5, 1891.

TO WEAK MEN Suffering from the effects of youthful errors early decay, wasting weakness, lost manhood, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A splendid medical work; should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address,
Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

DOCUTA SANDALWOOD CAPSULES are the best and only capsules prescribed by regular physicians as a safe and sure cure in seven days, whether inherited or acquired. $1.50 per box. All druggists.

STRICTURES
With all their bad consequences, such as strangury, nervous excitement, nervous debility, unnatural discharges, weakness and final loss of manhood, quickly cured by simple, safe and easy methods.
For a full description of our treatment address
DR. GEO. C. PITZER, 1110 Chambers st.,
St. Louis, Mo.

MODERN RAILWAYS.

The Vast Improvement Made in the Equipment of Cars.

CONTROL OF TRAINS UNDER THE AUTOMATIC BRAKE SYSTEM.

The Brice-Thomas Syndicate After a Northern Feeder for the Richmond Terminal—Roads in the Hands of Receivers—A Proposed Parallel Line—Railway News.

NEW YORK, March 27.—The *Engineering News* will publish this week the following statement of the progress made in the equipment of freight cars with automatic couplers of the type adopted by the Master Car-Builders' Association and with automatic brakes. Railroad companies controlling over 72,000 miles of road and over 700,000 freight cars report that they have adopted the policy of applying automatic couplers of the master car-builders' type to new freight cars, and over 99,000 cars were equipped on Jan. 1, 1891. Concerning the application of automatic brakes, railway companies controlling 87,915 miles of railway and 698,375 cars report the adoption of the policy of equipping new freight cars with automatic brakes, and about 150,00 cars were equipped Jan. 1, 1891. Besides the companies included in these totals a great number of companies have begun the use of couplers and brakes, but have not yet adopted a definite policy with regard to them. These statistics show that these two reforms of such enormous importance from a humanitarian standpoint have advanced far beyond the experimental or doubtful stage, and the example of the prominent roads which have adopted the progressive policy above stated is sure to be followed sooner or latter by the smaller railways all over the country.

FOR THE RICHMOND TERMINAL.

THE BRICE-THOMAS SYNDICATE AFTER ANOTHER NORTHERN FEEDER.

NEW YORK, March 27.—The *Sun* prints the following: Is the Brice-Thomas syndicate after the Cincinnati, Jackson & Mackinaw Railroad with a view to another Northern feeder for the Richmond Terminal and Lake Erie & Western systems?

Receiver Walston H. Brown of the Mackinaw road thinks things look that way in view of Secretary of the Treasury Foster's efforts to oust him from the receivership and to prevent the board of directors from leasing the road to the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton, over which it gets into Cincinnati.

Mr. Brown said yesterday that he had received no official notice of Secretary Foster's application in the United States Court at Toledo to have him removed for alleged conspiracy to ruin the road. The complaint filed alleges that the proposed lease of the Mackinaw road to the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton at a rental of 80 per cent of the earnings is "giving away the property for personal gain," and at such a rental the road can't earn enough to allow any income to accrue under the agreement. Secretary Foster is a stockholder in the road to the extent of $99,000.

Receiver Brown said that Secretary Foster was associated with the Brice-Thomas syndicate in most of his railroad transactions and possibly his objection to the lease of the Jackson & Mackinaw road to the C., H. & D. was because Messrs. Thomas and Brice were opposed to it.

"Does the Lake Erie & Western Railroad want to lease the Mackinaw road?" suggested Mr. Brown.

"There is no opposition to its doing so if it offers 1 cent better terms than the C., H. & D."

RAILWAY NEWS.

THE CROSS MANDAMUS.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., March 27.—The Supreme Court of the State has rendered a decision in the mandamus case of W. Irvine Cross against the West Virginia Central & Pittsburg Railroad Co., and ordered peremptory writ to issue commanding the company to receive Mr. Cross as a director. At the last meeting of the stockholders Maj. Alex Shaw of Baltimore, owning one-fifth of the stock, claimed the right to cumulate his stock and did so, electing Cross a director. The court decided that the company is governed by the cumulative method, and that Cross was duly elected.

NEW PARALLEL LINE.

DAYTON, O., March 27.—The Dayton, Lebanon & Cincinnati Railroad Co. has just been incorporated to parallel the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Railroad from this city to Cincinnati, a distance of sixty miles. Only about twenty miles of the road are to be built. A link six miles southeast of here will be commenced soon to connect the Dayton, Fort Wayne & Chicago with the Lebanon & Northern, thence over the Henry Lewis road to Dodd's Station, thence over twelve miles of road to be built to the Middletown & Cincinnati road, which is owned by the Cincinnati, Cleveland & St. Louis Railroad to the Little Miami road at Kings. The new addition and equipage will cost $400,000. The entire line is valued at $3,000,000.

LACKAWANNA DIVIDEND.

NEW YORK, March 27.—The Delaware Lackawanna & Western directors to-day declared the regular quarterly dividend of ¾ per cent. The statement presented showed a slight decrease in gross earnings on account of the decrease of coal tonnage, but net earnings were a little better than last year.

OBITUARY.

Death of Mrs. Mary B. Cushing—Mortuary Matters.

ST. JOSEPH, MO., March 27.—Mrs. Mary B Cushing, widow of the late Milton Buckingham Cushing, died here yesterday, aged 84 years. She was the mother of Milton B. Cushing, at one time Paymaster of the United States Navy; of Luther Ward Cushing, who was killed by Indians in Arizona in 1874; of Col. Alonzo Cushing, killed at the battle of Guttysburg and of Commander W. B. Cushing of Albermarle fame. The body will be sent to Fredonia, N. Y., for interment.

THE LATE JOHN F. SWIFT.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., March 27.—A meeting of prominent citizens was held here last night to make arrangements for the funeral of the late John F. Swift, United States Minister to Japan, who died recently at his post. Committes on arrangements and resolutions were appointed and the Secretary of the Navy was asked by telegraph what arrangements had been made for bringing the remains to this country.

A Bellamy Colony.

HUTCHINSON, Kan., March 27.—John Copliag of Buffalo, N. Y., passed through here on his way home yesterday from a visit to No-Man's-Land to select land for the founding of a Bellamy Co-operative Colony. He was favorably impressed and says about 500 people will settle near Beaver City early this spring.

Bridge Carried Away.

CONCORD, N. H., March 27.—A highway bridge over the Merrimac River was carried away by the high water in the river this afternoon. Loss $10,000. The river is receding.

Another Family Broken Up.

George Fritz, a stonemason, caused the arrest last night of his wife and a young barkeeper named Gus Zeshke, who lives in the same building with him on Broadway, near Wash street. He has been away several months and returned unexpectedly and caught them in a room together. Both claim that Zeshke was merely paying a friendly visit. He had befriended her during the failure of the husband to support her, and they intended to get married as soon as she could procure a divorce. That was all there was about it, they claimed, but the husband denies that he failed to send his wife money during his absence, and says that she has been guilty of adultery, and that he will prosecute them both.

LATE FOREIGN NEWS.

BELFAST, March 27.—A terrible scene occurred last night during the progress of a charity ball which was given at Stragaddy, County Donegal. At the height of the festivities an insane man suddenly made his appearance armed with a double-barreled shotgun. Before his intentions were divined, or before he could be disarmed, the madman fired both barrels of his gun among the dancers. One girl was shot in the back and she was so dangerously wounded that she was removed from the ball room in a dying condition. The madman after discharging his shot gun was seized by some of the gentlemen present and was soon after handed over to the police.

SUED BY CAPT. O'SHEA.

DUBLIN, March 27.—It is announced that Capt. O'Shea has brought suit against the Catholic bishop of the united dioceses of Galway and Kilmacduagh, the Most Rev. Francis J. MacCormack, D. D., and against Canon John O'Mahonny of the Catholic diocese of Cork. Capt. O'Shea sues the two reverend gentlemen mentioned for alleged libellous utterances in regard to his relations with Mr. Parnell which have been attributed to the Bishop of Galway and to Canon O'Mahonny in the public press.

THE POPE'S BENEDICTION.

IT IS BESTOWED UPON THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION.

ROME, March 27.—His Holiness, Pope Leo, is out with an apostolical benediction upon the World's Fair and the plan to erect a beautiful stone monument in honor of Christopher Columbus at Buenos Ayres. He says: "It is proper as well as useful to render homage to men who have merited so well of Christian faith and human society. Columbus, in accomplishing by his genius and perserverance such great deeds, has been the fountain in both hemispheres of so great an influence upon mankind, that few men can be compared with him. Hoping that the honors rendered him will serve to stimulate the World's Columbian Exposition at Chicago, we give to your project the praise it merits, and at the same time as a token of fraternal love we give the apostolical benediction."

SILVER IN NEVADA.

Great Increase in Output That Will Follow Free Coinage.

Last night H. G. Wright of Virginia City, Nev., arrived in the city and is at the Lindell. "The question of free coinage is the one absorbing topic of discussion in Nevada at present," said Mr. Wright, "and if a free coinage plank is put in the Democratic platform Nevada will surely cast its vote on that side, that is of course supposing that the Republican party does not pronounce in favor of free coinage. I have just been in Colorado, and was assured by men of both parties that the political complexion of that State depended upon the course taken by the national conventions in regard to free coinage. The drift is all toward the Democracy. Men who are not familiar with the mining situation do not understand the immense effect that even a small advance in the price of silver will have on the output of the silver States. An advance of 20 cents an ounce would be very likely to put Nevada again in the front as a silver producing State, a position that she has not occupied for many years. Nevada mines are peculiar in one respect, and it has operated greatly to the disadvantage of the State. Our silver bearing lodes are large, and carry an immense amount of metal, but as a rule they are of low grade. When silver is high we can turn out almost any amount of it, but at present prices fully 95 per cent of the mines are idle, because the cost of production exceeds by a very little the price obtained for the silver. Fully three-quarters of the mines that have been shut down would be reopened if a permanent advance of 15 cents an ounce in the price of silver could be assured, and if we could have 412½ grains of silver coined into a dollar the output of the State would be increased at least tenfold. In no part of the world is the cost of production so close to the market value of silver, and as it happens the difference has been just on the wrong side. But if the price of silver is raised, not a mill in Nevada will be idle and more will be required to handle the ore. There are hundreds of old dumps, with tens of thousands of tons of ore, that will be very valuable if a coinage bill is passed. It has not paid to send this ore to the mill at the rates that have prevailed during recent years, but with free coinage, nearly all can be profitably handled. The present silver output of Nevada is no guide whatever to what it will be, as nearly all the mines contain great bodies of low grade ore that just fails to yield a profit. A free coinage bill is the only salvation for Nevada, as mining is our only industry worth mentioning, and the State will be found on the side of the party that advances its interests."

A FOREIGN EXPERT.

A Berlin Official's Views on the City Government.

Rudolph Wilderman of Berlin, who has been visiting friends in the city for several weeks past, said in conversation with a representative of the POST-DISPATCH: "I have been making quite a study of your system of municipal government, as I was for four years a member of the City Council of Berlin, and have always taken great interest in such affairs. The system of holdover appointees is one that seems to me to be excellent, and we could copy it with profit. We have some features in our municipal management that would probably be popular here. In our opinion we have solved the question as to property representation and universal suffrage in a manner that is satisfactory to all, at least it has worked well, and there have been very few complaints. Our city government is divided into four classes, each composed of an equal number of men. The tax lists are examined and the largest taxpayers, those who pay a quarter of the city taxes, are listed. These men are electors privileged to choose a quarter of the members of the city government. The next set is composed of the taxpayers who pay less than those of the first-class, but who, combined with these, pay half the taxes. The third class is composed of all who pay over a small amount, and the fourth class is composed of all other persons. By this scheme every man has a vote, but tax-payers have more to say about the expenditure of money than those who have contributed little or nothing. As a rule, three-fourths of the city officials are elected by less than 10 per cent of the people, but no one is prevented from voting by reason of poverty."

Humane Society Report.

The officers of the Humane Society of Missouri make the following report of work done during the week ending March 27: Cases reported at office, 12; remedied without prosecution, 9; not substantiated, 1; warned, 35; prosecuted, 6; convicted, 3; animals taken from work, 9; dog fighting, 4; beating or whipping, 8; overdriving or overworking, 2; driving when galled or lame, 26; depriving of necessary food or shelter, 1; general cruelty, 3

PURE 18-KT. GOLD WEDDING RINGS.
MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
COR. BROADWAY AND LOCUST ST.

"A woman best understands a woman's ills."

"To what recognition is a woman entitled whose sole ambition in life was to do good to others, and the fruit of whose labors has proved a blessing to the civilized world?"

"ONE BOTTLE BROUGHT ME OUT OF BED."

DEAR MADAM: BALTIMORE, Oct. 30, 1890.

Having seen your advertisement in Tuesday's paper, I have concluded to send for your book (entitled "Guide to Health and Etiquette"); inclosed find two 2-cent stamps. I have used your vegetable compound, and without mistake I believe it to be the best medicine ever used. I was prostrate; one bottle brought me out of bed, and three got me up so that I could do the housework. May you be as successful in the future as you have been in the past, for everybody gives praise to your medicine. Yours truly,

JOSEPHINE SCHOENBORN, 713 Baker St., Baltimore City, Md.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

Is the only Positive Cure and Legitimate Remedy for the peculiar weaknesses and ailments of women.

All Druggists sell it as a standard article, or sent by mail, in form of Pills or Lozenges, on receipt of $1.00. LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO., LYNN, MASS.

An Illustrated book, entitled "Guide to Health and Etiquette," by Lydia E. Pinkham, is of great value to ladies. We will present a copy to anyone addressing us with two 2-cent stamps.

WANT BETTER WAGES.

PETITION OF THE EMPLOYES OF THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Threatened Strikes on Other Lines—Action of Chicago Carpenters—Special Legislation Asked—Lake Seamen in Council—Distress in the Coke Region.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., March 27.—The employes of the New York division of the Pennsylvania Railroad are signing a petition asking that their wages be increased nearly 15 per cent, and when all the signatures have been secured the petition will be presented to General Manager Pugh direct. The ordinary way in which any communication reaches the General Manager would be through Superintendent Joseph Crawford, but this time the men don't intend to ask for an increase through any intermediate channel.

The firemen on the same branch, who are nearly all members of the Brotherhood of Firemen, have also presented a petition asking for an increase which will make their pay $2.25 for a round trip. Neither petition is so worded as to convey the idea that a strike will ensue in case the company does not grant the requests.

LAKE SEAMEN'S WAGES.

CHICAGO, Ill., March 27.—The Lake Seamen's Benevolent Association held its annual election of officers last night. A vote was also taken on the question as to the wage schedules for the coming season. The result was unanimously in favor of demanding $2 a day from the opening of navigation till the end of the fair weather season, the rate to be arranged later on for the last months of the season, in which better wages are usually paid, owing to the dangerous nature of the work. Officers voted for last night were Port Agents, General, Secretary and delegates to the international convention. Voting took place last evening in eleven ports for these officers.

CHICAGO CARPENTERS.

CHICAGO, Ill., March 27.—A final settlement of the long dispute between the boss carpenters and the journeymen was reached last evening when the two associations met and ratified the agreement signed on Saturday last by the Joint Conference Committee. The United Carpenters' Council met last night and the agreement was gone over clause by clause, each receiving careful consideration. The committee that signed the agreement was in attendance and explained in detail the reasons that led to the adoption of the old different propositions.

A mass-meeting of the carpenters of the city will be held at Battery D on Sunday, when the agreement will receive formal and final ratification. Several prominent citizens will speak on the occasion.

MASTER WORKMAN HUGHES.

HARRISBURG, Pa., March 27.—Gov. Pattison has decided to issue writs for the extradition of James Hughes, Master Workman for the Assembly of Garment Cutters, who is wanted at Rochester, N. Y., on charges of extortion and conspiracy made by L. Adler Bros. & Co. of that city. The Governor says that the papers from Gov. Hill asking for the extradition of Hughes were in proper form and there remained no other course for him to pursue than to issue the writs. The application for extradition on the charge of conspiracy was received by the Governor after the hearing on the first application for extortion. The writs will be issued to-morrow.

TROUBLES IN THE COKE REGION.

SCOTTDALE, Pa., March 27.—The Frick and McClure companies have posted the sliding scale and ten out of seventeen coke works have resumed operations. The labor agitators are dismayed at the disorganization of the men and are holding mass meetings to prevent them from returning to work. The strikers drove the operators away from the Leiserning works and several of them were slightly hurt. General Manager Lynch telegraphed to Sheriff McCormick and there is now a guard of armed deputies around the works.

THREATEN TO STRIKE.

ATLANTA, Ga., March 27.—The brakemen and firemen on the East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia Railroad are threatening a strike on account of wages. They say the standard of wages throughout the country for men in their position is two-thirds the engineers' pay, which they do not receive. Should a strike come now it will catch the road loaded with freight and with every yard full.

MISSOURI LABOR BUREAU.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., March 27.—H. L. Gray, a Boone County lawyer and late Secretary of the State Senate, was appointed Chief Clerk in the State Labor Bureau yesterday. Labor Commissioner Hall expects to commence work in St. Louis in April, when a factory inspector will be appointed. Albert C. Hornbuckle was also appointed to a clerkship in the Adjutant-General's office yesterday. Hornbuckle is from Jackson County.

AFTER SPECIAL LEGISLATION.

OMAHA, Neb., March 27.—Railway employes will hold a mass meeting next week to organize an association to secure the enactment of favorable legislation. About two thousand employes will join, and committees will be appointed to confer with similar associations in Illinois and Kansas.

LABOR NOTES.

The Reading Iron Co. has notified its 2,000 employes that owing to the continued depression in the iron trade a slight reduction in wages will be made on April 1.

The men employed in paving the streets of Boston have been granted the request recently made by them that nine hours shall constitute a day's work.

GLUCOSE WORKS WILL CLOSE.

One Effect of the Change in the Tariff on Sugar.

The anticipated decline of 2 cents a pound in the price of sugar on April 1 has caused no little consternation among the manufacturers of glucose in the country, and is also regarded with anxiety by farmers who are engaged in raising corn, as it will in all probability cause heavy losses to both. The glucose men are naturally the ones most affected, and the probabilities are that fully three-fourths of the factories will have to close down in case the price of corn remains at present figures or anywhere near them. The manufacture of glucose has been increasing during the last five years with remarkable rapidity, and so keen has been the competition that present rates yield only small profit to the manufacturer. The use of glucose has grown on account of the high price of sugar, for which in many branches of industry it is a fair substitute, but one that would not be selected were it not for its lower cost. In syrups, many kinds of candy, sweetenings of various sorts, and similar lines glucose has been used of late years in place of sugar. With the decline in sugar this substitution will largely cease, unless there should be a corresponding decline in the price of glucose, and under present conditions this is not considered possible, at least in a majority of instances. The price of corn is far above the average at this season of the year, and as the glucose manufacturers rely mainly upon corn as a raw material a reduction in price is not possible at the present time, and those acquainted with the condition of affairs say that within two months more than half the factories will suspend operations. That in St. Louis, one of the largest in the West, will not be obliged to do so, for when corn was low a large supply was laid in. The Venice Elevator was rented and is now nearly full of corn. As this was bought at a low price, the local glucose works will meet the competition of cheap sugar. The farmers are interested because the cessation of this demand is more than likely to have a depressing influence on the market. At present prices, it is said by receivers and shippers, there is no form into which corn can be put and made to yield a profit. It does not pay to export it, to grind it, or to turn it into pork, and if the demand from the glucose-works ceases it is predicted that a sharp decline will take place within a short time. A better exemplification of the disturbances wrought by any change in the tariff it would be difficult to find, as those who have never raised an acre of sugarcane or sorghum find their crop depreciated in value by the alteration in the sugar tariff.

Ladies' $3 Dongola Shoes, $2.

Fine hand-turned $4 shoes, $3; $7 hand-sewed French kid, $5; children's shoes, 25c to the finest. GLOBE, 703 to 713 Franklin av.

The Inquiry Dismissed.

Inquiry was to have been had on Peter H. Ostermann in the Probate Court to-day. His wife is in an insane asylum and his daughter feared he would dissipate his fortune and leave no fund for the support of the wife. A jury was impanelled and the court adjourned for lunch. This afternoon Leo Rassieur, who appeared for the daughter, asked that her application for an inquiry be dismissed. An arrangement was entered into under which Mr. Ostermann will convey to his son as trustee all of his property.

Confirmation Suits, $3.50 to $15.

Finest of wide wales, tricots, clay worsteds, etc.; $2.50 to $5 saved on every suit by buying of us. GLOBE, 703 to 713 Franklin avenue.

Sunday-School Workers.

DUQUOIN, Ill., March 27.—The convention of the Normal Institute for Sunday School Workers convened here yesterday. President H. M. Hamill of the association conducted the proceedings. The programme of yesterday was made up of Bible reading and child conversion. At night Rev. Dr. Robert Allyn of Carbondale spoke on "Sunday-School Hindrances." The sessions are well attended and they arouse considerable interest.

HOTEL PERSONALS.

J. H. Brownson, Toledo; H. H. Bowen, New York; A. O. Tutz, Chicago; A. W. Foster, Chicago, and C. C. Miller, Ft. Wayne are at the Southern.

W. W. Guntewell, Burlington, Io.; Thomas Connor, Washington, Mo.; F. E. Burroughs, Cape Girardeau, and W. H. Mier, Bethany, Mo., are at the Laclede.

S. H. Homer, Helena, Ark.; J. H. Carr, Kansas City; G. E. Palmer, Chicago, and George D. Clayton, Hannibal, are at the Lindell.

Assaulted Him With an Umbrella.

Prosecuting Attorney Dierkes issued a warrant this morning charging Wm. Woehrman, Jr., with assault and battery. The prosecuting witness in the action is John H. Jest. The latter is a grocer doing business at 2600 Natural Bridge road. He rents the upper part of the building to Woehrman, who occupies the apartments with his wife. It appears that Mrs. Jest and Mrs. Woehrman quarrelled on account of the condition of the hall. As a result of the feud Woehrman went last night into Jest's store and broke a gold-headed umbrella over the proprietor's head, inflicting a severe scalp wound. Jest captured the umbrella head and proudly exhibited the trophy at the Four Courts this morning.

Business Suspended in New York.

NEW YORK, March 27.—All the business exchanges are closed to-day. Many of the offices in the big buildings down-town are closed. The Custom-house is open, but business generally suspended.

THE ST. LOUIS DRUG MARKET.

Reported by the J. S. Merrell Drug Co.

We solicit the orders of merchants only, and can entertain no orders from consumers. Correspondence with country dealers invited.

Acid, acetic, No. 8, ℘ ℔, 8c; benzoic, Eng. ℘ oz, 20c; carbolic crystals, 1-℔ cans, ℘ ℔, 35c; citric, ℘ ℔, 58c; muriatic, ℘ ℔, 5c; nitric, ℘ ℔, 10c; oxolic, ℘ ℔, 14c; sulphuric, ℘ ℔, 4c; tartaric, ℘ ℔, 38c.
Alcohol, grain, ℘ gal., $2.30; wood, ℘ gal., $1.30.
Ammonia—Water, 16 per cent, ℘ ℔, 4c; 20 per cent, ℘ ℔, 8c; 26 per cent, ℘ ℔, 11c; carb., ℘ ℔, 15c; muriate, ℘ ℔, 15c.
Annatto—Spanish, ℘ ℔, 15c.
Annatoine—℘ ℔, $1.
Antifebrin—℘ oz., 25c.
Antkiamnia—℘ oz., $1.
Antimony—Black powdered, ℘ ℔, 5c.
Antipyrine—℘ oz., $1.40.
Arrowroot—American, ℘ ℔, 10c; Bermuda, ℘ ℔, 35c.
Arsenic—White powd., ℘ ℔, 10c.
Balsam—Copaiba, ℘ ℔, 75c; fir, ℘ ℔, 40c; Peru, ℘ ℔, $1.90; tolu, ℘ ℔, 50c.
Bark—Bayberry, powd., ℘ ℔, 15c; cassia, ℘ ℔, 8c; cassia, powd., ℘ ℔, 25c; Cinchona, red, ℘ ℔, 25c; Cinchona, red, powd., ℘ ℔, 35c; Cinchona, yellow, ℘ ℔, 25c; Cinchona, yellow, powd., ℘ ℔, 35c; Elm, select, ℘ ℔, 15c; Elm, powd., ℘ ℔, 15c; Sassafras, ℘ ℔, 13c.
Bay Rum—Domestic, ℘ gal., $2.25; imported, ℘ gal., $3.
Beans—Tonka, Angustura, ℘ ℔, $2.25; Vanilla, Mexican, ℘ ℔, $9.
Berries—Cubeb, stemless, ℘ ℔, $1.50; cubeb, stemless, powdered, ℘ ℔, $1.65; juniper, ℘ ℔, 8c; juniper, powdered, ℘ ℔, 10c.
Bismuth—Sub. carb., ℘ ℔, $2.70; sub. nitrat, ℘ ℔, $2.10.
Blue Mass—Per lb, 50c.
Blue Vitriol—Per lb, 8c.
Borax—Refined, ℘ ℔, 11c; powdered, ℘ ℔, 12c.
Brimstone—Roll, ℘ ℔, 3c.
Calomel—American, ℘ ℔, 95c; English, ℘ ℔, $1.35.
Cantharides—Russian, ℘ ℔, $1.25; Russian, powdered, ℘ ℔, $1.40.
Chalk—White lump, 2c; French cut, 15c; prepared drops, 5c ℘ ℔.
Chloral—Hydrate, crystals, $1.50 ℘ ℔.
Cinconidia—Sulph, P. W., ov. vials, 14c ℘ oz.
Cloves—Zanzibar, 15c; do powdered, 20c ℘ ℔.
Corrosive Sublimate—85c ℘ ℔.
Cochineal—Honduras, 40c ℘ ℔.
Cream Tartar—Pure, 30c ℘ ℔.
Cuttlefish Bone—30c ℘ ℔.
Ether—Sulphuric, N. S. P., 65c ℘ ℔.
Extracts—Logwood, assd., 16c; licorice, 24c ℘ ℔.
Flowers—Arnica, 25c; chamomile, English, 25c; do German, 30c ℘ ℔.
Gelatine—Cooper's, 80c ℘ ℔.
Glycerine—Concentrated, ℘ ℔, 22c.
Gum Aloes—Cape, ℘ ℔, 10c; socotrine, ℘ ℔, 50c.
Gum Arabic—First picked, ℘ ℔, 95c; 2d picked, 75c; powdered, ℘ ℔, $1.
Gum—Assafœtida, ℘ ℔, 15c; camphor, ℘ ℔, 50c; catechu, true, ℘ ℔, 10c; guaiac, strained, ℘ ℔, 40c; kino, ℘ ℔, 20c; myrrh, Turkey, ℘ ℔, 35c; opium, Turkey, ℘ ℔, $2.50; Turkey, powdered, ℘ ℔, $3.75; shellac, orange, ℘ ℔, 30c; bleached, ℘ ℔, 40c; tragacanth, first picked, ℘ ℔, 65c.

ST. LOUIS GROCERY MARKET.

Reported by the Greeley-Burnham Grocer Co.

Established 1838.

Sultan brand of roasted coffee has a larger sale than any other bulk of coffee in the market. It is a high-grade combination of Java, Santos and Rio, resulting in fine flavor and great strength. Price always same as for Ariosa. Sultan is put up in 130-lb bags, with 130 paper sacks in each bag.

Sugar—Granulated, 6⅜c; powdered, 7c; fine powdered, 7¼c; cut loaf, 7c; yellow, 4½@5¾c; New Orleans open kettle, 4¾@5c.
Coffee—Green—O. G. Java, 27@30c; Mocha, 29c; Peaberry, 23½c; golden Rio, 23½c; fancy dark Rio, 22¼c; choice, 21½c; prime, 21¼c; good, 20½c; fair, 20c; common, 19¾c.
Coffee—Roasted—Arbuckle, Lion and "1838," 1-℔ pkgs, 25 90-100c; Buffalo, 130-℔ bags, 27c; Sultan, 130-℔ bags, 26c; Phœnix, 130-℔ bags, 25½c; Challenge, 130-℔ bags, 25c; No. 99, 130-℔ bags, 24c; No. 18, 130-℔ bags, 23c; D. H. & Co., Java and Mocha, 50-℔ and 3-℔ tins, 33½c.
Molasses—H. B., fancy, 39c; St. George, choice, 37c; Eliza, prime, 35c; A. H. G., good, 33c; E. A. W., fair, 27c.
Syrups—Sugar, Buffalo, fancy, 46c; brilliant, choice, 39c; diamond drips, prime, 33c; crown, good, 28c; corn, 28c; sorghum, 33@35c.
Rice—Fancy, 7c; choice, 6½c; prime, 6c; good, 5¾c.
Coal Oil—150 deg., 9¼c; Eupion, 11¾c; Elaine, 17½c; Gasoline, 9½c.
Canned Fruits—Apples, 3s, $1.15; gallons, $3.75; blackberries, 2s, 90c; cherries, 2s, $1.35; gooseberries, 2s, $1.10; peaches, 2s, scds, $2; 3s, scds, $2.25; 3s, std white, $2.40; yellow, $2.50; 3s pie, $1.70; pineapple, std, 2s, $1.65; buffalo, 2s, $2.40; grated, 2s, $2.60; raspberries, 2s, $1.40; strawberries, 2s, $1.20@1.35.
California Fruits—Apricots, $2.25@2.40; blackberries, $2.50; cherries, white, $2.75; black, $2.50; egg plums, $2; green gages, $2; Crawford peaches, $2.80; pears, $2.75; raspberries, $3.
Canned Vegetables—Asparagus, $2.50; baked beans, $1.30@1.50; lima beans, 95c; string beans, 75c; corn, Western, $1.05@1.10; Maine corn, $1.20@1.50, peas, mft., $1.05; early June, $1.30; ex. sft., $1.85; pumpkin, 3s, 85c; succotash, $1; tomatoes, 2s, 77½c; 3s, $1; Buffalo, 3s, $1.05.
Canned Fish—Clams, $1.05; codfish balls, 2s, $1.95; crabs, 1s, $2.25; 2s, $3.25; lobsters, 1s, $2.10; mackerel, 1s, 90c; genuine, $1.25; oysters, 1s, $1.05; 2s, $2; shrimps, 1½s, $2.40; salmon, Alaska, $1.05@$1.25; Columbia River, $1.65; white fish, 1s, $1.25; 2s, $2.40; sardines, American, ¼s, $4.35; mustard, ¾s, $4 35, imported, ¼s, $10.25@15.
Canned Meats—Chipped beef, 1s, $2.20; corned beef, 1s, $1.10; 2s, $1.75; chicken, 2s, $2.50; 10-oz. potted, $3.85; Chili Concarne, 2s, $2.25; duck, 10-oz., $3; ham, 5-oz., 65c; 10-oz., $1.20; pig feet, 1½s, $1.25; sausage, 1s, ham, $1.70; 1s, Vienna, $1.95; tongue, 5-oz, 65c; 10-oz, $1.15; turkey, 10-oz, $2.90.
Preserves—20-℔ pails, 8½c; 5-℔ pails, ℘ doz., $7.
Condensed Milk—Eagle, $7.35; crown, $6.10; dime, $3.75; watch, $4.20.
Ammunition—Powder, 25-℔ kegs, $5.50; shot, patent, 25-℔ bags, $1.40; Eley caps, per M, 60c; U. M. C., per M, 50c; G. D., per M, 35c.
Baking Powder—Price's—Lbs, $4.75; ½-lbs, $2.50; ¼-lbs, $1.35. Royal—Lbs, $4.90; ½-lbs, $2.65; ¼-lbs, $1.75. Buffalo—Lbs, $2.60; ½-lbs, $1.50; ¼-lbs, 80c. Town Talk—1-℔, $1.25. U. S. A.—Lbs, $3.50; 12-oz., $2.75; ½-lbs, $1.90; 6-oz., $1.45; ¼-lbs, $1; 3-oz., 80c.
Beans—Navy, $2.40; medium, $2.30; lima, ℘ ℔, 5¾c.
Flour—G. B. G. Co.'s "Best" roller patent, $5.45; ex fcy, $4.95; fcy, $4.30; choice family, $3.80. Rye, $4.65. K. D. meal, $3.10. Hominy, $3.30; grits, $3.30. Buckwheat, pure, $5; patent, $4.50.
Candles—Star, 9c; hotel, 10¼c; paraffine, 11@13c.
Chocolate—Baker's premium, 34c; sweet, 22c.
Cocoa—Van Houten's 1-℔, 72c; ½-lbs, 80c; ¼-lbs, 80c; ⅛-lbs, 96c; Epps', ½-lbs, 37c.
Candies—Stick, 8c; royal, 9½c; mixed, 8@12½c.
Cider—$6@7.50 ℘ bbl.
Cheese—Young America, 13c; Buffalo full cream, 13c; N. Y. factory, 8c; imported Swiss, 28@29c; Edam, $10 per doz.
Coconaut—Perfection, 15-lb box, ½-lb and 1-lb, assorted, 25c; 20-lb pails, 15c.
Crackers—Soda, 6c; ginger snaps, 8½c; cream, 8½c; sugar, 8½c; cakes and jumbles, 12c, less 15 per cent.
Extracts—Buffalo, 2-oz. lemon, $1.15; 2-oz. vanilla, $1.75; Oriental, 2-oz. lemon, 65c; 2-oz. vanilla, 90c.
Farinaceous Goods—Barley, 4½c; cracked wheat, bbls, $6.75; cases, $3.65; oat meal, Buffalo, bbls, $6.75; cases, $3.50; peas, green, ℘ bu, $1.15; rolled oats, Buffalo, bbls, $6.75; cases, $3.50; tapioca, $6¼c.
Dried Fruit, Domestic—Apples, 11@12c; evaporated, 15c; peaches, ½s, 10½c; blackberries, 9c; raspberries, 32c; pitted cherries, 32c; California evaporated peaches, 19c; apricots, 20c; prunes, 11½@13½c.
Dried Fruit, Foreign—Currants, casks, 5c; cases, 7c; citron, 17c; dates, Fard, 12-℔ bxs, 10c; 65-℔ bxs, 8½c; Persian, 5c; figs, 14@16c; grapes, 6¼c; lemon peel, 11½c; prunes, Turkish, bbls, 9¼c; royales, 5-℔ bxs, 10½c; French, 55-℔ bxs, 11½@13c; raisins, Valencia, 7½c; sultana, 18@22½c; California raisins, muscatel, $2 15@2.60; L. L., $2.40@3.

Lumber.

Reported by the Russell-Massengale Commission Co., lumber commission merchants, southwest corner Main and Olive.

Since our last report the receipts have been more liberal, both by river and rail, especially so of cypress and oak and yet the market has absorbed all offerings at fair prices, except cypress, which shows some decline and is weak. The demand continues good for both quartered and plain oak at good prices. We quote:

Poplar Boards and Squares—$25@26 for first and second, and $15@16 for common. Demand good for high grade stock. Boards are wanted—1½ and 2 in.—and squares, usual sizes—5x5, 6x6, 7x7, and 8x8.
Cypress—Slow; 2½ and 3 in., $27@17, while 1 and 2 in., $25@26, and $10 less for common. Shingles—$2.75 for hearts; $2@2.25 for saps or prime.
White Oak—Quartered, $38 and $18 for first and second and common. Plain—3@4 in, $27@28 for clear and $10 less for common, while 1@2 in worth $1@2 less. Wagon tongues, $35; bolsters and reaches, $26@27; felloes, 65c per set.
Red Oak—Quartered, $36@37 and $17 for clear and common. Plain—$26 and $16, quiet.
Yellow Pine—Dull for D. and M. stock; for 1st and 2d, $18; star, $16.50, and common, $12.50. We quote: Rough, 1x4-in. and 6-in., $19 and $10 for clear and common; dry finish, 1x8 and up, $21@22 for clear and $10 for common.
Hickory—Wanted; $33@35 for boards; axles, $35 per M.
Red Gum—Quiet; $21@22 for nice dry stock, clear; and $11 for common.
Ash—Good demand; 2-inch and 4-inch $28@29, and $18 for clear and seconds and common. For 1-inch and 1½-inch, $1@2 less as to grades.
Walnut—Firm; $70@75, $40@42 and $20 for clear, common and culls.
Cherry—Prices for good stock about same as for walnut.
Maple—Quiet and dull at $12@14.
Sycamore—Quartered, $24; plain, $13@15 as to grade.
Elm—Dull at $12@13 for mill-run.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

CHICAGO, Ill., March 27.—Butter steady; creamery, 20@29c; dairy, 16@26c. Eggs in more local demand; fresh, 16½@17½c.

CINCINNATI, O., March 27.—Flour firm. Wheat steady, $1.05. Corn steady, 57c. Rye weaker, 91c. Provisions easier. Whisky firm, sales 691 bbls.

A FEW days ago John Vallaster was buried from his home at 3511 Wisconsin avenue. His wife and her three children, the oldest not yet in its seventh year, are now in the most destitute circumstances. The younger children are confined to their bed with sickness, and the mother is thus unable to go out to work. The case is a particularly deserving one.

LEWIS-SHARPE COMMISSION CO.,
ROOM 210, CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, - - - - - ST. LOUIS.

GEO. TAYLOR COMMISSION CO., 2-7
COTTON FACTORS. MAIN AND WALNUT STS., ST. LOUIS.

LIVE STOCK.

Union Stock Yards.

Don N. Palmer, Manager; W. A. Ramsey, Secretary.

Weekly Review.

Cattle—There was a light run of good to choice butcher cattle this week and the market closed this afternoon without enough to keep up to the existing demands. This has been the condition of the market every day this week and more than twice the number of cattle that came in could have been sold if they had been here. Prices were strong all week at last week's quotations, and the close was the same this afternoon. But the run of the common kinds of cattle was all that the trade wanted, there being a plentiful supply every day. Prices have ranged steady on this kind during the week. The condition of trade in cows and calves has not improved any at all, and they are selling slow and easy at the quotations named below. The price list of the market is appended:

Grade.	Price ℘ 100 ℔s.
Good steers, 1,400 to 1,550	$4 85 to $5 25
Medium steers, 1,300 to 1,450	4 25 to 5 00
Good steers, 1,100 to 1,200	4 50 to 4 60
Butcher steers, 1,000 to 1,100	3 75 to 4 35
Stockers and feeders	2 00 to 3 00
Choice cows and heifers	3 80 to 4 35
Fleshy cows and heifers	2 85 to 3 35
Fair to medium cows	2 25 to 2 75
Trashy cow stock	1 50 to 2 00
Bulls, big and fat	2 50 to 3 50
Butcher bulls	2 00 to 2 75
Sausage bulls	1 50 to 2 00
Veal calves, per head	4 00 to 7 00
Common cows and calves	12 00 to 15 00
Good to choice	25 00 to 28 00

The representative sales to-day were as follows:

No. Description.	Av.	Price.
13 Southwest steers	1,016	4 10
12 Southwest steers	1,185	4 00
11 native cows	1,170	3 75
10 native cows	1,130	3 65
14 native cows and heifers	788	3 00
16 Southwest cows	968	2 75
12 stags and bulls	1,180	3 87½

118 retail from $2.75 to $4.50.

Hogs—Between the opening and close of the market this week there has been a difference of 30 cents on hogs, prices running to $4.80 and declining again to $4.50, the price to-day. All of the hogs that came in during the week were readily absorbed. The market was steady to-day at yesterday's close. Good to choice hogs sold at $4.35 to $4.50; mixed packing from $4 to $4.35; common to light mixed hogs, $3.25 to $3.75. The representative sales to-day were:

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
71	194	$4 50	85	186	3 40
65	177	3 80	53	201	4 50
55	183	4 35	38	227	4 55
83	185	4 42½	70	186	4 40
46	203	4 30	66	175	4 30
57	240	4 50	55	209	4 50
42	220	4 50	31	272	4 50
44	259	4 50	99	168	4 35
46	207	4 50	58	200	4 45
56	160	4 10	62	196	4 45
60	143	4 05	58	181	4 40

Sheep—Strong at last week's prices has been the feature of the sheep trade every day this week. While the arrivals have been more liberal than the preceding week, the supply coming in has been far too small for the market.

Stock Yard Notes.

F. M. Crowell, a well-known shipper from the Indian Territory, is here to-day with cattle from Afton G. W. Allison, Chester, Ill., sent in hogs and cattle.

Ben Clendinin, Chester, Ill., sent in cattle and hogs.

The following shippers were here yesterday: Oscar Cutler, Fieldon, Ill., hogs; John Ellis, Florence, Ill., hogs; E. S. Loe, Batchtown, Ill., hogs; O. S. Twitchell, Batchtown, Ill., hogs; Henry J. Marsh, Naples, Ill., hogs; F. Stumpe, Washington, Mo., hogs; W. F. Stevens, Fredericktown, Mo., cattle; E. S. Trail, New Haven, Mo., cattle and hogs; M. L. Hulse, Centre, Mo., hogs; J. S. Grisham, Glen Allen, Mo., hogs; F. Schmelskamp, New Haven, Mo., cattle and hogs.

Horses and Mules.

Reported by Martin Bros., Horse & Mule Market, Nos. 1438, 1442, 1444, 1446 North Broadway.

HORSES.

The horse market showed an improvement this week in the prices obtained, but the volume of business was larger last week than this. Receipts fell off somewhat; and while the demand was not large, it was sufficient to absorb all the offerings, and there is now but very little stock remaining over in first hands. With the exception of but one Eastern buyer, the South monopolized the demand, and for all Southern stock prices advanced. Buyers here from New York, Virginia, North Carolina, Florida, Georgia, Alabama and Tennessee. Prices:

Heavy draft, extra	$150@$175
Heavy draft, good	105@120
Drivers, extra	150@175
Drivers, good	105@125
Saddlers	100@175
Streeters	85@100
Southern mares, extra	100@115
Southern mares, good	80@95
Plugs	20@30

MULES.

The mule market was very dull the past week owing to a decided absence of buyers. A continuance of the high water scare throughout the South is the only reason we can give for this state of affairs. Fortunately the receipts were moderate and prices held up very well. The dealers are all heavily stocked. There was some demand for the better grades of mules. Prices:

14 hands	$60@70
14½ hands	75@85
14½ hands, fat	85@100
15 hands	90@100
15 hands, fat	105@115
15½ hands	105@115
15½ hands, fat	115@130
16 hands	115@130
16 hands, fat	130@160

Live Stock by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, Ill., March 27.—The Evening Journal reports: Cattle—Receipts, 8,500 head; steady and rather slow; weather bad; top prices, $5.75@6.15; others, $4.50@4.95; cows, $2.25@3.75. Hogs—Receipts, 25,000 head; 10c higher; common, $4@4.25, mixed and packers, $4.30@4.55; butchers' weights and prime heavy, $4.50@6.75; light, $4.30@4.40; skips, $4@4.20. Sheep—Receipts, 7,000 head; steady; natives, $5@5.50; Westerns, $5.25@5.75. Lambs, $5.25@6.40.

KANSAS CITY, March 27.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,850; shipments, 370. Market slow to 10c lower. Steers, $3.75@5.90. Hogs—Receipts, 5,820; shipments, 1,190. Market opened 10c lower, closed strong. All grades $3.85@4.50. Sheep—Receipts 3,390; market steady.

BUFFALO, N. Y., March 27.—Cattle steady firm. Receipts 73 loads through 3 sale. Sheep and lambs 10 to 15c, lower for all kinds. Receipts 9 loads through 26 sale. Sheep—Good to best $5.75@6; common to fair $4.50@5.65. Lambs—Common to best $5@6.90. Hogs—10 to 15c lower; receipts 47 loads through 29 sale; mostly $4 45; mediums and heavy $4.50@4.60.; choice heavy $4-65@4.70.

River Telegrams.

CAIRO, Ill., March 27.—Arrived: City of St. Louis, New Orleans, 11 p. m.; City of Hickman, St. Louis, 9 a. m. Departed: City of St. Louis, St. Louis, midnight. River 42 feet 9 inches, falling. Cloudy and cold.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., March 27.—River 32 feet 6 inches, falling. Cloudy and cold.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 27. River rising, 11 feet 8 inches on the falls, 14 feet in canal. Cloudy and raining.

WHEELING, March 27.—River 10.6 feet; falling. Cloudy and cold.

MEMPHIS, March 27.—No arrivals or departures. River 34 feet; stationary. Cloudy, cold.

CINCINNATI, O., March 27.—River 25.5 feet; rising. Raining; thermometer 29.

PITTSBURG, March 27.—River 7.4 feet; falling. Cloudy and cold.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The funeral of John A. Mackey, the actor, took place at Brooklyn yesterday.

The local option bill was killed in the New Hampshire Legislature yesterday.

At the New York Sub-Treasury yesterday $100,000 gold coin was ordered shipped to Cuba.

Joseph Bernard was convicted at New York yesterday of sending green goods through the mails.

Meissonier and Mrs. Mackay.

From the London World.

Although the papers have positively bristled for days with reminiscences of Meissonier, some of them being purely apocryphal, not one of them has hit on the true version of his historical quarrel with Mrs. Mackay. Meissonier failed notoriously to make his mark in portraiture, but could never be persuaded that he was not quite as good as either Cabanal or Bonnat. Curiously enough, the only passable portrait he ever turned out was the one of himself which figured at the last French Exhibition. Soon after Mrs. Mackay commenced her sittings she was attacked by a dangerous illness of many weeks' duration, and Meissonier (whose commercial aptitude was notorious), fearing to lose the 70,000 francs agreed on, hastened to finish the picture with the aid of a model. The result can easily be imagined; and Mrs. Mackay, who "gloves" at five and three-quarters, very naturally objected to be depicted with the hands of a Gorgon, and asked him to make certain changes. Meissonier lost his temper (a matter of not infrequent occurrence), and flatly refused in very uncourteous terms, alleging that the signature "Meissonier" was worth the money. Here the matter ended, the alleged sequel being entirely imaginary. Meissonier got his money (for which Mrs. Mackay holds his receipt) without a moment's delay, and my French readers will be relieved to learn that the portrait still exists, carefully packed away in the cellars of Mr. John Mackay's Paris bankers. It has not seen daylight for some years, but its alleged tragic destruction was a simple canard. Three years since Meissonier married the model who was the innocent cause of the absolute want of resemblance, if not of the enlarged hands.

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Lumber Commission Merchants,
And Dealers in All Kinds of Hardwood Lumber.
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Wholesale Druggists.
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J. E. MARTIN. C. B. MARTIN.
MARTIN BROS.
DEALERS IN
Horses and Mules,
Suitable for City, Plains and Plantation Use. All orders promptly filled. Satisfaction guaranteed.
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Z. T. Steele, Cattle Salesman. Chas. Wells, Hog Salesman.
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A. C. Cassidy, Pres. W. H. Hines, Vice-Pres.
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CASSIDY BROS. & HINES COMMISSION CO.
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BLAKELY SANDERS-MANN CO.,
(Formerly Blakely Sanders & Co.)
Live Stock Commission Merchants
Offices { 5 and 6, Union Stock Yards, St. Louis.
{ 5, National Stock Yards, Ill.
Consignments Solicited 2-7

JOHN J. HOLT, Office. J. C. PAYNE, Cattle Salesman. HUGH M. WATSON, Hog Salesman.
HOLT, PAYNE & CO.,
Live Stock Commission Merchants.
2-7 Union Stock Yards, St. Louis, Mo.

E. T. WHEELER. C. JAMES. J. S. MCKINNON.
WHEELER, JAMES & CO.,
Live Stock Commission Merchants.
2-7 Union Stock Yards, St. Louis.

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Commission salesmen and forwarding agents for all kinds of LIVE STOCK.
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Suitable for Savings Banks and Trust Funds.

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Local Bonds.

Corrected daily by James Campbell, Broker, 307 Pine street.

	When due.	Interest Payable.	Bid.	Ask.
U. S. BONDS.				
4½ ℘ cent bonds	1891	J. S. D. & M.	102½	103
4 ℘ cent bonds	1907	J. A. J. & O.	122½	123
ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.				
City 3-65 sterling	1907	June and Dec	99½	100½
City 4s sterling 10-20s	1902	May and Dec	100	101
City 4s sterling 10.20s	1895	June and Dec	100	101
City 5s	1900	Jan. and July	105	106
City 6s, gold	1892—93	Various	101	103½
City 6s, sterling	1898	June and Dec	110	112
City 6s, water	1899	June and Dec	111	112
City 6s, water	1891	April and Oct	101	102
City 6s, bridge approach	1892	June and Dec	102	103
County 6s, gold	1895—96	Jan. and July	105	107
County Park	1905	April and Oct	119½	120
RAILWAY BONDS.				
Mo. Pac. consols	1920	May and Nov	109	109½
Mo. Pac. 3ds	1906	May and Nov	114¾	116
No. Mo. 1st m 7s	1895	Jan. and July	109	110
K. P. 1st m 6s	1895	Feb. and Aug	107¾	108
K. P. 1st m 6s	1896	June and Dec	110	111
K. P. D Ex. 6s	1899	May and Nov	111⅛	112
K. P. consols	1910	May and Nov	110	111
St. L., I. M. 1st 7s	1892	Feb. and Aug	103	105

CLEARING-HOUSE STATEMENT.

Clearances	$2,866,757
Balances	323,761

Indications.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 27.—The storm central yesterday in the Middle Gulf has split in two, a portion going east to the Carolina coast and another portion going north to Indiana; another storm has moved from the Pacific Coast to the Northern Plateau region. A clearing condition has remained nearly stationary in Ontario. General rain or snow has fallen in the Ohio, Middle Mississippi valleys and in the Atlantic Coast States, except New England. The temperature has risen in the Lake region, the Northwest and extreme Southwest, and generally fallen elsewhere.

Forecast till 8 a. m. Saturday:

For Illinois—Fair Saturday; no decided change in temperature; winds becoming north.

For Missouri—Clearing; no decided change in temperature; winds becoming variable.

For Kansas and Colorado fair; slightly warmer; winds becoming south.

The Lower Mississippi will fall; the Ohio, Missouri and Upper Mississippi will rise. Storm signals are displayed at Grand Haven, Milwaukee and Ludington.

SPECIAL BULLETIN

Two storms are central this morning in Indiana and off the Carolina coast with a high area of considerable magnitude in Ontario. These conditions have produced a steep barometric radient from New York southeast to the Carolina coast which will probably be still further increased to-day and cause gales along the whole Atlantic border. Snow is falling this morning from Northern Virginia to Pennsylvania and will probably continue quite heavy or turn to rain by to-night. Snow is indicated for Eastern New York and Southern New England this afternoon and snow to-night or to-morrow morning in Northern New England.

Marine.

BREMERHAVEN, March 27.—Arrived: Havel from New York.

NEW YORK, March 27.—Arrived: Steamer Werra, Bremen.

Oil and Petroleum.

CLEVELAND, O., March 27.—Petroleum quiet; S. W. 110, 6½c; 74 gasoline, 8½c; 86 gasoline, 12c; 63 naptha, 6½c.

DRINK VAN HOUTEN'S COCOA
AT THE
DELICATESSEN.
COMMERCIAL HOTEL
and Restaurant. 415 Chestnut st.

CITY NEWS.

Dr. E. C. Chase,
Corner of 9th and Olive streets. Set of teeth, $8.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated and medicines furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine st.

THE MILLINGTON MURDER.

Medical Expert Testimony the Feature of the Great Trial.

DENVER, Colo., March 27.—Medical expert testimony continues to be the feature of the Millington murder trial. Dr. Miller was again placed on the stand yesterday. He attended Wm. Avery through his last illness, and had pronounced it a case of sub-acute gastritis, but yesterday declared that Avery had been poisoned. His cross examination was severe, Lawyer Pattison going minutely over the symptoms in Avery's case, extending from the 18th to the 25th. The defense made a strong point in securing an admission from Dr. Miller that if Avery had recovered the witness could not have been made to believe that he had suffered from arsenical poisoning, and that Verdie Cunningham's testimony indicating improper relations between Millington and Mrs. Avery had made him change his opinion as to the cause of Avery's death. The domestic's story of the visit of Dillie Millington in disguise to Fort Collins also had its effect in changing his mind regarding the evidence of death having been caused by arsenical poisoning. Witness stated in reply to a leading question that it was necessary for a physician to know of any suspicious circumstances surrounding a patient's life in diagnosing a case to ascertain the cause of illness or death.

"What would have been the character of your diagnosis if you had known a motive for poisoning?" asked Judge Ballard on the redirect examination. Lawyer Thomas sprang to his feet and protested vigorously against testimony being based on motives, and the question was ruled out. Dr. Warren was the next witness, testifying that death resulted from arsenical poisoning, and was proved by the finding of poison in the body. Court then adjourned.

Boys' Spring Suits for $3, $3.50, $4.00 and $5.00.

See our boys' clothing before making any purchases. New spring suits sold at a small advance from manufacturer's cost.

MILLS & AVERILL,
S. E. Cor. Broadway and Pine St.

BROOKLYN'S FIREBUG.

The Police Making a Strong Case Against Hugh Miller.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., March 27.—Capt. Eason of the Second Precinct submitted his report yesterday in regard to the evidence against Hugh Miller under arrest on the charge of causing the recent tenement house fires. The case against Miller is very strong, one point made against him is in regard to the fire in the flats Nos. 129 and 131 Sands street on Feb. 21, where six persons were burned to death, Miller being seen in the building a few minutes prior to the fire breaking out. Miller was also seen coming out of the four tenements including 146 High and 172 Prospect streets just as the fires were discovered in those buildings. Miller is known to have bought oil on the evening of the fire in 177 Bridge street and the paper used to stop up the fire alarm box fills a hole in a paper frond in Miller's pocket.

The only line running a passenger train from St. Louis to Cincinnati is the Ohio & Mississippi Railway.

HEIR TO A FORTUNE.

The Good Luck Which Has Come to a Barber's Wife.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 27.—Mrs. Herman Hirth, the wife of a modest Geary street barber, has just been informed by letter from a New York lawyer that she is heir to a considerable portion of an immense fortune lying idle in Holland's treasury vaults. At the same time comes the terrible information that she is a direct descendant of the reigning family in Holland, and therefore bears relationship to the members of the reigning families of Great Britain and Germany. To add to all this the New York lawyer attempts to make Mrs. Hirth believe that she is also an Anneke Jans heir.

THE ladies were in raptures to-day at the lovely silver and cut-glass displayed at Mermod & Jaccard's, Broadway and Locust. Remember it continues to-day and to-morrow, and you should not fail to see it.

Deaths.

The following burial certificates were issued by the Health Department for the twenty-four hours ending at 3 p. m. to-day:

John G. Gropp, 70 years, City Hospital; chronic nephritis.
Adelia R. Payne, 48 years, 1214 Janes avenue; la grippe.
Margaret E. Lehman, 74 years, 3437 Franklin avenue; apoplexy.
Daniel Tansiel, 6 days, 902 South Second street; pneumonia.
Christ Reitmann, 4 years, 1221 Clinton street; meningitis.
Catharine Dalton, 38 years, 4616 Cottage avenue; pulmonary infiltration.
Barbara Muschma, 70 years, 1827 South Thirteenth street; suicide.
John Kalooshy, 31 years, 1209 Geyer avenue; consumption.
July Randall, 3 years, 4428 Hunt avenue; croup.
Ellen McGrath, 58 years, 147 Convent street; pneumonia.
Kate Price, 13 years, 2586 Montgomery street; consumption.
John Jarzembek, 3 years, 1411 North Eighth street; bronchitis.
Lillie Boiard, 2 years, 2815 Scott avenue; diphtheria.
Thomas O'Brien, 25 years, St. John's Hospital; alcoholism.
Lena Schlisinger, 35 years, 2427 South Second street; pnemonia.
William Housel, 47 years, Insane Asylum; cerebral apoplexy.
Jeremiah Sullivan, 38 years, St. Louis Hospital; cancer of liver.
Jennie Brown, 32 years, 1121 North Twelfth street; asthma.
Louise Hummert, 56 years, 1512 Cass avenue; pneumonia.
Arthur Weeks, 3 years, 1312 St. Louis avenue; measles.
Katherine Hasker, 82 years, 2910 North Broadway; senile debility.
Edward Smith, 8 months, 1906 Lafayette avenue; whooping cough.
Charlotte E. Moody, 27 years, 1928 Gratiot street; blood poisoning.
Thos. W. Belt, 58 years, Alexian Brothers' Hospital; hepatitis.
Ellen Woodruff, 62 years, 2621 Russell avenue; laparotomy.
Robert R. Keys, 41 years, City Hospital; pneumonia.
Mary Schweitzer, 56 years, Edward street and Bishop avenue; consumption.
Alexander N. Johnson, 3 years, 1023 Pendleton avenue; cerebral meningitis.
Annie King, 28 years, Female Hospital; blood poisoning.
John W. Nichols, 9 months, 7729 Ivory avenue; congestion of lungs.
Isabella F. Vittinghoff, 29 years, 1454 Clinton street; congestion of brain.
Mary Tucker, 44 years, 1409 North Tenth street; consumption.
Emily Fuerborn, 25 years, 1422 Biddle street; puerperal fever.
Cora K. Kahlert, 2 years, 1332 South Third street; bronchitis.

Ho! All Ye That Hunger.
Morris' Restaurant and Dairy Lunch Rooms, 1008 Olive street. Popular prices. Open Sundays.

GRAIN EXPERTS GLOOMY.

SAD CONDITION OF AFFAIRS IN THE STATE INSPECTOR'S DEPARTMENT.

Revenues to Be Reduced, Necessitating Wholesale Discharges—O'Shea's Experiences With Kansas City Wheat—A Vain Appeal to St. Louis.

The difficulties in which the State grain inspectors have been involved for some time past seem to be on the increase, and the complaints are daily becoming more frequent. The amount of grain—which has been graded as No. 2 red in Kansas City and as hard wheat here—has been increased to about eighty carloads, and it is confidently expected that an appeal to the latter grading will be sustained in the main. Some of the wheat concerning which there is a dispute may be classed as No. 3, but it is not considered likely that any will pass here as No. 2. This is a more serious matter to the State inspectors than one not acquainted with the situation would realize.

KANSAS HARD WHEAT.

Not only is the inspection discredited, but a source of income which had been counted upon with confidence has been most seriously diminished. When Chief Expert O'Shea took charge he recognized the fact that unless some addition could be made to the inspection fees, that a number of the force under his control would have to be discharged. As most of the assistants were appointed for political reasons, the advisability of avoiding such a course is apparent. The story is told, and generally believed on 'Change, that when endeavoring to obtain his present office O'Shea sought the aid of the Kansas City shippers. Kansas City had been bitterly opposed to the system of State inspection as administered by Burks, and the leading shippers and elevator men were at first not inclined to look upon his chief deputy with any degree of favor. Suddenly their attitude underwent a complete alteration. All became warm advocates of O'Shea, and without their influence it is unlikely that he could have been confirmed in the office that he now holds. Shortly after he took charge of affairs a marked change was observed in the character of the inspection. Under Burks it had been bad enough, and wheat that had always before been considered as No. 3 came in as No. 2, but the O'Shea inspection, while better in this respect than that of his predecessor in office, was singularly favorable to the Kansas hard wheat district. A very small amount of good wheat mixed with the hard seemed to be sufficient to secure its grading as No. 2. There was also observable a large increase in the shipments from Kansas City, and it has been freely asserted that an agreement was made between the Kansas City shippers and the chief inspector that in return for the support of the former, the latter would be very generous in judging of the quality of hard wheat.

A TEMPORARY ADVANTAGE.

To have their hard wheat graded as No. 2 red in a market with such a reputation for grades as St. Louis would be a Godsend to Kansas City, and wheat dealers were not slow to take advantage of the opportunity. Hard wheat that had previously been sent to Chicago was shipped to this city, graded as No. 2 and fees collected. For a short time the business was flourishing. Kansas City received wheat from districts that had previously dealt directly with Chicago, and the shipments to St. Louis not only largely increased in quantity, but were of so much higher grade than usual that the uninitiated were inclined to believe that the farms in that vincinty had improved in a phenomenal manner. But this was soon stopped, millers would not purchase unless assured by the seller that no hard wheat was contained in the grain sold. Appeals were taken and decided against the inspectors, and protests were received from all parts of the farming districts against a system that favored Kansas at the expense of Missouri.

INSPECTORS AT ODDS.

These causes led to a breach between the Kansas City and St. Louis inspectors. Wheat passed by the former as No. 2 was graded as hard wheat on arriving in this city. The reason given for this is that a better inspection was necessary in order to prevent all wheat from being sent east of the river. The Kansas City shippers were indignant at the course of the St. Louis inspectors, and demanded that they conform their rulings to those of the experts stationed in the former place. Threats of lawsuits prevented this from being done, and the breach between the two branches was complete. The passage of the grain inspection law by Kansas gave the Kansas City receivers a chance to retaliate, and they now declare that as far as possible they will handle their grain in Kansas City, Kan., thus preventing the Missouri inspectors from collecting the fees. This charge, coupled with the movement of grain to East St. Louis, will most seriously cripple the Missouri inspectors, as after April 1 they can draw no fees from Kansas City, Kan. Unless something is done the force at Kansas City will have to be cut down to one, or at most two men, while the inspection and clerical force here will be reduced by more than 50 per cent.

A DESPERATE REMEDY.

If the East Side inspection could be secured by O'Shea this might be avoided, and it is the belief of those acquainted with the situation that a desperate attempt will be made to secure this. Yesterday three or four prominent members of the Merchants' Exchange were approached by men not connected with the State inspection, but who were known to be friendly to it, with the purpose of ascertaining whether in return for a practical control of the appointments of inspectors in this city the Board of Directors would be willing to authorize State inspection on the East side. The replies received were not encouraging. Although the disadvantages of a double inspection are recognized, receivers are not willing to allow the control of the appointment of inspectors on the East side to pass out of their hands, remembering their narrow escape when Burks was offered the control of this branch of the inspection, on condition that he secured the services of certain men, which he at first agreed to, and at the last moment failed to carry out his agreement. The Board of Directors of the Merchants' Exchange is therefore very unlikely to help expert O'Shea out of the difficulties in which he is involved, and it is reasonably certain that April 1 will be celebrated as headsman's day in the office of the Chief Grain Inspector.

Try the
Budweiser Restaurant, Sixth and Locust.
All the delicacies of the season.

CHARGES OF CABMEN.

Miss Craighead of Fulton, Mo., Charged $8 for a Thirty Minutes Ride.

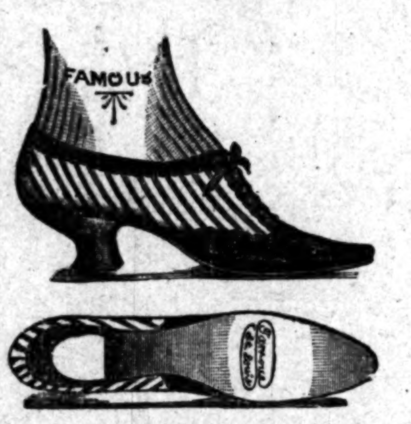
The sad need of a law regulating the charges of hackmen in this city was demonstrated by a case tried before Judge Cady in the First District Police Court. Last Monday evening Miss R. Craighead arrived in the city from Fulton, Mo., at 6:45 p. m. and took a cab, asking the driver to take her to the Jackson Hotel. After driving around for some time, Arthur McFall, one of the cabmen, said he could not find that hotel, but would take her to some private place. Miss Craighead then asked to be taken to Hotel Barnum, which was done. She was charged $8 for the service, which had not required more than thirty minutes. A warrant was issued for McFall and Bert Pelkey, but owing to the absence of any law a conviction was an impossibility. Judge Cady, in giving his decision, deplored the absence of a statute under which he could fine the men, saying that the charge made was exorbitant.

Several citizens have interested themselves in the case, as they say that letting these men off without punishment establishes a dangerous precedent. The law establishing the fee to be exacted by hackmen and coachmen was revised in such a way that an action under it cannot be sustained.

THE LITTLE FOLKS!

ABSORB A LARGE SHARE OF OUR ATTENTION.
We show for their special use all the Novelties for Spring Wear in
KILTS AND JERSEY SUITS!
Kilts, $2.50 to $8.50. Jerseys, $3.50 to $7.50.
ASK TO SEE OUR CELEBRATED
London Fashion FAMOUS ST. LOUIS TRADE MARK
"EIFFEL TOWER" BRAND,
Which Guarantees Perfection in Fit, Style and Fabric.
You will find our line of Confirmation Suits, the Most Extensive in the City.
Easter Novelties in Boys' Clothing.
FAMOUS SHOE AND CLOTHING CO.,
Broadway and Morgan.
Send for Illustrated Catalogue. Open Till 10 p. m. Saturdays.

OUR OWN IMPORTATIONS!
☞ Vienna Direct.
LADIES'
Oxfords, Low Shoes and Slippers,
In bronze, black, cardinal and colors to match costumes.
Exclusive handlers of these choice and elegant styles in St. Louis.



GENTS' SPRING STYLES,
A MAGNIFICENT ASSORTMENT.
Famous Shoe Dep't
Broadway and Morgan.

March 27, 1891.
A Mother
STRUCK THE
Keynote

WHEN she said: "I don't have to begin sewing up seams and on buttons the next day when I buy the Browning-King clothing." Not only that, but mothers who buy the Browning-King clothing find there is service in it. Its *good* appearance is backed by *good* quality, thus making its good appearance long continued. Remember, we make in our own factory the Children's and Boys' Clothing we sell, and bestow as much care on its construction as we do on our men's wear.

Boys are rough on clothing and it must be made of the right material and in the right manner to stand the racket. We make ours to stand the racket and be nice too. Mothers will find satisfaction and economy also in buying our clothing. Our spring styles are elegant, in handsome patterns and nice shapes. Come see them.

Browning,
King & Co.,
Cor. Broadway and Pine St.

AWARDED HIGHEST PRIZE
PARIS EXPOSITION 1889.
SCHOLTEN
ARTIST & PHOTOGRAPHER
OPP. EXPOSITION
1312-1314 OLIVE ST.

CHANGED HIS RELIGION.

George Parsons Lathrop Tells Why He Became a Catholic.

BOSTON, Mass., March 27.—George Parsons Lathrop, the noted writer, and his wife, the daughter of the late Nathaniel Hawthorne, as was announced in last night's POST-DISPATCH, have entered the Catholic Church. In a letter to James Jeffrey Roche, the editor of the *Pilot*, Mr. Lathrop says:

> No one ever suggested my becoming a Catholic, or tried to persuade me, although a number of my friends were Catholics. The attempt to inform myself about the church began with the same impartiality, the same candor and receptiveness that I should use towards any other subject upon which I honestly desired to form a just conclusion. Notwithstanding that education had surrounded me with prejudice, my mind was convinced as to the truth, the validity and the supremacy of the Roman Catholic Church by the clear and comprehensive reasoning on which it is based. And while the reasoning of other religious organizations continually shift and waver, leaving their adherents, as we now see almost every day, to fall into rationalism and agnostic denial, the reasoning of the church, I found, led directly into sublime and inspiring faith. This union of solid reasoning and luminous faith I cannot discover elsewhere. In carefully examining the matter I observed that expositions of the doctrine were presented by the church in a positive manner, with a confident appeal to the intellect, and her replies to attacks made by adversaries impressed me as remarkably calm, thorough, free from malice or abuse, and imbued with a profound spirituality, strongly contrasting, as I hardly need remind you, with the prevailing tone of those who resist or disparage her divine claims.
>
> The Church revealed itself to me as decidedly liberal and gentle to all mankind, thus worthily justifying in my estimation, those titles of Catholic and Mother Church by which she has always been known. Moreover, the present activity and incessant spirituality of the Church does not stop short with this life or end in that pagan acceptance of death as an impassable barrier which one meets with in Protestant denominations. It links together religious souls of all periods, whether now on earth or in the world beyond, by a communion which is constant and transcends time. Those with whom our mundane lives have been joined in bonds of personal affection, or by the higher interests of the spirit—those whose visible presence death has taken from us for a time—do not cease in the Catholic Church to be still with us in heart and soul. Neither, in this communion, are the saints forgotten merely because their human careers were ended long before our day. The Church retains all, living or dead, in a great company which connects earth with heaven at every moment. This is what one might naturally expect if Christianity and the spiritual are supreme.

To-Day and To-Morrow
Do not fail to see the wonderfully beautiful silverware opening at Mermod & Jaccard's, Broadway and Locust.

Windom's Will.

NEW YORK, March 27.—The will of the late Secretary William Windom was in court here yesterday, Judge Black of the Probate Court of Winona County, Minn., having ordered that testimony to prove it be taken in this city. The estate is left intact to the widow and three children.

10,000 Pairs Boys' Pants
To select from, 19c to $5.
GLOBE, 703 to 713 Franklin avenue.

AFFAIRS IN ILLINOIS.

Notes of Interest From Various Cities in the State.

JERSEYVILLE, Ill., March 27.—Will Clark and Otto Eck left for Denver Tuesday night for a prospecting trip. Hon. Nat C. Dryden of Mexico, Mo., has been attending court here this week. Miss Harriet Bridges and Miss Sharis left for Ottawa, Kan., the latter's home, Tuesday night. Mayor J. M. Page and H. O. Goodrich were in Springfield Wednesday. Maj. O. A. Snedeker and wife visited in Plainview this week. Miss Capitola Davis of Hardin, Ill., is visiting friends here. Frank Embly, C. & A. operator at Alton, is at his home in this city sick, but is reported improving now. Miss Arabel English of Carrollton was visiting at the residence of J. N. English in this city last week. Miss Mollie Richards left for her home in Missouri Thursday morning after a short visit to her brother, Will Richards, in this place. Mrs. Gussie Egelhoff is home from California after a two months' visit. L. C. Adams of East St. Louis spent Sunday with his parents near this city. Jake Wiseman Sundayed in Kane, Ill. George Cockrell has gone to Nebraska, where it is reported he will locate permanently. D. J. Murphy attended the Palmer jollification at Springfield Wednesday.

FROM M'LEANSBORO.

MCLEANSBORO, March 27.—The annual session of Hamilton County Sunday-school convention closed last night. The attendance was small. Prof. H. M. Hamill from Chicago conducted the exercises, and gave several fine lessons in Sunday-school work. Ex-Congressman R. G. Hore will lecture at Shoemaker's Hall to-morrow night, this being the fourth of a series of five entertainments secured by the citizens of this city last fall. Special Easter services will be held at St. James' Episcopal Church on next Sunday, Rev. Podmore of Mount Vernon officiating. Mrs. Vielie and Mrs. Baker of Evansville, Ind., are guests of Mrs. S. J. Poke this week. Robert Gray of Flora, Ill., special agent for the American Central Insurance Co. of St. Louis, was here yesterday in the interest of his company, as was also Mr. R. N. Jessup of Fairfield, Ill., connected with the Phœnix Insurance Co. of New York.

MASCOUTAH MATTERS.

MASCOUTAH, Ill., March 26.—Hon. Joseph W. Penn of Belleville, was in the city to-day. Miss Anna Gundalack of St. Louis, visited Miss Julia Postel last week. Special Easter services will be held in all of the churches here Sunday. Editor Montag and Mr. Christ Lischer are opposing candidates for the office of City clerk. The Musical Union will give a concert at the Opera-house Monday evening. After the enactment of the programme there will be a social hop. The Social Socratic Society will hold a public meeting Saturday evening. Mr. Joseph Cramer and Miss Alice Swimeyer of St. Liboy, were married at that place yesterday. The city election will be held on Tuesday, April 21. William Eaton the young man who was struck and fatally injured by a freight train near here last Sunday, died Tuesday. The funeral was held at New Memphis yesterday.

Brain Workers
Use Horsford's Acid Phosphate.
Dr. C. H. GOODMAN, St. Louis, Mo., says "*Have used it for several years with especially good results in nervous prostration, the result of mental efforts, also in sleepless conditions of brain workers.*"

Evading the Iowa Liquor Law.

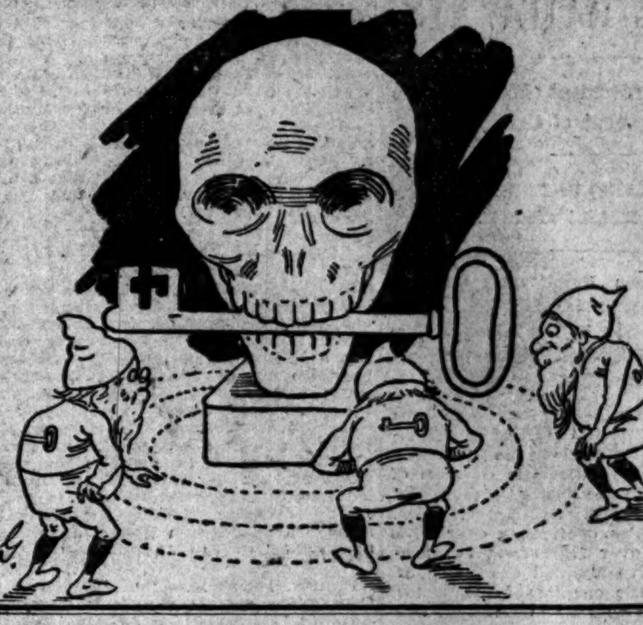
CHICAGO, Ill., March 27.—A special dispatch from Barnium, Io., says: Two saloon keepers have a new scheme for evading the liquor law. During the holidays they had constructed a saloon building in sections so that it could be taken apart and stored away. Recently the District Court granted an injunction against the saloon and the other night the proprietors took down their building and stored it away in a warehouse so that when the Sheriff of Webster County comes to serve the injunction he will find no saloon.

Oh, What a Fool!
For paying $50 for his suit made to order. Finest Baltimore Merchant Tailor Prince Alberts, cutaways and sacks, all the latest fads, $12.50 to $25, worth double.
GLOBE, 703 to 713 Franklin avenue.

Taken to Penitentiary.

Three prisoners, recently elected from the Criminal Court to serve time in the penitentiary, were taken to Jefferson City to-day. Hampdon Henry will do two years for grand larceny; Thomas Murphy, two years for grand larceny, and Thos. Taylor, eight years for burglary in the first degree and larceny. Taylor has served two terms at the institution. Deputy Sheriff Skidmore accompanied the delegation.

Dr. Price's Baking Cream Powder.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.



HUMPHREY'S.
St. Louis, Mar. 27, '91
The indications for St. Louis today are fair; stationary temperature.
SPRING OVERCOATS!
Beautiful Styles,
$15, $18, $20, $22, $25, $30 and $35.
F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.,
Broadway and Pine.

Swope's
NEW
Spring and Summer Catalogue
—OF—
LATEST STYLE FOOTWEAR,
With illustrations and prices, is about ready for distribution.
MAILED FREE TO PATRONS OUT OF THE CITY ON APPLICATION.

Directly Opposite Post-Office.
PREPARE YOURSELF
With the necessary coin, for we are going to hold out extraordinary inducements to you in the way of ARTISTIC WEARING APPAREL. Our prices on them will be the means of making you forsake all classes of the merchant tailoring trade.
$12 A SACK SUIT. For a Suit Measured to Order for $30. A CUTAWAY SUIT. $12
$15 A SACK SUIT. For a Suit Measured to Order for $35. A CUTAWAY SUIT. $15
$20 SACK AND CUTAWAY SUIT. For a Suit Measured to Order for $45. PRINCE ALBERTS. $20
Any $ 6.00 Merchant Tailor Made Pants for $2.50
Any $ 7.00 Merchant Tailor Made Pants for $3.00
Any $ 8.00 Merchant Tailor Made Pants for $3.50
Any $10.00 Merchant Tailor Made Pants for $4.50
Any $12.00 Merchant Tailor Made Pants for $5.00
Any $15.00 Merchant Tailor Made Pants for $6.00
Open evenings till 9; Saturdays till 11. All alterations to perfect a fit free of charge. Mail orders will receive prompt attention.
Misfit Clothing Parlors
808 OLIVE ST.
FAGIN BUILDING OPPOSITE POST OFFICE
808 OLIVE ST.
Directly Opposite Post-Office.
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SEEDS FOR THE GARDEN, FARM & FIELD
ALL KINDS
RELIABLE
—AND—
TRUE TO NAME.
GRASS SEEDS FOR YOUR LAWNS.
P. S. CO.'S FINEST MIXTURE, the best you can use.
PURE KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS and all other kinds suitable for LAWNS. Also FERTILIZERS.
PLANT SEED CO.,
812 and 814 North Fourth Street, Between Morgan and Franklin Av., ST. LOUIS.

The Latest Invention in Eye-Glasses
We are the only makers in the world of the
PURE ALLUMINUM EYE-GLASS FRAME
No weight, no rusting, no breaking, and fitted with Aloe's Perfected Lenses, which are unequaled. To be had only at
A. S. Aloe & Co.'s,
Opticians, 415 North Broadway.

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—HEADACHE—
POWDERS
CURE Sick . . . Billious . . . Nervous . . . Periodical Intemperate
HEADACHES
Neither a Cathartic Nor an Opiate. Absolutely Harmless Positively the BEST. Price 25c. per box.
HOFFMAN'S HARMLESS LIVER PILLS
THE BEST CATHARTIC TO TAKE WITH THE POWDERS.

BIG G
Cures in 1 TO 5 DAYS. Guaranteed not to cause Stricture.
Mf'd only by The Evans Chemical Co. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.
Big G is the acknowledged leading remedy for all the unnatural discharges and private diseases of men. A certain cure for the debilitating weakness peculiar to women.
I prescribe it and feel safe in recommending it to all sufferers.
A. J. STONER, M.D., Decatur, Ill.
Sold by Druggists.
PRICE $1.00.

DRUNKENNESS
LIQUOR HABIT.
IN ALL THE WORLD THERE IS BUT ONE CURE
DR. HAINES' GOLDEN SPECIFIC.
It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea, or in articles of food, without the knowledge of the patient, if necessary. It is absolutely harmless and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. IT NEVER FAILS. It operates so quietly and with such certainty that the patient undergoes no inconvenience, and ere he is aware, his complete reformation is effected. 48 page book free. To be had of
M. W. Alexander, Broadway and Olive st.; Fres & Buf, 7th and Olive sts.; Wolff-Wilson Drug Co., 6th and Washington av., and all wholesale druggists.

Crossman's Specific Mixture.
With this remedy persons can cure themselves without the least exposure, change of diet, or change in application to business. The medicine contains nothing that is of the least injury to the constitution. Ask your druggist for it. Price $1 a bottle.